THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
PUBLISHED DAILY BY
HE PITTSBURGH NEWSPAPER AND PRINTING COMPANY.

Office, 76 Fifth Street,
(OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.)

C. D. BRIGHAM.......................Editor
R. D. THOMPSON..........Business Manager.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:
ngle Copy.................5 Cents.
Delivered by Carrier, (per week,)..........25 Cents.
Mail Subscribers, (per year).............$10 00
Address THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. III. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1865. NO. 48.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE
AND VALUABLE READING
FOR THE FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
Per Year, (52 issues,)..........$1 50
In Clubs of Twenty..........1 00

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
121 Water street,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL SIZES OF
MERCHANT BAR IRON,
Of the "Sligo" & "Tyrone" brands.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 145 3-4.

CITY ITEMS.

Bates & Bell's

For Silks.

Remember

McClarran's drug store 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

Shawls and Cloaks.

21 Fifth street.

The Fenians

Are creating quite a noise about the "Ould Country." Why don't they call at Pittock's, where they can be only satisfied.

21 Fifth Street,

For Cloaks and Mantillas.

Pittock

Sells Albums, Gold Pens, Pocket Books, and Pen Knives, cheaper than any house in the city. You can get a splendid photograph of Adams and Zoe at Pittock's

Leader.

See it on Sunday.

Harper's,

Leslie, Independent, and Police Gazette for this week, and all the November Monthlies at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice.

For fifty cents you can buy a $2 book at Pittock's.

Silks,

At low prices, 21 Fifth street.

Perfumery and Toilet Articles.

Ladies and gents desirous of obtaining fine and reliable articles in the above line, should keep in mind McClarran's Drug store as the leading establishment, the house that has the largest stock and finest assortment to be found in the city. Remember the No. 85 Market street, near Fifth.

Bargains in Pianos, &c.

For Sale—A splendid seven octave Rosewood Piano, beautiful rosewood case, made by Weber; used three months for sale at $125, less than New York prices. Second-hand Pianos at $225, $150, $130, $100, $120. Also two second-hand Melodeons, five octaves, for sale at Mellor's Music Rooms, 81 Wood street.

Remember

That at South & Ross', 63 Market street, you can be furnished with boots and shoes of the best workmanship and latest styles, at the lowest figures. Their work is warranted, and when they say this they mean what they say. Persons desirous of purchasing a pair of boots or shoes worth the money they pay would do well to give them a call, Remember the place, No. 63 Market street.

Domestics,

At Bates & Bell's, 21 Fifth street.

Wanted.

A man of some experience, active and sharp, to travel and solicit business. A liberal percentage upon all business secured will be given, and a man of the right stripe may control a handsome income by proper exertion. Address Z, Commercial office.

Blankets,

At No. 21 Fifth street.

Clothing

For the approaching winter. Overcoats $30. Business suits ready made of home and Eastern manufacture. Wm. Ladley & Co., 52 St. Clair street. See advertisement in another column.

Bates & Bell,

21 Fifth street.

Great Bargains

In Hats, Caps and Ladies' furs, at the extensive and popular hat, cap and ladies fur house of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. All the latest styles of ladies' furs, ladies' fur hoods and skating caps, gents' fur caps collars and gloves.

Get

The Sunday Leader.

Stationery.

The best at Pittock's.
All of Dawley's cheap Books at Pittock's.
Steel Engravings cheap at Pittock's.

Postoffice,

Opposite Pittock's.

Vocal Concert.

The pupils of Mr. Tetedoux will give a concert on the 13th of this month, as may be seen in one of our columns. The announcement will be welcomed by the friends of music, as these concerts make always an epoch in our musical season.

Rheumatism Conquered

By Johnson's Rheumatic Compound. Messrs. R. E. Sellers & Co.—This is to certify that for the last sixteen years I have been severely afflicted with rheumatism, often confined to my house and even unable to walk. Being in the postoffice about two months ago, Mr. Clark observed my crippled condition, and urged me to try a bottle of Johnson's Rheumatic Compobnd. I followed his advice, and now by the blessing of God and the use of half a bottle of your compound, I am free from all symptoms of rheumatism, and can walk without the aid of my staff, as well as ever. James McDowell, Tarentum, October 25, 1865.

I have known Mr. McDowell for a number of years, and do not hesitate to vouch for the truth of the above statement. James Clark, Postmaster.

An Extensive Operation

In Dry Goods.—It is reported that extensive purchases have been made in the East by one of our city firms at prices so much below regular rates as to enable them to greatly undersell all competitors, and that the goods will be put upon the market in our city, both at wholesale and retail next week by special sale. The purchase embraces almost if not quite everything in the Dress Goods line. Silks, Merinos, Poplins, Repps, Paramettas, and some fifty other kinds of dress goods. We have had many important sales in our city, but this one will doubtless surpass them all. We are not authorized to say anything farther at present than that all the details of the sale will be made known in good time in our advertisidg columns, so that all our readers, those residing at a distance, both wholesale and retail buyers, will have time given to improve this most desirable opportunity.

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

NEW JERSEY.—It is said that the Union State Committee of New Jersey, after a careful canvass of every locality, feel assured of the election of Marcus L. Ward as Governor, as well as a Union majority in the new Legislature.

◆

THE New York *Commercial* says: "Born to differ, it is not to be expected that Wendell Phillips will ever occupy a platform on any public question broad enough to hold a second person."

◆

A RICHMOND paper gives as the material of some of the modern poetry the following: 200 loud-mouthed cannon; 2,500 whistling bullets; 150 pounds glistening steel; 2 tons of battle-field smoke; 500 prancing and neighing steeds; 300 beautiful maidens, assorted; 250 gallant youths; 10 broken hearts; 75 raven tresses, various lengths; 50 auburn tresses, various lengths; 175 stars, twinkling and blinking; 120 blue eyes, finest quality; 100 black eyes, of uncommon brightness; 1 hogshead of tears; 1,000 sighs, deep and affecting; 10 dozen gleaming swords; 110 waving flags and streaming banners; 1 idea, supposed to be new; 1 grain common sense.

◆

MISSISSIPPI.—The *Mississippian*, of the 25th, says, Senator elect Alcorn made a speech in the Representative Hall, the other day, to the members, in which he declared his coincidence with his colleague, Sharkey, in the opinion that the new provisions of the State Constitution secure to the freedmen the right to testify and be a party in suits with or between white men, and that the laws proposed by the Convention's commission of jurists also provided for this. The *Mississippian* believes that the Legislature will accede to it, and thus do away with the continuance of the Freedmen's Bureau in that State.

◆

HERE is an economical suggestion for our rural readers: "Old boot legs are worth very little as mending material. The best use that I have found for them is to cut the legs low down, draw the legs on, put on your shoes, letting the legs come low down over the shoes. If plowing, or walking through mud, wet grass, etc., put on your pants inside, and the leggings will answer as well as a pair of boots entire, and cost about half as much."

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

GREAT FIRE IN MEADVILLE,

Huidekoper's Woolen Factory in Ruins.

SEVERAL FRAME TENEMENTS DESTROYED.

Thirty Families Made Houseless.

Loss from $75,000 to $100,000.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

MEADVILLE, November 3.

About eleven o'clock last night the alarm of fire was raised in this place. Huidekoper's Woolen Factory was discovered to be in flames, and, although the fire engines were on hand promptly, the fire had gained so strong a footing that they were powerless to arrest its progress. Every effort was made to save the building and its contents, but the flames advanced so rapidly that those engaged in the work of removing articles were driven away. In less than half an hour the building was a sheet of flames, and the heat became so intense that the firemen were compelled to seek another position.

In a short time the flames cammunicated with the long frame tenement block on the West and the house of James Douglass on the East. By superhuman efforts the fire was prevented extending beyond the Douglass House, although the building was rendered almost a wreck. The entire tenement house was soon in flames and presented a grand and awful spectacle. The most the engines could do was to prevent the fire from speading to other buildings.

As we write, the factory and the long row of three story wooden buildings on the west to Second street are reduced to ruins. The loss falls very heavy on Messrs. H. S. & F. W. Huidekoper, but not so fearfully as on the twenty or thirty families who are rendered homeless.

Loss estimated at $75,000 to $100,000.

FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE JAVA.

Reconstruction of the Ministry.

BURIAL OF LORD PALMERSTON.

International Conference Suggested.

Cholera Disappearing from Madrid.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The steamer Java, from Queenstown on the 22d ult., has arrived.

The *Globe* announces that Earl Russell has undertaken the duty of re-forming the Cabinet. A council was called for the 26th inst.

The *Daily News* says: It is everywhere assumed that the administration can only be reconstructed to the extent necessitated by the appointment of a premier.

The *Daily News*: No liberal ministry is possible without Gladstone. Any Peer can lead the Lords, but the question is, who shall lead Commons.

Lord Palmerston would be buried quite privately at Romney on the 24th. The journals continue to lament his loss.

The *Daily News* says: The reported ultimatum from Seward, had dwindled down to a statement that Seward had written to Bigelow, expressing the desire of the American Government to remain at peace with the world, but intimating it feared Congress would demand extreme measures, if additional troops were sent to Mexico.

The *Patrie* says: Bigelow abstained necessarily from reflections upon French intervention upon his interview, but that is unimportant, as the plan has been given up.

Most of the European Governments have given their assent to an international conference to take measures to prevent the spread of the cholera.

Paris Bourse firm.

Prussia and Austria addressed a note to the Senate at Freetown, Frankfort, in reference to a late meeting of delegates from the German Diet, threatening force if remonstrance is insufficient.

The cholera has almost disappeared from Madrid.

The tone of the money market is more favorable.

LONDON, October 22.—The *Globe* says that it is not in a position to state the precise character of the ministerial arrangements, but that no obstacles prevail in regard to them, and that a satisfactory formation of the ministry is expected.

The *Observer* says that nothing definite will transpire until after Lord Palmerston's funeral. As little change as possible will be made, at least before the meeting of Parliament.

The Paris Bourse closed firm yesterday, at 67f. 97c for rentes.

It is stated that the Papal Minister of War has not resigned, but has obtained a leave of absence.

It is reported that the Papal army is much disorganized.

The *Gazette's* correspondence of October 20th, says that the Pope has resolved to establish in England a second Archbishop, of which the See will be either at Liverpool or Birmingham.

Oil Intelligence.

BIG STRIKE ON HORSENECK.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

MARIETTA, November 3, 1865.

Herbert's new well on Horseneck creek is now pumping over four hundred barrels per day, and steadily increasing. The oil is 40 gravity.

D. C. H.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Terrible Effects of the Recent Gale—Large Number of Vessels Lost.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2.—Arrived the Jura, Thursday, from New York. She fell in on the 27th, eighty-seven miles east of Beaufort, with the steamer Chase from New York to Savannah. The ensign was Union down, and was hoisted by the Purser while the Captain was below. The Chase met a heavy gale on the 23d. The hull was full of water, the fires put out and the engines stopped. The passengers bailed her. The captain reported her tight and sound, with plenty of coal and provisions. Between Jupiter Inlet and Cape Florida she picked up in a small boat, Capt. Appleman and four of the crew.

The schooner Minerva, of Mystic, for Key West, was lost in a heavy gale on the 23d, off Jupiter. From Hillsboro inlet to Solboro lighthouse, the Fung Shuey passed ashore with masts standing, one hundred and thirty-two brigs, one ship, and the wrecks of five vessels sunk and dismasted. Capt. Appleman reports that, whilst at Jupiter, he saw a propellor towing a dismasted brig. Large quantities of steamboat cabin furniture had floated ashore. A large black ship, with cotton, went ashore on Grecian shoals, surrounded by wrecks.

The Hermann and Livingston brought part of the crew. The barks John Wesley and Caroline, N. E. Smith, and Wesley, hence for Liverpool, went ashore one hundred and fifty miles from Key West. The officers and crew were taken up. The N. E. Smith was from Mobile for Liverpool, and went ashore on French Reef, forty miles west of Key West. One of the boat's crew of nine men reached Key West. The Captain and the rest of the crew were safe when the boat's crew left, but nothing has been heard or them since.

The British ship Mercy, from Honduras, went ashore two hundred miles north of Key West. Four of the crew have been picked up in a dying condition. The Captain and crew had taken to the boats and rafts. Nothing had been heard of them when the Livingston left Key West.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, November 1.—The Fifth Regulars of the United States army have relieved the Third Pennsylvania Artillery on garrison duty at this post.

The United States sloop-of-war Tuscarora arrived this morning, to join the fleet for San Francisco. She is expected to sail as soon as the weather permits.

South Carolina Legislature.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 2.—The Legislature will continue in session until the middle of December.

Steamer Baltimore Disabled.

FORTRESS MONROE, November 3.—The steamer Baltimore, from New York to Washington, was towed in from Cape Henry to-day. She was disabled by the breaking of her propeller.

Newspaper Libel Case.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Max Maretzek recently preferred charges against Wm. Caldwell and Horace D. Whitney, editors of the New York *Sunday Mercury*, for publishing malicious libels. Yesterday these gentlemen were arrested and gave bail in $5,000 each to appear before the Court of Sessions, and were discharged.

Highly Interesting.

General Longstreet in New York—Activity Among the Fenians—Meeting of the New York Health Commissioners—Rigid Quarantine Regulations to be Adopted—The Cholera on the Steamer Atlanta—Naval School at Annapolis—Resumption of Mail Service in the South—Rents in Washington—Change in Railroad Time Tables—Investigation of the St. John's Steamboat Disaster—A Defect in the Boiler the Cause.

NEW YORK, November 3.—General Longstreet arrived in this city yesterday, and is stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Major General Hooker has reduced his staff, in compliance to recent orders from the War Department.

The bustle and activity at the Fenian headquarters in this city still continues. The rooms are constantly crowded. A report says the brotherhood has reached a state of perfect organization. Every possible precaution is taken to keep the deliberations of the Senate secret. Armed sentinels are stationed at the entrance to the room occupied as headquarters.

Secretary Welles will urge in his report some Congressional enactment for the promotion of meritorious naval apprentices.

A special meeting of the Health Commissioners was held at noon to-day, in consequence of the reported presence of cholera. The committee appointed at the last meeting to draft a memorial petitioning the General Government for the use of lands at Sandy Hook for quarantine, represent the necessity of rigid quarantine in several of the ports of the country to guard against the introduction of cholera, and that the authorities of New York are without proper place to establish quarantine to meet the anticipated emergency. In this dilemma, they earnestly request the General Government to grant, for temporary quarantine ground, so much of the lands as shall be necessary now owned by the Government at Sandy Hook. The memorial was adopted. Drs. Sayre and Ereson, and the Mayor of Cleveland, were appointed a committee to proceed to Washington and lay the matter before the Government.

The ship Rhine, from London, had no cases of cholera.

A special to the *Commercial* says: The plan for funding the national debt at 5½ per cent. interest is under the consideration of the Treasury Department. The report that the President had withdrawn the Government advertising from the *National Republican* is denied in that paper.

Of the scourge on board the Atlanta, the *Commercial* says: Though the disease has been imported to our shores at this time, we do not think that any special alarm need be felt at present. It behooves us to prepare immediately for the reception of this scourge. Not a day is to be lost.

The *Commercial's* Washington correspondent says: Admiral Porter is now at the head of the Naval Academy, re-establishing that institution at Annapolis. The class just entering numbers one hundred and twenty-five middies.

The re-establishment of Southern postoffices and routes draws largely upon the Postoffice funds, as it is not expected that these postoffices will be self-sustaining. The Department will again have to receive appropriations from the public Treasury. To make the Department self-sustaining, the Postmaster General is understood to favor the abolition of the franking privilege.

The demand for dwelling houses in Washington is unprecedented. Fabulous rents are asked and paid.

There will be changes in the time tables of the Hudson river railroad and Harlem railroad on Monday, Nov. 6.

Last Monday, Messrs. John M. Weeks and Joel W. Hopper, steamboat inspectors, took measures to investigate the case of the St. John's explosion. They visited and saw at once that the cause of the explosion was a defect in the iron near the point where the flange was turned. The defect must have been imperceptible at the time when the Government inspection was made.

Mr. Joel Wright, Second engineer of the St. John, testified that there was about twenty-eight pounds of steam in the boiler. He had never discovered indications of weakness in the boiler. He saw no one asleep in the engine room.

The foreman at the Ship Boiler Works, who has been in the business twenty years, testified that he examined the exploded boiler. He would consider the boiler well built, and thinks the boiler safe at four hundred pounds of steam. Wm. Fletcher examined the boiler. He thinks the cause of the explosion was the continual working of the iron, from expansion and contraction, or continued pulsation on that part of the boiler. He does not think there was any original defect in the iron. He thinks there was plenty of water in the boiler at the time of the explosion. The Chief Engineer of the St. John, Jas. Hook, was off watch at the time of the explosion. On the morning of the explosion, soon after one o'clock he left about seventy-five pounds of steam on when she went off. The boilers were contracted for in 1864, and put in in February, 1865. The boilers were built under his supervision, and he thought properly constructed. He thinks the explosion occurred by continual pulsation of the boiler in that part occasioned by the continual relieving of the boiler from pressure taking steam in the cylinder.

Other testimony was taken and the investigation is being continued. The conclusions are that the explosion was caused by a defect in the boiler.

Mississippi Legislature.

JACKSON, MISS., November 2.—The bill to abolish the Special Court of Equity, established by Provisional Governor Sharkey, passed the House over the Governor's veto, and will pass the Senate.

Cholera on the Steamer Atlanta.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Dr. Burdett, quarantine surgeon, reports that fifteen deaths by cholera out of fifty or sixty cases, on board the schooner Atlanta, occurred on the passage from Brest. There were also a few cases of small pox on board of the steamer Atlanta.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION—UNION GAINS AND LOSSES.

Hon. JOHN CESSNA, Chairman of the Union State Central Committee, furnishes the Harrisburg *Telegraph* with a table giving the Union gains and losses in the October election, 1865, compared with the vote of 1862, with the following results:

COUNTIES.	HARTRANFT'S MAJORITIES IN 1865.	DAVIS' MAJORITIES IN 1865.	UNION GAINS.	UNION LOSSES.
Adams		16	395	
Allegheny	4,516		82	
Armstrong	303		529	
Beaver	746		212	
Bedford		138	503	
Berks		5,152	762	
Blair	721		60	
Bradford	2,938			1,125
Bucks		371	336	
Butler	322		169	
Cambria		759	440	
Cameron	75		15	
Carbon		196	504	
Centre		189	612	
Chester	2,116			238
Clarion		790	169	
Clearfield		780	72	
Clinton		358	29	
Columbia		1,416	154	
Crawford	1,281			135
Cumberland		425	419	
Dauphin	1,627		753	
Delaware	1,301			10
Elk		302	9	
Erie	1,794		252	
Fayette		589	316	
Forest	27			1
Franklin	117		100	
Fulton		174	100	
Greene		1,146	774	
Huntingdon	952		309	
Indiana	2,120		220	
Jefferson	79		150	
Juniata		223	231	
Lancaster	5,366		427	
Lawrence	1,361			187
Lebanon	1,149		317	
Lehigh		1,053	891	
Luzerne		807	1,814	
Lycoming		206	717	
McKean	135			17
Mercer	850		478	
Mifflin	49			49
Monroe		1,509	153	
Montgomery		1,020	627	
Montour		374	97	
Northampton		1,949	542	
Northumberland		436	547	
Perry	249		291	
Philadelphia	8,919		6,118	
Pike		587	45	
Potter	522			255
Schuylkill		834	760	
Somerset	1,167		107	
Snyder	505		166	
Sullivan		265	64	
Susquehanna	1,285		89	
Tioga	2,226		240	
Union	460		35	
Venango	825		257	
Warren	763		108	
Washington	563		932	
Wayne		369	572	
Westmoreland		1,007	360	
Wyoming		47	144	
York		2,363	723	
	46,898	25,882	26,366	1,968
	25,882		1,968	
	21,016			
Net Union in 1865			24,398	
Deduct Slenker's maj. in 1862			3,382	
Union majority in State, 1865			21,016	

◆

A GERMAN paper has been deceived by an absurd story as to the celebration at the opening of Crosby's Opera House, Chicago, and given circulation to a hoax which is going the rounds of the papers in Europe, and universally accepted as true. One paragraph says that "in the chorus there were five hundred singers; the principal arias and choruses were accompanied by the tolling of bells and salutes from cannons. Every lady received a beautiful bouquet, and every person who bought a ticket received the bill of the performance printed on pink-colored satin with golden letters. The performance lasted six hours, and after it there was a grand ball where eight hundred bottles of champagne were drunk."

THE GEORGIA REBEL DEBT.

Another Dispatch from the President to Gov. Johnson.

WASHINGTON, November 3.—The *National Republican* has the following:

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., November 1.—The following highly important dispatch from the President of the United States has been received here by Gov. Johnson:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION,
"WASHINGTON, D. C., October 28, 1865.

"*James Johnson, Provisional Governor, Milledgeville, Ga.:*

"Your dispatch has been received. The people of Georgia should not hesitate one single moment in repudiating every single dollar of her debt, created for the purpose of aiding rebellion against the Government of the United States. It will not do to levy and collect taxes from the State and people that are loyal and in the Union, to pay a debt that was created to aid in taking them out, and subverting the Constitution of the United States. I do not believe the greatness of the people of the State of Georgia, when left uninfluenced, will ever submit to the payment of a debt which was the main cause of bringing on their past and present sufferings, the result of the rebellion. Those who invested their capital in the erection of this debt must meet their fate, and take it as one of the inevitable results of the rebellion, though it may seem hard to them. It should at once be made known at home and abroad that no debt contracted for the purpose of dissolving the Union can, or ever will be, paid by taxes levied on the people for such purposes.

(Signed,) ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States."

LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

The War Debt of Georgia—Mississippi Legislature Petitioning for the Pardon of Jacob Thompson—Difficulty Between the Civil and Military Authorities in Mississippi.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., October 28.—Governor Johnson has sent a message to the Convention strongly urging the repudiation of the State war debt.

The Mississippi Legislature appointed a joint committee to petition the President to pardon Jacob Thompson. The House invited Ex-Governor Clarke to address them. He declined on the ground of being a paroled prisoner. He says he trusts soon to see Mississippi returned to the full enjoyment of equal political rights with her sister States, and under the flag of the Union.

A difficulty of some duration, between Capt. Peck, Provost Marshal of the Freedmen's Bureau of Copiah county, Miss., and Col. Drury Brown, of Sheriff county, in which Governor Sharkey and the civil courts had intervened, resulted in Peck, who had been sent to jail by the court, appealing to General Osterhaus, who sent back the negro troops to the county, whence they had been withdrawn, taking possession of the jail, releasing Peck, and placing the county under close military surveillance.

Pigeon Shooting Match.

BUFFALO, November 3.—The pigeon match for $1,000, between Taylor, of New Jersey, and Robert Newell, of Buffalo, at one hundred and fifty double birds, was won by Taylor, who scored ninety-eight and Newell ninety-four.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Gray, of Texas, has been pardoned by President Johnson, at the request of Henry Ward Beecher.

On the occasion of the late visit of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher to Washington, Secretary Stanton presented him with a Brevet Lieutenant Coloneley for his son, who is serving as First Lieutenant in the Fourth regular artillery regiment.

Brigadier General Henry A. Barnum, formerly of the Twentieth Army Corps, now commanding one of the districts of the Department of the East, has been brevetted Major General of Volunteers.

Secretary McCulloch and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue have under consideration a circular regulating trade between the United States and Canada. The circular will be issued in a day or two.

Garrett Davis and Brutus Clay, of Kentucky, having sued Generals Palmer and Brisbane for abducting slaves. A counter suit has been brought before the Freedmen's Bureau against Davis and Clay for holding blacks to labor without pay, in violation of the laws of the United States.

It is understood that General Longstreet, who arrived in Washington on Wednesday, is anxiously desirous of obtaining a pardon, in order that he may be a candidate for the Governorship of his State, or be President of an Express company.

One hundred females and twenty-four males were discharged from the Treasury Department on Wednesday, partly from lack of work and partly to make vacancies for disabled soldiers.

The Commissioner of Agriculture has prepared a letter of inquiry for the manufacturers of cotton goods throughout the Union, requesting them to inform the department, as soon as practicable, of the amount of raw cotton consumed by them yearly, from 1860 up to the present time. These reports will exhibit the fluctuations in the cotton market during the last four years of the rebellion.

A special correspondent of the *Tribune*, writing from Mexico, says: Mr. Velosquinz De Leon, Minister of State, has given up his position. Mr. Roriuz, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned and assumes the duties of Minister of State. Martin Castillo has been appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Emperor has ordered the foundation of a National Theatre. The rainy season has ended in Mexico, and the campaign against the guerillas will now open vigorously. The first branch of the Charleo Railway between Mexico and Flambaya was inaugurated in the presence of the Emperor and Empress.

The Richmond correspondent of the New York *Herald* states that B. Fabian, charged with frauds in the New York Custom House, has been arrested there. It is alleged that he was connected with the recent unlawful shipment of alcohol.

Postmaster Binney has been offered the alternative of restoring to the Government certain funds, and being honorably discharged, or take the chances of a trial.

A. J. Harlan, of Andrew county, has been elected Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives, by a vote of sixty-nine to sixteen. There is no quorum in the Senate. Gen. F. P. Blair, in a recent speech at Rolla, having charged the Board of Canvassers with the fraudulent counting of votes at the last election, whereby the new State Constitution was declared adopted, the Secretary of State, Rodman, sent a communication to the House, asking the appointment of a joint committee to count the votes and definitely decide the matter.

STATE ITEMS.

Mrs. Frailey, residing in the northern part of Carlisle, was found dead in her garden on Tuesday evening last, a coroner's jury declaring her death to be caused by disease of the heart.

The Garnet League, Harrisburg, are making extensive preparations for the reception of the colored volunteers of Pennsylvania, on the 14th instant. The following additions to the Committee of Arrangements have been made from Allegheny City: Sargeant Yaw, John Jenkins, Jr., Dr. Henry B. Williamson, R. J. Davis, Samuel A. Neale, Thomas R. Roach.

On the 24th ult., Daniel Pisor, of Concord township, Butler county, was killed, while on his way to Oil City, by being run over by his own wagon, his horses becoming frightened and throwing him out of the vehicle.

John Dellinger, photographer, of Lancaster died suddenly at his residence in that city on Thursday morning.

The Presbytery (Old School) will meet at Meadville on Tuesday next, in the First Presbyterian Church.

The sudden death of Hon J. R. Wick, of West Greenville, is announced in the Meadville *Republican* of yesterday. He was in apparent good heath on Wednesday morning and went to Girard to attend the inauguration of Dan. Rice's Soldiers' Monument. In the evening, on his way homewards, he seemed to be unusually cheerful, and in good spirits in conversation with his friends on the train. On arriving at Greenville he walked from the depot to his house, and when near home suddenly dropped dead. Judge Wick has been intimately connected with public affairs in Mercer county for a long series of years, and in all the relations of life, whether as a citizen, a man of business, or a public officer, was greatly esteemed.

An interesting case of fraudulent income return has just been decided by Mr. Alexander, the Assessor of Lancaster. The Assessor having reason to believe that the defendant in this case had not made full return of his income, had the matter investigated, when it was found that he had over $60,000 invested in mortgages in the State of Delaware, of which he gave no account to the Assistant Assessor. As required by an act of Congress, Mr. Alexander assessed the back-standing taxes for 1862, 1863 and 1864, with 100 per cent. additional, on the amount, withheld. The matter has been referred to the proper department for further action.

An interesting matter was before the Register's Court of Lebanon county last week, in the hearing of an appeal from an appraisement of the Cornwall Ore Hills. This appraisement was made necessary by the death of Robert W. Coleman, Esq., one of the heirs. The hearing was on an appeal by the administrator from the value fixed by the appraiser, John Benson, Esq. A. R. Boughter, James L. Reynolds and Frank Hughes, Esqs., appeared for the administrator, and J. Funck, Esq., for the Commonwealth. A number of witnesses—experienced iron men—were examined, and agreed pretty well in fixing the valuation at $500,000. After the hearing was through, the Court paid a visit to the hills. No decision in the case has yet been announced.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

WASHINGTON.

OUR NATIONAL FINANCES.

Ohio and Illinois Settling Up.

More Troops to be Mustered Out.

National Currency in Circulation.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

DELEGATION TO VISIT HARRISBURG

Another Unfortunate Woman Shot.

PROTRACTED CABINET SESSION.

Results of Government Sales.

PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS ISSUED.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, November 3.

The Public Debt.

Careful statisticians of the Treasury base their calculations on an ultimate debt of three thousand millions, yet at present it shows no signs of going beyond $2,800,000,000.

State Accounts.

The following statement shows the amount advanced the Government by Ohio and Illinois in 1861, to arm, equip, subsist and transport troops to aid in the suppression of the rebellion, as well as the amount allowed and paid these States: Illinois—Total amount expended, $3,803,449 89; allowed, $3,719,906 73; balance suspended and disallowed, $83,543 16; Ohio—Amount expended, $2,215,095 84; allowed, $1,818,323 13; balance suspended and disallowed, $396,732 71. Illinois advanced out of her treasury for this purpose $300,000 more than any other State in the Union.

Cashiered.

Major John Murphy, of the 58th Illinois volunteers, tried and convicted by court-martial on various charges, has been sentenced to be cashiered. The President has approved the sentence.

To be Mustered Out.

Another order, mustering out about a dozen regiments of volunteer troops, was issued by the War Department to-day. Among the organizations were the following: Illinois—4th and 45th infantry, and the detachment of the 25th still in the service. Indiana—9th, detachment of the 26th, and companies I and K, of the 23d infantry. This completes the mustering out of the latter regiment. Iowa—2d battery. Kansas—16th cavalry. Missouri—companies B, C, D, E, H, I and M, second light artillery; this com letes the muster-roll of this regiment. Ohio—125th infantry, and companies L and M, 2d cavalry, and companies A, B, C and D of the 11th cavalry. Wisconsin—companies B, C and D, 19th infantry. The men of the 17th Kentucky infantry remaining in service, are ordered to be transferred to the 21st infantry.

National Currency.

Reports received at the Internal Revenue Bureau show that the total amount of State bank paper and certified checks in circulation last month was $78,867,515. The circulation alone of the State banks in 1861 was upwards of two hundred and thirty-eight millions.

Internal Revenue.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $2,271,067.

A Delegation

Of colored citizens and soldiers from this District will visit Harrisburg on the 14th, to participate in the welcome festival to be given to the Pennsylvania colored regiments.

Another Woman Shot.

Another unfortunate woman was shot to-day by her paramour.

Cabinet Session.

The Cabinet was in session for three hours to-day. All the secretaries were present.

Government Sales.

The amount realized on the sale of Government property has exceeded the expectations of all concerned, except as to horses. Mules have averaged a much higher price than was anticipated, and it is especially noticeable that the rolling stocks of the military railroads, much of which had been used over three years, has sold for twenty per cent. more than the original cost.

Bonds Issued.

The Treasury Department to-day issued to John D. Perry, President, and W. J. Palmer, Secretary and Treasurer of the Kansas branch of the Pacific railroad, six hundred and forty thousand dollars in bonds, being the amount due on the first forty miles under the appropriation of sixteen thousand dollars for each mile completed.

Issue of Five-Twenty Conversion Bonds—Bonds Issued to the Union Pacific Railroad—Return of Mr. J. F. D. Lanier—Result of His Mission in Europe—The National Credit Abroad—Reply of Mr. Seward to Earl Russell, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, November 3.—The five-twenty conversion bonds are issued from the Treasury Department as rapidly as they can be printed. A million a day, of the denomination of $1,000, are now delivered. Those of the denomination of five hundred and one hundred dollars will be ready in a very few days. Registered bonds for five thousand dollars will be issued according to the request of the subscribers.

The Department was to-day preparing to immediately issue United States bonds, amounting to six hundred and forty thousand dollars, to the Union Pacific Railroad Company, Eastern Division, or at the rate of sixteen thousand dollars per mile, in accordance with the law of Congress, forty miles of the road having been completed. In addition to this aid by Government, certain quantities of land are to be given, as the survey proceeds and the road progresses.

Mr. J. D. F. Lanier, the well known banker of New York, recently returned from Europe, whither he went some time ago on a confidential mission for the Government, in connection with the National finances, yesterday had an interview with the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, to whom he submitted a verbal report of the result of his mission. Mr. Lanier everywhere found the best of feeling prevailing in financial circles with relation to the United States, and great confidence in our public securities. At Frankfort-on-the-Main he addressed at length a large meeting of capitalists, embracing representations from nearly every leading house in Germany. The complete and utter overthrow of the rebellion was a matter of equal surprise and congratulation, and the demonstration made of the power and wealth of the North was a subject of universal admiration, but the war being ended, the expectation was confidently expressed by the European holders of our securities that we would immediately commence a return towards specie payment, however gradual the progress in such direction might be. Such a step, it was represented, was absolutely necessary to the maintenance of confidence in our secretaries, and in the policy of the Government. The ability of the country to bear all the burdens of the war was not questioned, especially with the rapid progress of the work of reconstruction, which bids fair to restore political and social unity to every portion of the country. With a wise and correct policy, there will be no limit to the demand for our securities, not only on the Continent but in England, where our military successes were fast opening the eyes of their people as to the value of our bonds. But the feeling against any further increase, and in favor of a steady contraction of currency was seriously expressed as the sole condition on which our credit abroad could be maintained. It is understood that the views of Mr. Lanier were heartily responded to both by the President and the Secretary of the Treasury.

The President has appointed J. R. Miller collector of customs at San Francisco, *vice* Charles James.

The naval court martial, of which Admiral Farragut is President, after finding a verdict in the case of Lieut. Col. Marston, of the Marine Corps, which will not be promulgated until after approval by the proper authorities, adjourned till Tuesday next, when the case of Commodore Craven will be taken up.

It is said that the Secretary of State is engaged in preparing a reply to the dispatch of Earl Russell, regarding the proposed commission indicated in his lordship's reply to Minister Adams, for the adjudication of certain claims against his Government. The question at issue is said to have been considered at several Cabinet meetings.

Coming Home.

RICHMOND, VA., November 3.—The 5th Ohio cavalry arrived to-night from North Carolina *en route* to Camp Chase, to be mustered out.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS.

The Premiership—Gladstone Favored by the "Times"—Lord Clarendon—Closing Scenes in the Life of Lord Palmerston—Parallels Drawn between Palmerston, Cobden and Abraham Lincoln—A Whole Era in England's History—What the French Press Say—The Hour of Democracy in England Soon to Strike—The Rebel Loan—Opinion of the Queen's Counsel—The Debt must Sooner or Later be Paid.

NEW YORK, November 3.—In the foreign files received by the Java, the London *Times* favors the appointment of Gladstone to the Premiership. It says the country has a right to expect the services of men who have attained but not passed the period of their full intellectual vigor. Lord Russell is seventy-three years of age. He has become exhausted by the varieties of his official duties. He has received the highest honors that the crown has power to bestow, and his aspirations may now be fairly satisfied. Lord Clarendon, who may be considered another candidate for the office, is some years younger than Lord Russell, and though an experienced and able diplomatist, his official life has probably made him more conversant with the ways and manners of foreigners than his own countrymen, and he has at least given no proof that he possesses those sympathies with English ideas and habits which Lord Palmerston so prominently displayed, and without which no minister can be popular in this country.

The London *Daily Telegraph* says the members of Lord Palmerston's family were by no means prepared for so abrupt a termination of his illness, and gives the following account of his last moments: His state of mind up to the last remained unclouded. He was in full possession of his faculties, and suffered very little pain, but then came a lassitude over him, which prevented any effort or wish to converse. The questions put to him were either disregarded or answered by a look or sign. A silence half imposed by weariness, half of his own inclination, possessed him. On the day before his death, however, when in a doze preceding the last change, his mind was evidently amid its old associations, for he was heard to murmur as in a dream, "the treaty with Belgium—yes, read that sixth clause again." But at the last, a perfectly peaceful demise crowned the long and serene healthfulness of his life. He sank away gently, flickered a little like an expiring lamp, and then went out rather than died, and they knew not in the death chamber at what exact moment the great statesman, whose name had been on the living page of our history for fifty years, ceased to be among the living. The widow of the Premier has been cheered by the cordial sympathy of the Queen. Her Majesty, when the news of the illness of her first minister was conveyed to her, instantly wrote by Gen. Grey to Lady Jocelyn, who is one of her women of the bed-chamber, expressing her concern, and requesting to be kept informed of the Premier's state; and when the worst intelligence reached Balmoral, she wrote to assure Lady Palmerston of her heartfelt and deep sympathy with her under this deep trial.

The *Daily News* says: we cannot, perhaps, better appreciate the faults and merits of Lord Palmerston's character than by contrasting him with two great men whom death, within a few years, has struck down. Richard Cobden, penetrated and mastered by the idea of a great truth, gave his life to make it triumph over every opposition. Abraham Lincoln, not less feeling the weight of principle, yet shrank from putting it in action till circumstances forced him to act. But Lord Palmerston, who filled a larger space in the world's field of view than either, leaves less by which he will be known than either. For there never was a principle to which he devoted himself, and there were many that he supported, but it was not because in his eyes they were right, but because they were the convenient expressions of an irrepressible public opinion. So that, though he added in himself the triumph of many, there are none with which his name will be associated.

The *Morning Star* remarks on the event as the closing of a whole era in the history of England.

The Paris *Press*, anticipating speedy reforms in consequence of the Premier's death, says: The policy of England will be interred in Lord Palmerston's tomb, and the hour of Democracy will soon strike in liberal England. The statesman who would succeed to the heritage of Lord Palmerston must have the courage to become the Robert Peel of universal suffrage.

A meeting of the holders of the rebellion loan was held in London on the 18th of October, for the purpose of receiving a report from the committee appointed on the 4th of September. The committee reported the amount of bonds in circulation at ten millions four hundred thousand pounds. They had submitted the case to Mr. Fleming, Queen's counsel, who gave a long and elaborate opinion, entering fully into the doctrine of State rights, and arguing that if the Confederate States had not lost their existence as independent States before the contraction of the loan, and he thinks not, there is no ground on which the original liability can be successfully called in question. If his view is correct then the United States having taken the property of the Confederate States is subject to the charge of the loan. That which has become the property of the Southern States continues liable to the charge. On this opinion the Committee remark that the opinion of Mr. Fleming on the case leaves no doubt that, sooner or later, either the United States or the States which formed the confederacy will recognize and pay the loan. The meeting adjourned to the 18th of January.

THE CHOLERA.

Official Reports from the Steamship Atlanta—She is now in Quarantine—Fifteen Deaths on Board—Patients Transferred to the Hospital Ship.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Later accounts from the cholera steamship Atlanta, state that the passengers of the Atlanta, numbering one hundred and fifty-two, were principally Germans, excepting the cabin passengers of whom there were forty-eight. The vessel had taken nearly all the latter on board at London, and part of the steerage passengers, but she shipped at Havre, when more passengers were received. The persons who brought the cholera on board came from Havre. On the first day after the Atlanta went to sea, one of them, a child, was attacked and died on the following day. Others became sick immediately, but the disease was confined entirely to the steerage. None of the cabin passengers were in the least degree affected by it. The number of cases as is represented elsewhere, is from fifty to sixty, and there were fifteen deaths. The steerage passengers on the Atlanta did not know till they arrived at this port that the disease which was among them was cholera. Some of the most intelligent among them suspected it, but the physician carefully withheld positive information from them, fearing the result on those not affected with the disease.

The passengers manifested very little anxiety. They did not seem to be much alarmed even after they learned the nature of the epidemic from which they were suffering. The dead were buried some time after they had breathed their last. They were not in any case kept more than one hour.

The assistant health officer was conducted to the steerage of the Atlanta between nine and ten o'clock last evening. There was no light except that which came from a lantern, and only one of the passengers could be seen at a time. They were not separated, but were in their berths as they had been placed when taking their passage. Nine or ten were sick. Two of the number were in a state of convalescence. Others were in the first stages of the cholera. There were no unusual sights, and but few persons were groaning. This afternoon the Assistant Health Officer ordered the Atlanta to the Lower Bay, where she now lies, about fifteen miles from this city.

The hospital ship, known as the Florence Nightingale, has been ordered to her old station, and the patients will be removed to her and treated on board. The latest intelligence is from Dr. Walser, who has charge of the patients on the Atlanta. The number of deaths up to three o'clock this afternoon, is nineteen. The number of cases on board at that hour was more than thirty.

The daily papers are calling upon the city government to have the city cleaned and put in a condition to resist the ravages of the cholera as much as possible. In a large portion of the city the tenement houses are densely crowded and in a horrible condition. If the cholera comes among us, it is feared the mortality will be very great.

THE FENIANS IN CANADA.

Soldiers Arrested for Sympathising with the Movement—Toronto and its Approaches Picketed—Americans Leaving for the States—Orangemen Preparing to Operate Against the Fenians—Government Officials Implicated in the Conspiracy—Great Military Preparations.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The *Herald's* dispatch from Toronto, Canada West, on the 3d, says:—The Fenian excitement still continues quiet. A number of private soldiers are under arrest for sympathising with the Fenians. The city and its approaches are picketed. Many Americans are preparing to leave for the States. Numbers of Orangemen are preparing for the defense of this district. I have positive information that the Canadian brotherhood has a fast steamer ready for armament. It is reported that a number of officials of the Government are engaged in the conspiracy. Great military preparations are going forward.

From Nashville.

NASHVILLE, November 3.—Hon. H. Harrison, Attorney General of Tennessee, delivered his speech in the United States Circuit Court to-day against granting a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Dick McCann. A decision will probably be reached by Monday next.

The cotton market was dull to-day, though there were large arrivals. Prices range from forty-six to forty-seven cents. A sale of one hundred and five bales was made at forty-five cents yesterday. The receipts to-day were five hundred and sixteen bales, and the shipments three hundred and twenty. The market closed firm.

River swelling slightly, with twenty inches on the shoals.

The Steamer Europe.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The Europe has no infectious or contagecus disease on board, but is detained at quarantine for observation.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER REPUBLIC.

More of the Passengers and Crew Picked Up—Four Days in an Open Boat Without Food or Water—Terrible Suffering.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The steamer Europe arrived from Havre. Her news is anticipated. The steamer Empire City arrived from Port Royal on the 31st. She reports the arrival on the 30th, of the steamers Eldorado, Everett and General Barnes. The Empire City picked up eight of the crew and two passengers of the lost steamship Republic, viz: Capt. B. J. Royer, of the 24th New York battery, and Mrs. C. Conner. Crew.—Edward Ryan, second mate; J. Fleming, Charles Collins and N. Noah, firemen; J. Quinn and J. Crelin, seamen; J. Willis and P. Maloney, waiters. Capt. Royer reports that he left the vessel with ten others above named, in the Captain's gig, a small four-oared boat, in company with three other larger boats. They became separated in the night. At times, the boat was half full of water. They remained four nights and three days, without food or water, at the mercy of the waves. Their sufferings were terrible. They were about giving up hope when a sail hove in sight, and they were soon picked up by the schooner Harper, Captain Coombs, from Bricksport, Maine, and taken to Hilton Head. Though exhausted and much swollen when rescued, owing to the careful attention received on the schooner and at Hilton Head, they are now doing well.

Letter from the Father of the Assassin Paine—General Allen vs. General Ortega—Fleet Preparing for Sea.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The *Herald* publishes a letter from George C. Powell, father of the assassin Paine, dated Live Oak, Florida, September 30. This is the first direct intelligence from Payne's family. Powell says his son was born April 22d, 1844, that he experienced religion when 12 years old, and lived a pious life up to the time of his enlistment in the rebel army. He says his son was always kind and tender-hearted, but determined in his undertakings.

The loss of Bininger & Co., in the fire yesterday, amounts to $15,000.

The case of Colonel Allen, who sued General Ortega for expenses incurred in the Mexican emigration scheme, was in court to-day. Much contradictory testimony was given. No decision was made.

The *Herald's* Fortress Monroe special says: A fleet of naval vessels, consisting of the gunboats Vanderbilt and Powhattan, the sloop-of-war Tuscarora, and the monitor Monadnock, is momentarily expecting to leave here for the Pacific. They first go to St. Thomas, thence to San Francisco, and from there to their assigned rendezvous on the Pacific coast. All the vessels are in splendid sailing condition, and the officers as well as crews are in excellent spirits at speedily entering on the long and interesting cruise before them. The gunboat Seneca left for sea this morning. Her destination is not known.

Faom Savannah.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The Savannah *Herald* of the 31st reports the arrival of the bark Horace Beals, with a boat from the Republic picked up on the 26th, twenty miles east of Hunting Island, containing the following persons: S. E Young, chief officer of the Republic. Passengers—Col. Wm. T. Nichols, Maj. R. S. Nichols, John E. Harloe, First Lieutenant Linis V. Carzelare, Captain George W. McNear, Charles H. McNear, Howe' D. Ellsworth, Ferdinand Muler, John C. Potter, George Long. They were in the life boat fifty hours without food or water. A demijohn of water placed on board, was broken by accident. They lost all their clothing and valuables, and were nearly naked.

The steamship Catharine Whiting, from New York for Galveston, went ashore 283 miles south of Carysford. The Whiting had picked up two men from the wreck of a schooner, the remainder of the crew having been washed overboard. The Steamer General Barnes, which communicated with her was unable to render any assistance, she being so far in the rear. The Barnes counted seven vessels ashore and dismantled in sight of Carysford.

A dispatch from Moorhead City, dated October 28th, announces the arrival of the steamer Chase, short of coal. She would leave next day for Savannah.

The first lot of new upland cotton had reached Savannah.

Washington Topics and Gossip.

PROBABLE ACTION OF THE CLERK.

It is asserted in several quarters that the Clerk of the House (holding over) is compelled by law (the law passed by the last Congress) to place upon his official list the names of the Southern claimants. This point was not overlooked by Mr. McPherson. Some of the ablest lawyers in the new Congress (conservatives as well as radicals) agree that under that enactment few of the Southern members, if any, can demand an enrollment of their names. The law in question was passed after the Clerk of the Thirty-Seventh Congress had ventured to omit the names of members from loyal States on pure technicality. It was reported by the Committee of Elections and was agreed to without much objection. The law simply provides that the names of persons elected according to the laws of the State and the United States, shall be placed upon the official roll. It is sufficient to state that not one of the members elect from Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and the Carolinas, has conformed to law. With the exception of Tennessee and Virginia, all the Southern credentials will have to be signed by a Provisional Governor, an officer unknown to law. Even in Virginia, Louisiana and Tennessee the elections have not technically conformed to law. So upon the ground of technicalities, under the statute quoted, the claimants are not entitled to a place upon the official roll until the House has decided in their favor. Mr. McPherson's friends, however, assert that he will refuse to enroll the names of the Southern claimants upon higher grounds than these.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S POLICY.

Henry Ward Beecher was closeted yesterday with the President, and was with him again this morning. After the second visit, he was asked what he thought of Mr. Johnson's policy, and he replied, emphatically, "the President is right!" Perhaps the distinguished divine will narrate his conversation with Mr. Johnson, which elicited this comment. At any rate, Mr. Beecher is not the only gentleman of radical anti-slavery views who has been convinced by a brief interview that "the President is right." There are others, however, who earnestly demand universal suffrage, and who declare that while the black man who has fought for the Union should vote, the white man who has fought against the Union should be disfranchised forever. We shall have a renewal of the irrepressible conflict when Congress meets, and the initial struggle will be for the organization. Of one thing I learn there can be doubt: Mr. Clerk McPherson will not place the names of any gentlemen from States which have been in rebellion upon his roll. That such is his determination I am confident.

ADMISSION OF SOUTHERN MEMBERS.

Some very conservative members of the new House express themselves as indignant at the conduct of several of the Southern "reconstructed" States. For instance, Georgia has repealed the act of secession, thus by inference establishing the doctrine that a State Convention can take a State out of the Union. This gives the lie to the President, while hoping to propitiate him by conducting Georgia back into the Union. South Carolina elects the worst of rebel governors, and declines to allow negro testimony in her courts. I might give a long list of the shortcomings of the rebellious States, without once mentioning equal suffrage. What will conservative members of Congress say respecting *these* things? There can be no doubt how they will stand. They will be forced to unite with the radical members against the *immediate* admission of the Southern claimants. The President, too, will stand with them in this position. It is but a short time since he stated to a member of the Senate that, in his opinion, no delegation should be admitted till the Constitutional Amendment is adopted, and the black man is permitted to testify in the courts. Here is the principle of *tests*, as any one can perceive. The President has never, for one moment, held the doctrines of the Opposition chiefs—that the Southern people are *entitled* to instant admission to Congress. He has, as I understand him, admitted that Congress has the power and the right to judge of the time when it is safe and wise to admit Southern representatives to seats in the Senate and House.

The prospect now is that the whole subject of reconstruction will be referred to a select joint committee. This will give time for the thorough consideration of the subject, while the delegation from the rebellious States will remain outside. The States thus waiting for congenial recognition will soon learn that the quickest and surest way to political power is through justice to the freedmen.

◆

LAST MEXICAN OUTRAGE.—The New York *Post* thinks that the Government will lose no time in protesting against the system of assassination and murder inaugurated in Mexico. In a proclamation dated the third of October, at the city of Mexico, Maximilian authorizes and instructs the assassination of every prisoner thereafter taken by his forces. Any Mexican soldier captured, is to be tried summarily by the commander of the troops who capture him, and to be shot within twenty-four hours; and this whether he has made resistance or not. It is enough if he belongs to the forces of Juarez. Maximilian's situation must be desperate when he finds it necessary to adopt a measure like this. The opposition to his usurpation is no doubt inconvenient to him; it has been protracted probably beyond his expectations; and his master does not find it so safe now as three years ago to send an army to Mexico.

◆

GRAIN IN CHICAGO.—The elevator owners in Chicago, in the week gave notice that on all grain received previous to the 1st instant and remaining in store after the 15th, one cent per bushel for every five days, or parts thereof, would be charged. Six cents per bushel per month until the opening of navigation, will probably be more than the advance in quotations, and the speculators and warehousemen can settle the profits between themselves. The holders are in a quandary—if they ship now, their plans are not realized; if they don't, the storage threatens a loss. It is understood that much of the grain in store has become damaged, and some cargoes on arriving at Buffalo were found to be nearly worthless. Never did speculators so over-reach themselves as those of Chicago.

Gen. Grant on His Own Achievements.

A Magazine Writer's Account of a Conversation.

Dr. R. Vaughan writes in the last number of the *British Quarterly Review:*

"In Washington I had the privilege of an introduction to General Grant. The eminent man was in his official department, much the sort of room in which a London attorney might be imagined giving audiences to his clients. The general was not in uniform, and plainly dressed. The portraits of him are faithful representations of his square and spacious forehead, and of the settled and regular, but not strongly marked features below. A military officer was in attendance upon him, who was of old Indian descent, a person somewhat above the ordinary height, whose complexion and features bespoke his origin; but whose civilized experiences had given him a little more flesh than would seem to have been common among his ancestors.

"This stately descendant from the sons of the old wilderness gave me a cordial grasp of the hand on our being introduced. The manner of the General was simple and quiet. I saw he was a man of few words, and had reason to think that his words were usually well chosen. After a few commonplaces had passed he began to speak freely on public affairs. The tone of the English press concerning the military action of the North seemed to have impressed him unfavorably. 'If your newspapers are to be believed,' said the soldier, who is second to none of his time, 'we never went into the field but to be beaten. I have been in more engagements than any other man in the service, and have not been beaten yet. On the continent of Europe, too, the disposition, it appears, has been to harp on the same string. Friends who have visited your country and France tell me that, go into what circle they might, the talk about America all went one way.'

"In reply, I mentioned some facts which seemed to warrant a somewhat different conclusion. These facts were frankly admitted as tending to show that in England there must after all have been a considerable breadth of sympathy with the North. 'Say what you will,' said the General, 'this war has been the biggest job of its sort that has been done in this world; and it will be a chapter to itself in the history of war, nothing like it has gone before.'

"When about to take my leave, I was pleased to hear the General say, 'Well, I think I shall come to England some day, but it must not be until I can spare something like a twelvemonth for that part of the world.' I did not fail to express my conviction that if he came among us he would find not a few capable of appreciating what he had done, and of doing so generously. Of Lee the General spoke honorably, describing him as an able man who had made a great mistake. This mistake, I presume, was in committing himself against the Northern cause—the cause, the final success of which the General himself had never doubted."

CITY MATTERS.

NEW MUSIC.—Charlotte Blume, Fifth street, opposite Theatre, has received two new pieces of music, entitled respectively "I Cannot Sing the Old Songs," a ballad, and "Ever my Spirit Awakens to Thee."

PROCEEDINGS IN REM.—Yesterday, R. B. Carnahan, Esq., U. S. District Attorney, filed a libel in the United States Court, in the cause of forfeiture against the distillery of John T. Moss, situate in South Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, together with one hundred barrels of whisky, for an infraction of the revenue laws.

COMMITTEE ON CONSOLIDATION.—The Presidents of the Allegheny Councils have appointed the following committee to confer with similar committees from this city and surrounding boroughs, in regard to consolidation: Messrs. John Atwell and John A. Myler, from the Select, and Messrs. Charles W. Benney, J. W. Hall and J. C. Patterson, from the Common Council. Several of the Borough Councils will meet on Tuesday night, when they will probably appoint committees and be represented in the conference.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Yesterday the cases of George Rich and Daniel Landzettle, cross-suits for assault and battery and assault and battery with intent to kill, were concluded, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty against both the defendants. Rich was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of six months. Landzettle was fined $100 and sentenced to the county jail for six months.

Michael Tighe, charged with robbing Wm. Digby's clothing store on Smithfield street, about two months ago, was found guilty.

John A. Snyder pleaded guilty to a charge of illegal liquor selling, and was fined $50 and costs.

ALLEGHENY TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.—The fourteenth regular meeting of the Union Temperance League was held in the Beaver street Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny, on Thursday evening, Rev. A. K. Bell presiding.

The following committee to prepare protests against the issuing of licenses to sell spirituous liquors was announced:

First Ward—R. B. Norris, C. Yeager and Jas. Caldwell.
Second Ward—T. Smith, L. H. Eaton and John Sterritt.
Third Ward—W. J. Bown, B. Heckert and M. McGonigle.
Fourth Ward—Wm. G. Warren, Solomon Laadis and J. S. Brown, Esq.

Committee on Statistics was continued until next meeting.

Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D., addressed the meeting at some length, setting forth the evils of intemperance in its true light. M. McGonnigle, Esq., one of the original Washingtonians, made a few feeling and appropriate remarks, after which the meeting adjourned until the 14th inst.

ALLEGHENY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

The Formal Opening—Its Success Guaranteed—Addresses of Rev. Dr. Clark, Rev. Charles A. Dickey, Rev. James Allison, and Others.

The formal opening of the Allegheny Library Association took place last evening in their Hall in the new City Building. On motion of Dr. Clark, Dr. Thos. F. Dale was called upon to preside, and the reporters of the press designated as Secretaries. Dr. Dale, upon taking the chair, congratulated the Association upon the beautiful hall that had been appropriated to their use, and hoped that the undertaking would prove a success.

Dr. J. B. Clark was then introduced and proceeded to deliver an excellent address. He was gratified to be present at the inauguration of a public library and reading room, in a city where its want had long been felt, and hoped that its good effects would be experienced throughout the entire community. He counselled the managers of the institution not to permit books of an immoral tendency to have a place upon their ample shelves, to corrupt the minds and morals of the youth of the city. The library would be incomplete without works which would lead the young in the way which God had marked out, were embraced in the collection. There was nothing sectarian in the Association; it was for the people, and should be sustained by them. It was in the power of the citizens to make it just what they pleased; all that was required was energy and determination. Let all labor for the success of this enterprise, and there will be no doubt of the result. Those in charge of the Association were desirous of having persons take life-memberships, which would only cost fifty dollars. Every person in the city was also requested to add their names to the list of membership of the Association, at a cost of four dollars per annum, and they could rely upon the fact that the money collected would be applied towards replenishing the library. One thousand new volumes had already been purchased and would be placed upon the shelves within the next two weeks.

Rev. Dr. James Allison was next called upon. He stated that he felt a deep interest in the movement, as such an institution was demanded in this city, a public library being one of the best educators which any community could have. He referred to the benefits to be derived from a library, and gave several illustrations. We could hardly realize what was the future of our city. He was frequently compelled to travel to distant sections of the country, and was often told by strangers:—"Pittsburgh and environs is destined to become one of the greatest cities in the world. You do not sufficiently appreciate your advantages." The speaker believed this to be true, and hoped that the citizens would enter upon this project with a determination that it should succeed. All that was required was an expenditure of patience and money.

Rev. Charles A. Dickey followed with a few happy and appropriate remarks. He regarded the libary like a bank or store, a success, because it would pay. He had no doubt that it would prove a paying institution, and a credit to the city. He then referred to the growth of the city, the elegance of the public buildings, and the many improvements which met the eye everywhere. The advantages to be derived from a public library in such a city were incalculable, and he felt satisfied that it would be liberally sustained by the citizens.

Colonel Levi B. Duff attached great importance to the undertaking, and was satisfied that it would prove a financial success. He hoped that those present would add their names to the list of membership.

At the request of the Chairman, Mr. Riddle gave a succinct history of the Association. He stated that the nucleus of the library consisted of two thousand books, which had been presented to the city some years since by the late Colonel James Anderson. These books had been generously donated to the Association by the City Councils, together with the use of the hall which they now occupied. A librarian had been engaged, and the books would be numbered and arranged during the present week. The hall would be open to subscribers during the day and evening, and the leading newspapers of the country would always be on file. Nearly all the magazines—American and English—were received, and it was the intention of the management to procure all new works as soon as issued. A constitution and by-laws for the Government of the Association had been prepared but not adopted.

Mr. Alexander Leggate stated that the Association was prepared to receive new members, and requested those present to step forward, and enroll their names. The following gentlemen then added their names to the list of membership:

LIFE MEMBERSHIP.—James Park, Jr., two memberships; Dr T. F. Dale Campbell B. Herron, Jno. Brown, Jr., A. H. English, O. H. P. Williams, Robert Lea, H. M. Dunlap, James McBrier, Col. Levi B. Duff, Hon. James L. Graham, two memberships.

YEARLY MEMBERSHIPS.—James Patterson, Alex. Leggate, Geo. W. Keifer, C. Keifer, Sr., C. Keifer, Jr., S. Riddle, B. H. Elton, James E. Stevenson, William Hamilton, D. Hendric, Robert Bole, Alex. Brown, J. S. Davidson, R. B. Francis, Rev. Charles A. Dickey, John Bower, Alex. Cameron, N. Veeder, D. M. Park, J. M. Simpson, J. Winchester, Robert McCasland.

Notice was then given that the librarian would be at the hall day and evening, who would be prepared to receive subscriptions and furnish receipts.

The meeting then adjourned.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—To-night, Mr. Edwin Adams will conclude a successful engagement of twelve nights, during which he has given the play-goers of the city some most delightful representations. He will appear this evening in two characters—as "Edward Middleton" in "The Drunkard," and as "Rover" in "Wild Oats."

OPERA HOUSE.—M'lle Zoe will make her farewell appearance for the season this evening, when she will appear in a new character, for which see advertisement. At the matinee this afternoon, the moral play of "Ten Nights in a Bar Room" will be performed.

MASONIC HALL.—The Carter Zouave Troupe and Female Brass Band will give the last entertainment of their series in this city this evening. Their performances are well worth seeing.

For Additional Local see Fourth Page.

ADVERTISERS, AGENTS AND CARRIERS.

The COMMERCIAL finds it necessary to the proper and economical transaction of its business, to reiterate and lay down afresh, in solid earnest, certain rules that have nominally been in force, but which have become inoperative to some extent, through a desire to accommodate customers.

These rules are as follows:

☞ ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISING will be *cash at the counter*.

Papers supplied to Agents and Carriers *must be paid for weekly*, or the supply will be stopped.

It would seem to be hardly necessary to give reasons for such a course. We are obliged to employ nearly the whole time of a collector, hunting up small amounts that should be paid on the handing in of the advertisement. This fact alone is sufficient. If we have to send bills and then a collector once, twice, or thrice, for a small amount, there is no profit in it, and we had better be without the business.

No one can justly ask us to do business at a loss, and if a party thinks he gets his money's worth with us, then we should have the cash down, without the trouble and expense of sending for it. This will not apply, of course, to those who advertise by the quarter, and so settle.

To agents and carriers the rule applies with equal justice. We imply no distrust of our many good agents, carriers and patrons, when we ask them to conform, all alike, to a rule that is no extra cost to them, and is a great saving in office labor to us.

Henceforth, therefore, in the COMMERCIAL office, "cash" *means* cash, and, we believe, both ourselves and our customers will be better pleased with the result.

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1865.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE COMMERCIAL.

On Monday, the 6th of November, the COMMERCIAL will be enlarged equal to the addition of *ten columns*. This announcement is made for the benefit of those who wish to avail themselves of the large editions we shall print to advertise in our columns.

PITTSBURGH PACKET LINES.

Some fifteen years ago the trade of Pittsburgh, Westward and Southward, was dependent wholly on navigation, and in those times the vessels which composed our packet lines were regarded as floating palaces. The business was large, competition great, and elegant and substantial boats composed a very extensive fleet. But the introduction of railroads seriously impaired the river trade, and in a brief time our magnificent steamers forsook our port for the Lower Mississippi and Western waters, where railroads were not yet known. Although river traffic was depressed for some time owing to the introduction of railroads, the expensiveness of shipments of heavy goods by the latter and their inability to transact all the business offering, necessitated a return to first principles, and now we have three first class lines of packets, plying between the city and Zanesville, and Brownsville and Parkersburg, points of inestimable value to the wealth and business of Pittsburgh.

The Muskingum river packets open to the merchants and manufacturers of Pittsburgh a wealthy agricultural region, whose prosperity in a mercantile point of view, as well as increasing richness in agriculture, is in a great measure dependent on this city. The products of the valley, being among the choicest of their kind, find a ready market here, and the producer, on the other hand, supplies all his wants before leaving the city, at less prices than would be demanded of him at home. The steamers composing the line between this city and Zanesville are the "Julia No. 2," Captain COULSON, and clerk J. C. MCVAY, and "Emma Graham," Captain STULL—the former arriving here every Thursday evening and leaving Saturday, at 4 P. M., and the latter arriving every Sunday night, and leaving Tuesday at 4 P. M. These boats are commodious, and are elegantly furnished for passenger travel, besides being in command of officers of experience, well-known for their courtesy and integrity. These packets touch at every important point between this city and Marietta on the Ohio, and between the latter place and Zanesville on the Muskingum. Between the hours of their arrival and departure passengers have ample time to convert their produce into cash or trade for such articles as they may want, and return in charge of their freight. The convenience of this packet line, however, is too well known and appreciated by the inhabitants of the Muskingum valley to require further elucidation. Among the points not reached by railroad, at which these boats make regular landings are the following: On the Ohio river—Moundsville, Powhattan, Sunfish, Bearsville, New Martinsville, Sardis, Sisterville, Cochransville, Matamoras, Grandview, St. Marys, Newport, Bull Creek, Marietta, and Harmar; on the Muskingum—Union Landing, Lowell, Coal Run, Beverly, Waterford, Centre Bend, Roxbury, Windsor, McConnellsville, Malta, Eaglesport, Gaysport, Taylorsville and Duncan's Fall.

Next in importance to the Muskingum, is the Monongahela Steam Packet Company, whose splendid steamers leave and arrive at the wharf twice daily, ladened every trip with the products of Fayette and Greene counties, of this State, and of Monongalia and other counties of West Virginia, and the Dunkard gold and oil region. The steamers comprising this line are—"Fayette," Capt. S. C. SPEERS; "Telegraph," Capt. D. BUGHER; "Franklin," Capt. Z. W. CARMAC, and "Gallatin," Capt. A. S. CARLISLE. The boats are all first-class side-wheel packets, elegantly equipped, and in command of gentlemen and officers of the right stamp. Judging from the number of passengers carried over the Monongahela Slackwater by boat, it would seem that the mania for railroad travel has passed away. The development of the Southern Pennsylvania and West Virginia oil regions will in a brief time multiply the trade and travel by river, and even now the boats are frequently scarcely equal in capacity to the demand made upon them.

The Marietta and Parkersburg Packet line was but recently organized, and for the period it has been in existence has built up an extensive and rapidly growing trade between this city and the prosperous town of Parkersburg. At present, the traffic is confined mainly to the oil region of Burning Spring and Horseneck, West Virginia, and it also accommodates a large passenger travel. The packets comprising this line are—"Forest City," Capt. GORDON, and "Bayard," Capt. G. D. MOORE, DANIEL MOORE, clerk—the former leaving every Wednesday and Saturday at noon, and the latter every Monday and Thursday at 11 A. M. Both boats are first-class and commanded by capable officers.

The three packet lines above referred to contribute in no small degree to the prosperity of our mercantile and manufacturing interests, and the merchants and manufacturers, it is pleasant to know, appreciate the fact by giving liberal encouragement of the business of the boats, which, in turn, enhances the value of their own interests.

SOUTHWARD EMIGRATION.

There is, no doubt, a strong, and yet a hesitating, tendency on the part of many toward the Southern States as their future homes. Considerable numbers of enterprising men have already gone thither for prospecting or for settling. The confusion that the war has occasioned in the business condition of that part of the country, encourages the hope of chances for a good beginning by new comers. It also appears to hold out promises of success to speculation and trade. The attractions of climate, of cheap land and ready markets have also their weight. To these influences, may be added the published expressions of the wish, by Southern people, for the settlement among them of people from the North.

But after all there is, as yet, an observable tardiness and hesitation. It would be strange, if there were not. That part of our country has not appeared, hitherto, to much advantage in Northern eyes, when seen from the distance. Nor has it appeared under favorable circumstances to the large number of our citizens who have, as soldiers in our armies, visited and traversed it. Many of their recollections and associations of mind, connected with the country, are anything but agreeable. The time has been too short to efface these impressions. The prosperity of business, the abundance of employment and the compensations of labor in the North, are too ample to favor emigration from it, in any direction.

Besides, there are some indications in the South which have a tendency to keep our people from going in that direction, even if they were disposed to move. The unsettled state of society, the old prejudices still lingering and not always inactive, the annoyances, and possibly the dangers that might thence arise, the uncertainty of success or comfort in the pursuits of industry, the want of educational privileges, and many other considerations arise to suggest prudent delay. While it is evident that many of the leading Southern people desire the ingress of Northern or European laborers, it is not so clear that they wish for men of enterprise to engage in business among them, to start manufactures, to give impulse and direction to trade. It is easy to discover how such a discrimination may be made, and how it may affect the interest of capital and enterprise. The Southern people who have depended on slave labor, now place little reliance on the negroes. To supercede them altogether as the laboring class would comport with their views better than to employ them, provided that they could secure labor from other hands. But men of capital, enterprise and business tact, coming in any considerable numbers among them, would occupy positions, sway influence, give tone to business and society, and so, perhaps, trench upon old usages, prerogatives and ideas, to the disadvantage of those who have held hereditary possession.

We have noticed, in some correspondence from Wilmington, N. C., statements which corroborate these views. The enormous rents charged for business houses and the high municipal exactions for licenses, and, especially, the demand of payments in gold, instead of United States currency, in these transactions, show a purpose to discriminate, as far as possible, against business men from the North. Such indications we, of course, regret, as we believe the true interest of the South, as of the whole country, would be promoted by a liberal mixing and coalescence of population, by the settlement of manufacturers, merchants, farmers and laborers, among our Southern people in the peaceable pursuit of their several callings.

CAPTAIN HALL IN THE ARCTIC REGION.

Captain C. F. HALL, of the Arctic Exploring Expedition, has written a letter to Mr. B. S. OSBON, the Naval Reporter of the New York Associated Press, in which he makes some interesting allusions to his cold journey in the Arctic regions. It comes from lat. 60° 31′ N., long. 86° 3′ W., and is dated August 20, 1865. He mentions E-BIER-BING and his wife TOO-KOO-LI-TOO, the two Innuits whom he had in New York for a while prior to the sailing of the expedition. He says their company is invaluable. The women and children where they wintered thought more of them than any of their own community. Captain H. received a New York *Herald* two months and eighteen days after the date of publication. It contained the news of the end of the war, but also the assassination of President LINCOLN. The first fact threw him into transports of joy; the last one fell upon him like a thunder-clap, and for a short time he was anything and everything but himself. He found a theatre in progress on board one of the vessels of the expedition, the thermometer being from 50° to 70° below freezing point, where "Damon and Pythias" was produced by the boys in a most remarkable manner. He calls the performers a "Hudson's Bay Company."

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The principal continues to decrease, although the statement for October does not show so large a reduction as in September. In some of its other features, however, the report of the Secretary is still more satisfactory than the previous one,—and the showing, as a whole, is eminently encouraging.

◆

WOMEN FOR THE PACIFIC.—The ship Continental has been lying in New York harbor for some time to receive her cargo of young women for Washington, on the Pacific, and her departure is set down for one week from to-day. It is represented that many of the ladies, who are factory girls from Massachusetts, find their courage giving out as the day for leaving approaches, and fear to consign themselves to the uncertainties of the enterprise. On the contrary, it is represented that all the ship's room is engaged, and that opportunity to go has been eagerly accepted. Several ladies from Ohio are said to have taken passage.

◆

THE ASSETS.—We are getting in a condition when the assets of the war can be summed up. First. The life of the Republic has been saved. Second. Slavery has been destroyed. Under this head we enumerate, in detail, the following States, which have put into their constitutions the everlasting principle of Freedom, where Slavery before existed—namely: Virginia, Maryland, Arkansas, Tennessee, Louisiana, Alabama, West Virginia, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Mississippi. Florida is about to be added to the list, and Texas will not long remain on the list of Slave States, which will then be composed of Kentucky and Delaware.

◆

IRON CAR BOTTOMS.—The Philadelphia *Age* credits to the Pittsburgh *Post* the suggestion that the bottoms of passenger cars should be of iron, and the *Press* remarks that the suggestion is "not the less forcible and opportune because originally made by the editor of a paper who was so terrible a sufferer in the accident near Lancaster." If there is any merit in the suggestion, it belongs to the COMMERCIAL, in whose columns it was "originally made."

PERSONAL.

—The following incident of Joe Johnston is thought to be worth relating for the moral it contains: The General was walking on the street, in Baltimore, with one of his old Union friends with whom he had been very intimate before the war, and for whom he entertained the kindest feelings afterwards. They were walking together, when General Johnston was approached by a young Baltimore "Secesh" gentleman. A friendly salutation passed. Very soon the Baltimore sympathizer remarked: "General, I regret to say you were obliged to surrender to superior, overpowering numbers, but we are *not whipped*." "You have taken no active part, I believe, in the Confederate army?" said the General. "No," was the reply. "Well, sir," continued General Johnston, "I don't know how it is with you gentlemen that staid away and did your fighting for us in mere words and sympathy, far out of 'long range,' but for myself I consider we are whipped, and that effectually; I don't want any worse whipping." The youthful sympathizer discovered his mistake and walked off, a wiser man, prepared to disabuse his mind of the hallucination that "we are not whipped."

—When Gov. Curtin had concluded his address, at the dedication of the Girard Monument, two young ladies representing Pennsylvania and South Carolina, stepped upon the stand and presented the orator with boquets. Miss Barbara Kaiser, as Pennsylvania, said, "Please accept this; it is a tribute to the soldier's friend." Miss Dora Norris, as South Carolina, presented her token of regard in respectful silence. The gallant Governor responded with a hearty kiss of each fair State, in the presence and amid the laughter of the great congregation. The same ladies presented boquets to Mr. Rice, with the sentiment, "We appreciate your noble munificence. Please accept this offering." Not to be outdone in gallantry by the Governor, Mr. Rice implanted still heartier kisses on their not unwilling cheeks, to the great meriment of his many friends. It is also related that to a persistent and universal call for "Rice," the well-known gentleman responded and won repeated plaudits, making several telling hits at the expense of Governor Curtin, as well as himself. His thanks to the people for the interest they had taken in the Girard Monument to the brave dead, were hearty and heartfelt. Brief but warmly approving letters were read from President Johnson, Lieutenant General Grant and Major Generals Meade, Sherman and Hancock.

—The banking firm of James Boyd & Bros., of Chicago, failed in consequence of the suspension of Ketchum & Sons, New York. They have since paid all their liabilities and commenced business again.

—About two years ago, the late Lord Palmerston sent to Mr. Adams, then, as now, United States minister in London, a note demanding explanations for something done by the Government at Washington. The tone of the note was replete with the insolence so natural to Palmerston, with an added edge derived from his sympathy with the rebels. Mr. Adams sent it back with the information that official communications could only be received by him through the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, and that the author of this piece of impertinence must never presume to address him again. It was many months before a reconciliation took place between them.

—Caleb Cushing left for England in the same ship that took out Sir Morton Peto and his party. It seems to be understood that Mr. Cushing goes out in a semi-diplomatic capacity in relation to the demands made on Great Britain for indemnity for damages made by rebel privateers that were built and manned in England. Mr. Cushing, has, of course, been extremely reticent on this subject in his conversations, but it is understood that our Government does not retreat from its position of demanding indemnity. The rumor is that Mr. Cushing will, in case the British Government still declines to accede, make a strenuous endeavor to have the matter referred to the powers of France and Russia. It is suggested that Sir Morton will be able to give Mr. Cushing some reliable hints in regard to the manner of procedure with the British Administration.

—In New York it is rumored that a society of single gentlemen is in formation there, for the purpose of discountenancing the habits of extreme luxury and extravagance among the young ladies. It is well known that the society attempted last year, by some ladies, for a similar purpose, failed most miserably. New York seems to be rapidly approaching the Parisian condition of morals, and all the attempts hitherto made to redeem it have resulted in utter failure. Hence the novel method now said to be taken, which is modeled after a similar attempt at Marseilles, France, where six thousand single gentlemen banded together and swore not to marry until the ladies abandoned their present habits of extravagance.

—On Monday evening, the 23d ult., and on Tuesday evening, the 24th, Forrest acted Richlieu and King Lear in New Haven; and on Thursday and Friday evening last repeated the same characters at Hartford, to an average of the four nights of ten hundred and eighty dollars per night. On Monday evening, the 30th, and on Tuesday night, the 31st, he repeated the same characters at Springfield, and on Tuesday and Friday nights he acted the same parts at Worcester.

—Gen. Kilpatrick has had revived against him the charge of irregularity in some business early in the war, which has brought out this explanation: The truth is, when raising his regiment of cavalry early in the war, he required a hundred horses to fill his ranks, and oddly, but honestly, commissioned the Rev. Sidney A. Corey, a popular Baptist preacher, to buy them. Corey undertook the incongruous duty, and may have made some money; but Kilpatrick, it was proved before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, had no share in his gain.

◆

The Presbyterian congregation of Clearfield will commence the erection of a new church edifice in that town early next spring.

WHAT'S IN THE WIND?—It is rumored from Washington that the Government has suddenly stopped the sale of boats, wagons, and everything else in the line of transportation. It is inferred that a sudden emergency has arisen. This rumor, taken in connection with the report that the iron-clads are to be got ready for immediate service, certainly seems to suggest that something is in the wind,—that is, if there is truth in the reports.

◆

THE Great Northern Railway, in England, is going to introduce a system of consuming the smoke of the locomotives, and thereby, at the same time, manufacture the necessary gas for lighting the trains. Will some gentleman send over to Pittsburgh some distinct idea of the method for "consuming smoke?"

◆

IT is a significant fact, that the New York *News* goes to the trouble and expense of giving the fullest possible reports of the speeches of WENDELL PHILLIPS. The reason no one can fail to detect.

◆

FREEDOM'S TRIUMPH.—By the passage of the anti-slavery amendment in Georgia, slavery is extirpated in the whole vast region bounded on the north by Pennsylvania, Delaware, Ohio, Kentucky, and Iowa, on the east by the Atlantic ocean, on the south by Florida and the Gulf of Mexico, and on the west by Texas, the Indian Territory, and Kansas. Not less than three and a half millions of human beings have thus been liberated from bondage. The cotton kingdom is redeemed, and King Cotton rules no more over groaning millions of down-trodden slaves. We do not exaggerate when we say that no triumph of this century equals this in sublimity.

◆

THE TEST OATH.—Col. Forney writes to the *Press*: "From what I can gather, there is growing feeling in favor of maintaining and enforcing the oath: and this is directly traceable to the recent evidences of bad faith among prominent ex-rebels. What if there had been no such bar as this same oath, or if the law that established it had been repealed? These questions are asked by many who, before these evidences of worse than renewed disloyalty, were calmly discussing the propriety of admitting the whole body of the Southern claimants for seats in the new Congress."

◆

WAR LITERATURE.—Captain E. A. Paul, who accompanied, as *Times* correspondent, the cavalry arm of the army of the Potomac, in its later and more glorious campaigns, has amassed a prodigious amount of material for a history of the cavalry service, and is now preparing his work for the press. He designs to commemorate the deeds of each regiment separately, as well as in gross. John Savage is finishing a "Life of Andrew Johnson," prepared by authority, and with the aid, so far as official records are concerned, of its distinguished object.

◆

THE Newburyport *Herald* says: The cotton manufacturing companies of this city have voted to advance the wages of their operatives ten per cent., and will make the same take effect from the first of October. This is done of their own free will, without petition or action on the part of the operatives.

MARRIED:

DILWORTH—BERRY—On Thursday evening, November 2d, by Rev. Wm. B. McIlvaine, GEO. W. DILWORTH to MARY L., daughter of Geo. A. Berry, Esq.

EWING—ELDER—On Thursday evening, November 2d, by Rev. J. B. Clark, Mr. W. H. EWING to Miss ANNIE M. ELDER, both of Allegheny city.

THOMPSON—CAMPBELL—In Philadelphia, on Thursday, November 2d, 1865, by Rev. John Chambers, JAMES R. B. THOMPSON, of Pittsburgh, to Miss LIZZIE, only daughter of Wm. S. Campbell, deceased.

DIED:

HYDE—At his residence, 83 Robinson street, Allegheny, on Friday morning, November 3d, at 10½ o'clock, E. HYDE, in the 56th year of his age.

Funeral will take place at 2 o'clock, P. M., SABBATH, November 5th. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

By the use of
NEUTRAL SULPHATE OF LIME.

The best and most reliable article, put up in packages sufficient for one barrel. Sold wholesale and retail at

McCLARRAN'S DRUG STORE,
McCLARRAN'S DRUG STORE,

85 Market street, near Fifth street.
85 Market street, near Fifth street.

Also, the finest Indigo, best Soda Ash, pure Pine Tar, and the finest stock of Medicinal Liquors in the city. When in need of drugs or medicines, be sure to go the above named house, and you will get none but the best articles. oc10

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is prepared by the originator of the justly celebrated Coe's Cough Balsam. Mr. Coe has never prepared a medicinal article for public and general use, but what has stood the strongest tests, and has always borne the palm of victory over every disease it has been certified to cure. Will you who are suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, nausea, heartburn, sick headache, cramp and pains in the stomach and bowels, acidity of the stomach, cholera morbus, dysentery, and general debility and weakness of the whole system, try but a single bottle? We will never urge you again if we fail in this case. Our own knowledge of its merits, the united testimony of all who have ever tried it, the encomiums of hundreds of our own neighbors, your duty to yourself, and the beneficial result, as certain as sunshine, all urgently, persistently urge you to just try one bottle. If what we say is not correct—if our statements concerning its wonderful virtues are not found to be true—if you do not say that the operation of the medicine is instantaneous and perfectly wonderful—we will renounce our profession as caterers to the public health and retire from the field, admitting that we are incompetent to compound a medicinal preparation which would be entitled to your confidence. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street. no2-3t

RELIGIOUS.

☞ CHURCH DEDICATION.—The Plymouth Congregational church, on Hand street, will be dedicated to-morrow, (Sunday,) by religious services, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 7½ o'clock, P. M. Rev. HENRY D. MOORE, Pastor elect, will preach morning and evening. The public are cordially invited to attend. no4-1t

☞ THE REGULAR MONTHLY SERMON to young men will be preached by the Rev. WM A SNIVELY, at St. Andrews' church, on Sunday evening, the 5th inst. no4-1t

☞ THE REV. D. C. PAGE, D. D., has returned from Philadelphia and will again resume his pastoral duties—will preach in Christ's church, Allegheny city, on to-morrow morning, Sunday. Services commencing at the usual hour. no4-1t

SCHAEFFER & BUDENBERG'S APPARATUSES. Works at Backau-Magdeburg, Manchester and New York.

Patent steam-pressure, hydraulic, blast and vacuum gauges. Improved engine counters, (registers,) indicators and dynamometers. Patent steam traps, self-acting, saving steam and repairs by relieving the piston of back pressure. Patent steam-traps, saving steam in heating, cooking and drying arrangements. Patent automatic oil feeders. Patent watchman's time detectors. Patent low water detectors for steam boilers. Patent locomotive smoke-stack and spark arrester. Spring balances for locomotives. Hydraulic pumps for testing boilers, pipes, and for the service of Hydraulic presses. Air pumps, with patent gauge for testing gauges. Levels for machinists, water gauges, steam engines, and boiler fittings in general.

IGN. HAHN, Sole Agent,
Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer,
73 Grant street.

All articles warranted. Gauges tested and repaired. oc30 6mo-eod

FOR SALE—

A Valuable Farm and Coal Property.

The subscriber offers for sale a valuable FARM situated in Rostraver township, Westmoreland county, about one mile from the town of Belle Vernon, containing 187 acres of first rate farming land, well timbered and in good order. The improvements consist of a comfortable dwelling house, a frame barn, a large frame stable, a fine spring house newly built, and other out-houses. There is on the farm a young orchard of choice fruit trees just beginning to bear. The coal underlying this farm is of the best quality and easy of access, and is considered very valuable. There is also on the place a quarry of flag stone. Altogether this property offers great inducements to purchasers. For terms, &c., apply to the undersigned, on the premises. no3 6t-3taw S. F. JONES.

COAL, RIVER MEN AND CAPITALISTS,

Take Notice!

The undersigned have been appointed by the Stockholders of the Marine Railway Company to sell their valuable property, situated in Temperanceville, below Saw-mill Run, having a river front of 855 feet, and extending to the top of the hill, a distance of 800 feet, more or less, and through which the Steubenville Railroad runs, making it the most desirable piece of property now offered for sale, either for purposes of its present occupancy, Manufacturing Sites, or for Coal Landings, having at all times a good depth of water, and the best harbor for mooring Steam or Coal Boats to be found, and it is peculiarly and favorably situated for Furnace Sites, as the coal and ore could be directly taken from the Steubenville Railroad to the funnel head of the furnace, as it is about the height of of the stack above the level of the turnpike road, which also passes through the property. It is deemed unnecessary now to mention more of its advantages, as persons wishing to purchase will examine the property. The entire property, with all the improvements, consisting of Ways, Shafting, Chains, Engine, Saw-mill and Lumber, will be sold.

For terms, apply to either of the subscribers.

JOHN HOLMES,
WM. K. NIMICK,
WM. C. ROBINSON,
R. MILLER, Jr.,
no3-6t Committee.

NASBY.

Divers Views, Opinions and Prophecies of
YOURS TROOLY,
PETROLEUM V. NASBY.

This volume will contain *all* of NASBY'S best productions heretofore published, and a mass of humorous papers entirely new, and will be in every respect a complete collection of his writings.

The work will be issued in elegant style, on fine white paper, clearly printed, handsomely illustrated, and strongly bound in new style cloth, and leather. It will be in every respect a superb volume.

It is unnecessary to give a history of Nasby, as he is well known throughout the country, and is appreciated by all who love genuine wit. We will, however, quote what the late President Lincoln said of him, which will be sufficient to satisfy all as to the peculiar merit of the work:

"I am going to write to Petroleum to come down here, and I intend to tell him if he will communicate his talent to me, I will swap places with him!"—*President Lincoln's conversation with F. B. Carpenter, the Artist.*

The book will be ready about November 10, and will contain upward of 400 pages. It will be sold exclusively by subscription, through traveling agents.

"This work contains the most complete exhibition of the arguments in favor of Union and staple government, put forward in a humorous light, ever written."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"We hail with delight this humorous, instructive and patriotic work."—*Philadelphia Press.*

"Nasby has a vein of the richest humor that has yet been developed in this country, combining the grace of Doesticks with the racy sarcasm of Artemus Ward, and the rollicking imagination of Lovengood."—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Agents wanted in every city and town. Exclusive territory given, and liberal inducements offered.

General Agents for Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Eastern Ohio,
EMERY & HOWES,
no3-tf 359 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—

150 Bbls. prime Onions.
10 Tons Mill Feed.
300 Bushels Ear Corn.

STURGEON BROS.,
no4-3t 303 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—

A Span of Black Horses,

Five years old. Can be seen at the Red Lion Hotel, St. Clair street, TUESDAY, 7th inst.

no4-2t L. C. BRINTON.

HOUSE ON FERRY STREET FOR SALE.—A large and conveniently located

THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

situated No. 38 Ferry street, now occupied as a boarding house, and well adapted for such use or for a private residence.

S. S. BRYAN,
no4-6t 59 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

COAL BARGES,

Now loaded, lying in Pool No. 2. Inquire at

BREWER, BURKE & CO.'S,
no4-tf corner Hancock st. and Duquesne Way.

LARGE STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE, cylinder twenty-six inches, five foot stroke, poppet valve, heavy bed plate, governor, &c. New and of most approved style, suitable for a Rolling Mill.

Inquire of
M'CLINTOCK, ROGERS & CO.,
no4-3t 121 Second street.

LOST.

Lost on the mail train of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad on Thursday morning, 2d inst., between Pittsburgh and West Newton, TWO BONDS on the Youghiogheny Shaft Company. One for $1,000 and one for $500 each. No. 1 with coupon attached, without being numbered. A suitable reward will be paid for the return of the same to the undersigned at West Newton. Payment of said Bonds and Coupons has been stopped.

J. W. BLACKBURN,
no4-1t President of Y. S. Co.

DWELLINGS FOR SALE.

A Chance for a Good Investment.

The three LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, situated Nos. 155, 157 and 159 Second street. Each contains ten rooms, newly papered, Gas, Water, Bath Rooms, &c. Subject to a ground rent of $148 75 per annum; now renting for $1,200 per year. Taxes and insurance paid for twelve months. Inquire of

REYMER & BROS.,
no4-1w Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.
(Chronicle copy.)

VOCAL CONCERT.

We, the undersigned, pupils of Mr. CLEMENT TETEDOUX, take pleasure in announcing to our friends and the musical community, that we shall give a VOCAL CONCERT at MASONIC HALL, on the 13th instant.

Soprani—Mrs. Emily Cram, Mrs. Annie Sheib, Miss Emeline Addison, Miss Libbie Schwartz, Miss Maggie McCandless, Miss Mary Laughlin.
Mezzo Soprano—Miss Eliza Cowley.
Contralti—Miss Leila Addison, Miss Sallie Ward.
Tenore—Mr. Paul Zimmerman.
Baritoni—Mr. Wm. Edwards, Mr. Henry Colton.

Admission 75 cents; secured seats, $1. Doors will open at 7½ o'clock, and Concert begin quarter to 8 o'clock. The sale of tickets will commence at 9 o'clock on Thursday morning, Nov. 9th, at C. C. MELLOR'S Music Store, 81 Wood street. no4-tf

FLINT GLASS WORKS

FOR RENT.

ONE-HALF of the well known MULVANY GLASS WORKS, BUILDINGS AND PROPERTY, will be leased for a term of years to a responsible party, for One Thousand Dollars per annum. Repairs, taxes, insurance, &c., to be paid by the tenant. Possession 1st of January, 1866. Apply at

C. IHMSEN & SON'S,
Nos. 133 and 135 First st., and 104 Second st.
no4-3t (Chronicle copy.)

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

no1-eod

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

C. OSCANYAN,

THE DISTINGUISHED ORIENTALIST,

Will Lecture in

LAFAYETTE HALL,

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7th.

SUBJECT:

TURKISH LIFE AND MANNERS.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture 7¾ o'clock. Single tickets 50 cents.

THOS. BAKEWELL, JR., WM. B. EDWARDS,
R. C. ALBREE, CHAS. L. CALDWELL,
JAS. J. DONNELL, O. McCLINTOCK,
no4-3t Lecture Committee.

SKATES.

SKATES.

SKATES.

2,500 PAIR

Ladies,

Gents and

Children's

SKATES

IN EVERY VARIETY,

For sale low by

JAMES BOWN,

no3-1m No. 136 Wood street.

JAMES BOWN,

MANUFACTURER OF

IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,

FOR

Sinking Oil, Salt and Other Wells,

No. 136 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Tools warranted made of the very best SLIGO AND LOW MOOR IRON.

WELL BORERS

Furnished at

LOWEST CASH PRICES

With such articles as are necessary to conduct operations, viz:

ANVILS,
BELLOWS,
VISES,
SLEDGES,
HAMMERS,
SHOVELS,
PICKS,
AXES,
HATCHETS,
SAWS,
SQUARES,
CHISELS,
WRENCHES,
PLANES,
LEVELS,
NAILS, &c.

Rope, Leather and Gum Belting,

All of which I have constantly in store. no3 3m

STEWART AND RICKETS.—INFORMATION WANTED of Mr. STEWART, marble dealer, of Pittsburgh, Pa., on the banks of the Allegheny river, who married a Miss Ricketts. This lady and her brother, ELIAS RICKETTS, or their heirs, will hear something greatly to their advantage by addressing S. JESSURUN, 439 Broadway, New York. oc31 3teod

APPLES.

200 Barrels Green Apples

Just received and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.
Pittsburgh, October 20, 1865. oc21

FOR SALE—

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND,

In an eligible situation, on Pennsylvania avenue. Terms easy. Inquire of

JAMES S. STRICKLER,
Office, corner Wylie and Fifth streets, above Coyle's Shoe Store. oc19

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged **ten cents per line.** *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* **forty cents.**

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Employment, by a man just from Sweden. Is accustomed to taking care of horses, &c. Would do any kind of work; understands English; can give good satisfaction as to character, moral habits, &c. Address CHARLES, at this Office. no3-4t

WANTED—PARTNER.

WANTED—Partnership Wanted —A business man wishes to invest $10,000 or $12,000 in a business where he can become an active partner. References exchanged. Address "M.," box 598 Postoffice. no4-2t

WANTED—Partnership wanted. A business man wishes to invest $15,000 or $20,000 in a business where he can become an active partner. References exchanged. Address "PARTNER," Commercial office. no2 3t

WANTED—TO SELL.

WANTED—Horses For Sale.—22 strong work horses in good condition. Some of them good drivers for families. Can be seen at the first toll gate on Penn street. P. WORSLEY. no4 1t

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—A house and some garden, on Perryville Road, within three miles of Pittsburgh, or on any leading railroad within twelve miles. Address M. F. K., P. O. Box 268. oc27-6t

WANTED—To Rent—In Pittsburgh or Allegheny, a house, or part of a house, containing from three to six rooms. Address "COMP," Commercial office, Pittsburgh, Pa. no4-1t

WANTED—A good house for a good tenant,—Allegheny preferred. Address oc3-tf "C.," Commercial office.

WANTED—CANVASSERS.

WANTED—Great chance for agents—What the people want—the STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, complete in one large volume of over 1,000 pages, splendidly illustrated with over 150 fine portraits of Generals, battle scenes, maps and diagrams. This work has no rival as a candid, lucid, complete, authentic and reliable history of the war. It contains reading matter equal to three large octavo volumes. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. oc24-d&w3m

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—$10 to $50 a Day—Men to engage in a pleasant and paying business, to give us a call. Parties going South or West will do well to call on us before leaving the city. The capital required is $25 to $500, and pays from $10 to $50 a day. An examination of the business, the cost, the demand, the sales and profits, will set skepticism at defiance, and capitalists to thinking. Do you wish to do a large business on a small capital? here is a chance. The results are equal to those of a large capital in common business giving you a pleasant, paying and permanent business, suited to the times. TILDEN & CO., No. 60 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. se17-tf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.

On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of

Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers,

Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.

Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.

RICHARD MALLAY,
mh31-1y 122 West Second st., Cincinnati, O.

CAUTION.

THE LAND, LOTS AND APPURTENANCES, in Allegheny county, and heretofore owned and occupied by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a Canal, having been conveyed by the State in fee simple to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, all persons are hereby CAUTIONED from purchasing or leasing the same, or any portion thereof, from any persons whatever other than the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., or their assigns. This CAUTION has been deemed proper in view of certain advertisements, by unauthorized parties, offering to sell, rent, or lease certain portions of said land and property.

HAMPTON & MORELAND,
no1-1m Solicitors for Owners.

THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES make the Lock Stitch, and rank the highest on account of the elasticity, permanence and general desirableness of the stitching, when done. —*Report of American Institute, N. Y.*

These Machines are warranted three years. Instruction given in its use without charge, and there is no investment which pays a better interest, or brings more comfort, health, happiness and relief to the household. Call and see them in operation before purchasing elsewhere, at the office of

E. P. CARPENTER,
oc31 No. 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

FALL AND

WINTER GOODS.

KNIT SHIRTS and
DRAWERS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
NUBIAS,
HOODS,
COMFORTS,
SHAWLS,
GLOVES and
HOSIERY,

In Full Stock.

R. H. PALMER,

no1 84 Wood street.

CARD.

RUSSELL & HALL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

69 Tchoupitoulas street,

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

REFERENCES:

DOUGHERTY, WOOD & CO., Baltimore.
GEORGE A. WOOD, Philadelphia.
DOVALE & CO., New York.
F. NICKERSON & CO., BALDWIN, BOTUME & CO., WISE & RUSSELL, Boston.
R. W. POINDEXTER, Pittsburgh.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

oc28-3m

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have associated with us GEORGE P. McBRIDE, the Co-partnership dating from August 8th, 1865.

NIMICK & CO.

ALEX. NIMICK..........WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES FRAZIER..........GEO. P. M'BRIDE.

NIMICK & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

PIG IRON AND BLOOMS,

95 WATER and 122 FRONT STS.,
nov2:1m PITTSBURGH.

HATHAWAY, LEACH & STEARNS,
417 ARCH street, Philadelphia,

Manufacturers of
Boring Tools, Steam Engines and Boilers. Dealers in Portable Saw Mills, Engine and Hand Lathes, Planers, Bolt Cutters, Power Punches, Drills, Slide Rests, Scroll and Independent Jaw Chucks.

Depot for Banks, Dinmore & Co.'s Platform, Beam, Railroad Track, Coal and Hay Scales. oc31-3m

STRAY MARE.

Taken up on the night of the 31st ult., a DARK SORREL MARE, with white star on forehead, and short tail. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

DAVID ELKIN,
nov2;3t Chief of the Allegheny City Police.

20,000 POUNDS NEW DRIED PEACHES.

ALSO, 200 DOZEN CANNED PEACHES.

In store and for sale by
COOK BROTHERS & CO.,
oc27 No. 12 Smithfield street.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF THE FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY, BOUNTY BONDS.—Holders of the Bonds issued by the School Directors of the Fourth Ward, Allegheny, dated May 1st, 1864, are hereby notified that Nos. 1 to 41 will be redeemed on presentation to D. HENTRIE, Treasurer of the Board, at the Second National Bank of Allegheny. If not presented before the 15th inst., interest will cease thereon.

no3-2t R. H. FRANCIS, President.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, November 1st, 1865.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 13th inst.

no3-2w C. H. RIGGS, Cashier.

THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, November 1, 1865.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of NINE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits since 1st of February last, payable on and after 13th inst. to stockholders or their legal representatives, free of United States tax. J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

no2-3td2tw

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the undersigned is in possession of LETTERS PATENT, granted to him for an improved

Fixing for Puddling or Boiling Furnace,

Said improvement being "the use of ground or pulverized iron orr mixed into a thick paste, or dough, with water," the same to be applied with a proper tool to the furnace, as required.

NOW, THIS IS TO CAUTION

All persons against infringing on my patent, by the vending or using of the same without my consent, as I shall claim the protection of the law against all such infringements.

HUGH McDONALD,
Manager Wayne Iron and Steel Works.
Pittsburgh, November 1, 1865. no2-1w

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON COMPANY, will be held at the office of Springer Harbaugh, Liberty street, on MONDAY, November 6th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

J. D. LAYNG,
no1 td Secretary.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, October 31, 1865.

AN ELECTION

FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS

Of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 92 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of November next, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WM. P. HERBERT,
no1-td Secretary.

LAWRENCE COUNTY BONDS.— Persons holding the Bonds of the County of Lawrence, Pennsylvania, issued for Railroad purposes, are requested to send to the undersigned a statement of the amounts and numbers of the Bonds they hold, and the Railroad to which they were issued; the object being to have concerted action in an amicable arrangement between the holders and the County of Lawrence.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
oc30 6t Wood street, corner of Third.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

OFFICE JONES' FERRY COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, October 28, 1865.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Jones' Ferry Company will take place on MONDAY, November 6th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of A. D. & D. M. SMITH, Water street, Pittsburgh, at which time and place an election for Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held.

WM. M. HERSH,
oc30 7t Secretary.

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.
PITTSBURGH, October 23, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the stockholders of the Western Transportation Company, that a special meeting will be held at the office of said company on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of November, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of

T. P. JEWETT, President.
A. J. McDOWELL, Sec'y. oc24 td

OCTOBER 26, 1865.

OIL CREEK AND CHERRY RUN OIL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oil Creek and Cherry Run Oil Company will take place at the office of the company, No. 109 Fourth street, MONDAY, November 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before them. A. T. FAHNESTOCK,
oc26-td Clerk.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

I have this day associated GEORGE S. FOSTER, M. D., with me in the practice of

Homœopathy and Surgery.

Our friends and patrons will find us at all hours prepared to attend all calls, at No. 294 Penn street.

C. M. DAKE, M. D
October 7, 1865.—oc9-3m

OAKLAND PARK, September 18, 1865.

NOTICE.

TO HORSEMEN, OR TO THOSE WHO WISH TO PURCHASE.

Good horses for saddle or harness always on hand, and of the very best blood, for sale. Call and see for yourselves.

se19-tf H. B. VANVOORHIS.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO

A meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office, No. 31 Fifth street, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1865,

From 10 o'clock A. M. until 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

oc14-td HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of REUBEN BUGHMAN, deceased, late of Allegheny city, all persons having claims against the estate will present them without delay, and those indebted to the same will make payment in like manner to J. S. WILLOCK, 136 Water street.

Mrs. ANNE E. BUGHMAN,
JOHN S. WILLOCK,
ROBT. W. WILSON,
Executors.
no2-6td-6tw

GREAT WESTERN OIL COMPANY OF OHIO.

Capital Stock..........$150,000.
Working Fund..........25,000.
Par value of each Share..........1.00.

Office, No. 129 Fourth street.

JOHN R. CONDREY, President.
JOHN CROFT, Secretary and Treasurer. oc19-1m

POSITIVE SALE

FOR

ONE WEEK

OF

NEW DRY GOODS,

At Prices Below:

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,

92 Market street.

RUSSIA CRASH.
761 pieces extra heavy at 12½ cents per yard, sold everywhere for 20 cents, except at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

PRINTS.
One case at 20 cents, one case at 25, one case at 28, sold everywhere at 31 cents, except at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

4-4 BLEACHED SHIRTING,
One case very fine, only 31 cents per yard, sold everywhere at 45 cents, except at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

4-4 SHIRTING AND SHEETING,
Very extra quality for 37½ cts., sold everywhere at 50 and 62½ cts., except at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

PRINTED DELAINES,
50 pieces for 25 cents per yard, can only be had at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

4-4 FRENCH CHINTZES,
Only 40 cts. per yard, sold everywhere for 87½ cts., except at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

7-8 and 4-4 LINEN SHEETINGS,
Only 37½ and 50 cents per yard—cheaper than cotton—can only be found at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
Only $2 12½, sold elsewhere at $2 50.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
Cheaper than any house west of New York; to be convinced, come and see.

SATIN PLAID POPLINS,
Double Fold, Plaid and Stripe, great bargains, only 62½ cents. Sold everywhere at $1 00 per yard.

PLAID SATIN EMPRESS,
Book Fold; beautiful goods; cheap at $1 00. GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S price only 62½ cents.

FRENCH MERINOS,
Poplins, Reps, Empress Cloths, Bombazines, Corded Merinos and Delaines, Mohairs, Silk Lusters, French Plaids, Scotch Plaids, Paisley Plaid, black and white Plaids; all new goods; cheaper than them all, for ONE WEEK, or during the GREAT SALE, at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

CLOTH CLOAKS,
Will you buy at $6 00? at $8 00? at $10 00? at $12 00? at $14 00? at $16 00? at $17 00? at $18 00? at $25 00? Fifty styles to select from. $5 00 on a Cloak cheaper than elsewhere, at our Cloak and Shawl Rooms, 92 Market street.

TABLE LINENS,
62½@75 cents. Tweeds, 37½ cents. Cassimeres, 87½ cents and $1. Flannels cheap. Everything cheap, during the great sale for one week, at GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S.

KID GLOVES,
Best quality, stiched or plain, only $1 50.
no1-1w

FINE LUBRICATING OIL.

50 BBLS. LUBRICATING OIL,

A very fine quality, equal to the Smith Ferry oil, and a superior article for machinery, for sale by

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,
Nos. 112 and 114 Second street.
October 21, 1865. oc21-tf

BARLEY.

4,000 bushels Barley,

In store, and arriving. For sale by

SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.,
oc28-1w No. 209 Liberty street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

Choice Manufacturing Site,

Situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, immediately above Reese, Graff & Dull's rolling mill, bounded and described as follows, viz: beginning at the north east corner of Pine alley and Wilson street; thence along Pine alley one hundred and sixty-eight feet; thence to the river; thence down the river to Wilson W.; thence along Wilson W. to Pine alley, the place of beginning. Being lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, in block 37, Springfield plan.

A good frame building is on the lot, suitable for an office. Also, a stack, which might be used as it stands thus saving a considerable item of expense in the erection of a mill.

Also, a well of excellent water, besides being supplied with the city water.

If not sold previously, we will offer it at public sale on FRIDAY, November 3d, 1865. Sale to open at 10 A. M. Terms cash.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
oc9-td No. 325 Liberty street.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estates of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out in lots of various sizes, from one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets (40 feet) and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most eligible locations around the city. The air being pure, free from the smoke and soot arising from the vast consumption of coal in the city, renders the location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property more desirable. Being but 2 miles from the Court House, (via Wylie street) having a good road, it can be reached in a pleasant walk of twenty-five or thirty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and pleasant to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
ju5-tf Attorney, NO. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

500 ACRES OF COAL

FOR SALE.

ON THE

THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER,
With about One Hundred Acres of surface.

JAMES O'HARA,
jun6-tf 27 Irwin Street.

FOR SALE.

A Brick Dwelling,

30 by 32 feet, two stories high, on Broadway, New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa. Two rooms can be converted into a store-room at little expense, being a splendid location for business. For terms apply to the subscriber, three doors above Wm. Kennedy's store, on Broadway, New Brighton, Pa.

oc27-6t HENRY STAUFFER.

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE.

The brick dwelling, No. 200 Wylie street.

WM. H. M. PUSEY,
N. H. PUSEY,
Executors of the estate of N. Pusey, dec'd.

Also, FOR SALE, a brick house and three acres of ground with fine orchard, on Francis street.

For terms, apply to WILLIS BOOTHE,
oc20 tf No. 153 Liberty street.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE— Pleasantly situated, in Fayette county, Pa., one mile from Miltonberg Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, 170 acres, more or less, well watered; one hundred acres cleared, balance well timbered, fences good, a good apple orchard and other fruits, frame cottage house bank barn, stone milk house and other out-buildings. The property will suit to be divided. For price and terms apply to

no1-6td&3tw] MATTHEW COOLEY, on the farm.

3000 ACRES VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—A home for everybody—a farm whereon a man can make an independent fortune, for a few hundred dollars, within the reach of everybody. Rich soil, plenty of coal and lumber, near a good market. Oil developements near the lands are progressing with good success.

For information, plans, &c., address or inquire of

WM. H. BRILL,
oc6 77 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa.

FOR SALE—

20 Shares Manchester Passenger Railway Stock.
100 " Columbia Oil Stock, at $25 50.
1000 " Pittsburgh and New York Oil Stock.

Apply soon.

B. McLAIN & CO.,
no3 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—

A highly productive FARM, of 124 acres, in Nicholson township, Fayette county, Pa., known as the Crozier Farm, with Coal, Houses, Barns, Orchard, Sugar-camp, and one of the best prospects of OIL in all the vicinity, with movable property too tedious to name. Day of sale, December 5th, 1865.

no3-2d&3tw JOHN CROZIER.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE

AT REDUCED PRICES,

7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 14 feet long 32 inches diameter by

M. DARRAGH & CO.

Engine builders and oil tool manufacturers, at Fallston, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. my31

DISSOLUTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership between MICHAEL O'HARA, A. C. SCHULZ and J. H. ROBINSON was dissolved on the 26th day of September, 1865, so far as relates to the said A. C. Schulz. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid, and those due from the same discharged, at No. 6 Smithfield street where the business will be continued by the said M. O'Hara and J. H. Robinson, under the firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON.

MICHAEL O'HARA,
A. C. SCHULZ,
J. H. ROBINSON.
se27:6w

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of STEEL & BAILEY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN D. BAILEY, who continues the business, is duly authorized to settle the outstanding accounts of said firm.

THOMAS STEEL,
JOHN D. BAILEY.

In retiring from the firm of STEEL & BAILEY, I cordially recommend my late partner to the patronage of our former friends and customers.

THOMAS STEEL.

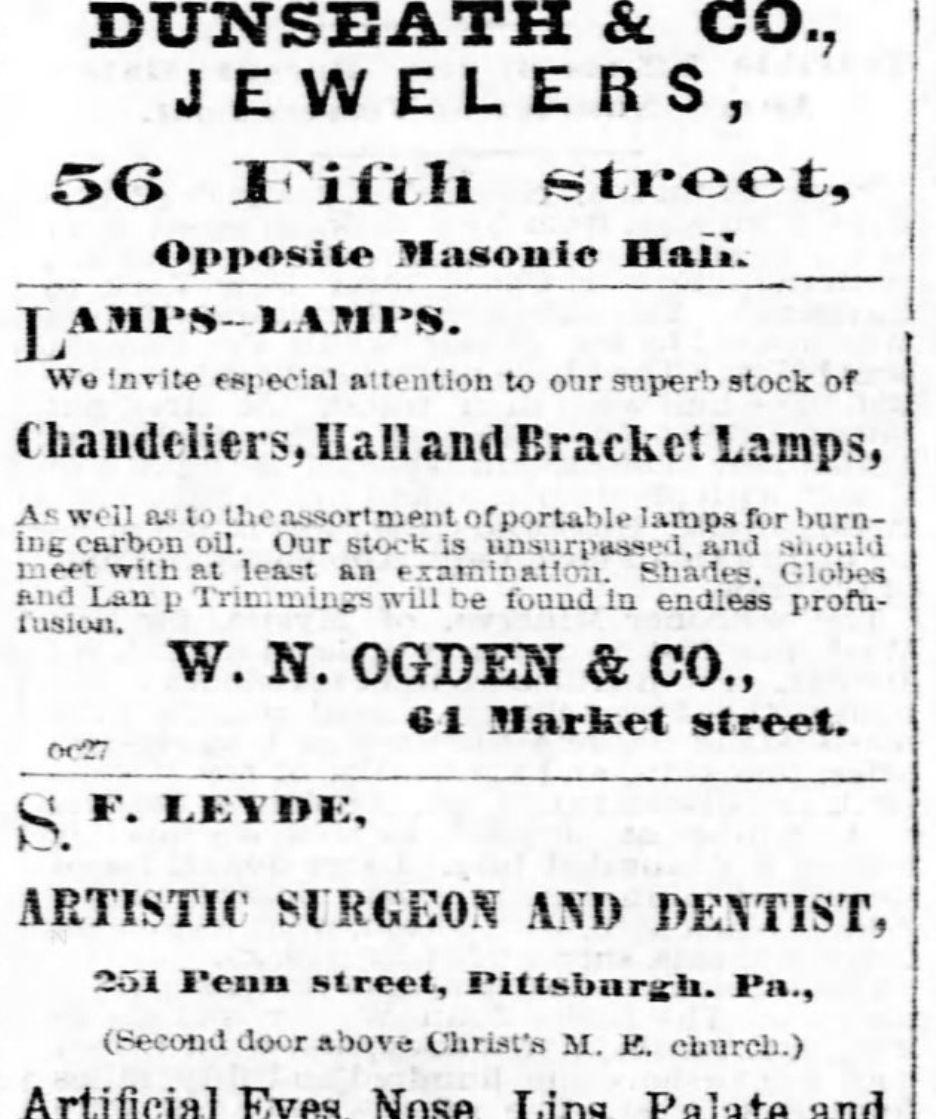
JOHN D. BAILEY,
(Successor to Steel & Bailey,)

Stock Broker and Real Estate Agent.

Stocks bought and sold on commission. Office, Wilkins' Hall, Pittsburgh. oc23

Time and Distance Indicator,

[Copyright secured.]



Between Pittsburgh and the Principal Cities.

DUNSEATH & CO.,

JEWELERS,

56 Fifth street,

Opposite Masonic Hall.

LAMPS--LAMPS.

We invite especial attention to our superb stock of

Chandeliers, Hall and Bracket Lamps,

As well as to the assortment of portable lamps for burning carbon oil. Our stock is unsurpassed, and should meet with at least an examination. Shades, Globes and Lamp Trimmings will be found in endless profusion.

W. N. OGDEN & CO.,

61 Market street.

oc27

S. F. LEYDE,

ARTISTIC SURGEON AND DENTIST,

251 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

(Second door above Christ's M. E. church.)

Artificial Eyes, Nose, Lips, Palate and

TEETH.

Teeth perfectly fitted, articulated, shaped, sized and colored, to suit every individual case, in perfect imitation of nature, and mounted on FINE GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM and PORCELAIN. Also, the common Vulcanized Rubber, or cheap "blow work."

Persons desiring this kind of work can get a better article for $4 to $9, with beautiful gums, a more natural appearance and finer finish than can be made by any "steam machinery."

Call and see ten different specimens, ranging in price from $4 to $75. All work guaranteed to be just as represented.

Having been in active practice for ten years, is thoroughly posted and prepared to perform every operation in the best manner.

Teeth Extracted

WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST PAIN,

By the use of a

Perfectly safe Anœsthetic.

oc31-3m

FOR SALE.

1 Oil Still, capacity 15 barrels.
3 Boilers, 32 in. 14 ft.
5 Boilers, 32 in. 16 ft.

D. F. AGNEW & CO.,
Boiler Works, corner Carson and Butler streets, Ninth Ward. oc24

100,000 DOMESTIC CIGARS.

100,000 CUBA SIXES.

In store and for sale by
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
oc28 corner Smithfield and Water streets.

CORN. Prime old shelled Corn arriving and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
oc17 333 Liberty street.

STATIONERY.

T SQUARES,

German silver and brass cases of

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.

TRIANGLES,
IRREGULAR CURVES,
Flat and triangular SCALES.

For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
no1 corner Wood and Third streets.

1866. DIARIES. 1866.

DIARIES of the usual varieties and styles, just received and for sale by

W. S. HAVEN,
oc30-6t corner Wood and Third streets.

LETTER BALANCES,

BILL HEAD BOXES,
POSTOFFICE BOXES, and
CALENDARS. For sale by

W. S. HAVEN,
oc30 corner Wood and Third streets.

POCKET KNIVES,

GOLD PENS,
RUBBER PEN HOLDERS,
And PENCILS.

For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
oc30 corner Wood and Third streets.

SALEM, OHIO.

Isaac Trescott,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.,

Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PAPER, RAGS, &c.,

No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chesnut west side,

dec13-1y PHILADELPHIA, PA.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

ED. S. BRYAN..........JNO. A. CAUGHEY.

BRYAN & CAUGHEY,

(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,

No. 74 Water Street,
jy7-1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

METAL BROKER,

NO. 124 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. [jy22

WM. A. McCLURG,

MERCHANDISE BROKER

And Commission Merchant in Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c.

AGENT FOR

Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof. Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.

OFFICE, No. 63 WOOD STREET.

au21-1y

JOHN MOORHEAD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR THE SALE OF

Pig Iron and Blooms.

NO. 74 WATER ST. PITTSBURGH.

Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22, 25, 28, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 40 pounds to the yard. je6

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,

Commercial Broker,

Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets,

Opposite the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
my29-1y

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills

Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,

Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.

Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

WINDOW SHADES,

Plain buff and green, gilt band and rustic styles, in great variety, at 107 Market street.

oc21 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WALL PAPER,

For dining rooms, halls, parlors, and chambers, in decorative and plain styles, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street.

oc21 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN,

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER,
PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,
Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh

BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

BOOK PUBLISHERS,

are prepared to do BOOK PRINTING, BOOK BINDING in all styles from the plainest to the most costly, and make

BLANK BOOKS

to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store, No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. no30

EDUCATIONAL.

STEUBENVILLE

FEMALE SEMINARY.

The Winter Session of this Institution will open on the first MONDAY of November, (6th).

Terms: boarding, room, light, &c., $90 per session of five months. Tuition, $10 to $20, according to class. Washing, 50 cts. per dozen. Music, Painting, Languages and Fuel extra. Half in advance.

Rev. C. C. BEATTY, D. D., LL. D., Superintendent.
Rev. A. M. REID, A. M., Principal. no1-6t

LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!

Liberty White Lead!

Liberty White Lead!

TRY IT TRY IT!
TRY IT! TRY IT!

Warranted to cover more surface, *for same weight*, than any other. Buy *the best*, it is *the cheapest!*
Liberty Lead *is whiter* than any other.
Liberty Lead *covers better* than any other.
Liberty Lead *wears longer* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more economical* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more free from impurities* and is WARRANTED *to do more and better work, at a given cost* than any other.

Buy the BEST, it is the CHEAPEST.

Manufactured and warranted by

Ziegler & Smith,

WHOLESALE

DRUG, PAINT & GLASS DEALERS,

137 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Sold in Pittsburgh at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

DRUG AND PATENT MEDICIND DEPOT,

No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street jul6:6mws

AT EATON'S, 17 FIFTH STREET,

Just Received,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE GOODS AND EMBRODERIES;
LACE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS;
BONNET, NECK AND SASH RIBBONS;
EXTRA SILK BELTING—full line;
PLAID VELVET RIBBONS;
VELVET RIBBONS—all colors;
WHITE EDGE, SCARLET and BLACK VELVET RIBBONS;
NEW STYLE HAT VEILS;
THREAD AND LACE VEILS—full assortment;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
BEAD AND SILK BUTTONS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
Full line FURNISHING GOODS for Ladies and Gents;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
FULL LINE HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
FINE ASSORTMENT ZEPHYRS AND YARNS;
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS GENERALLY AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

F. H. EATON,

NO. 17 FIFTH ST.

se27

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRAULIC JACKS.

I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.

CHARLES MAGGI, Agent,
ju19-T.T&S 113 Third street.

BARLEY. A choice article of Canadian Barley, for sale by
D. WALLACE,
oc11 333 Liberty street.

The Daily Commercial

THE PULPIT.

The Church After the National Convulsion.

A CHARGE,

By the Right Rev. Geo. Burgess, D. D.,
Bishop of the Diocese of Maine.

We have survived a tremendous struggle. We have seen one of those mightiest convulsions, which change or settle for ages the face and currents of history. We stand now at the close; and we can neither bury and forget the past, nor avoid the uncertainty of the approaching future.

The voice of God must be heard, though not chiefly in the whirlwind and storm. He not only takes note of the destiny of nations, but orders and overrules them, and the history of these is the manifestation of His government. The interests of the Kingdom of Heaven are either bound up or intwined with them at so many points, that the Church can never stand apart in silence. We, my dear brethren, as ministers, or as true and earnest members of the flock of Christ, have need to pause, and consult on the meaning of these events for the Ark of God, around which we are gathered. How does religion emerge from all this noise of warriors, and this stern and confused pomp of garments rolled in blood? What is the attitude of the Church of God in times when the life of the empire which encloses its members is attacked by internal conspiracy and war; by the cannon of revolt, and the knife of assassination? What special duties are now imposed on the clergy and laity of our communion by the return of national peace?

I. The effects of the struggle on the religious character of the American people are in part already wrought; but must be far more developed hereafter. In judging those which are even now manifest, as well as in anticipating such as are yet to come, we must not be misled by maxims of ordinary and superficial application. War is a field in which every eye detects the seeds and beholds the manifest processes of much moral evil. It is itself and of necessity a suppression of many elements of human improvement, and it removes many of the wholesome restraints and softening influences through which the passions of men are subdued and confined. The very power, right and duty of wounding or slaying a fellow man, no one knows how often; the necessity of destroying or desolating the possessions on which many depend for enjoyment, comfort, or even bread; the vehement excitement of all the emotions or passions in scenes where life or death are in suspense; the outbursts, after such scenes are over, into boisterous mirth; the seasons of long inactivity, beyond a forced routine; the frequent sight of so much which must wound all the sensibilities till they are deadened; the unavoidable collection of many of the most reckless men; the suppression of common, peaceful and orderly habits and occupations; the absence from the constant kindly influences of home; and the necessary withdrawal from so many of the means of grace; all things concur to surround any soldiery, in time of actual and severe hostilities, with mighty perils for the soul. Some of these men will return, crippled in character, demoralized and hardened, possibly even into ruffians. It would never be a marvel should these injurious issues extend themselves into distant years.

But, while these ills are inseparable from all wars, the nature of the war may be such as to reduce them to their smallest dimensions and their least malignity. That war which is on one side a necessity cannot on that side be attended with inevitable and irresistible temptations. Duty cannot lead by necessity into regions of sin. When the citizens of a free country, at the call of their rulers, come together for its defense against the plots and violence of assailants, whether invaders from abroad or conspirators at home, who would rend asunder, alienate its territory, enslave its inhabitants, overthrow its government, and throw all society into anarchy and bloody confusion, then war is a sacred duty; and though a terrific calamity, it need not make the soldier less pure in morals or less faithful to God. That is no common warfare, which brings a whole nation of freemen to arms for no other cause but that they must obey their conscience. When they are sure that they would sin if they did not carry on war, they need not fear greater moral ills from war than from peace.

Some of those ills cannot be escaped; but they are counteracted by real and vast benefits, and may be far overbalanced. The unselfish might which a common, patriotic feeling, aroused to its utmost energy, can display to mankind, is a spectacle which reacts upon the people, and lifts them above meaner motives. They become conscious of a higher tone; they can make sacrifices; they are bold, brave, enduring. They believe that there are worthier ends than a life of ease, or the possession of wealth. They have offered themselves in the field to danger, and to probable death, for the defense of their brethren, their country, the laws and the common safety. No one can do this without becoming better than he was, unless in some other way he should be tempted to become worse; war, too, is discipline; and the individual learns obedience, order, subjection to the law, and harmonious co-operation with his associates. The torpid are aroused, the timid become heroic, and the veins of a whole nation are warmed with an inextinguishable glow. Recollections of such great struggles and battles of freedom remain as the very strength and bulwark of nations. War, patriotic war, establishes principles; is the foundation of institutions; diffuses intelligence; and generates or cherishes a love of energetic administration and of well regulated subordination. It is not all evil, not even though it were unsuccessful; but when, through the blessing of God, it issues in the triumph of justice and liberty, it is but the sad, yet willing payment of a precious price, for benefits by which it is repaid, and it must elevate rather than demoralize. Such a war, with all its griefs, will call out all which is noblest in men; courage, patience, self-sacrifice, the love of country, of kindred, of home; sympathy for suffering, beneficence in its behalf; justice and mercy. We all well know that many of these results have already been manifest among our countrymen. Those who have come from the field have not generally brought with them either ferocity or profligacy. Often have they come back manlier, wiser, more energetic, perhaps sadder men; not seldom, it is believed, more devout, more thoughtful, more ready to take up arms for Christ. And surely, the hearts of the people of the land have not bled without feeling the need of God's protection, love and peace. They have been lifted to Him, as never before, in importunate prayer and in loud thanksgiving. Hands have been stretched forth to works of mercy, with an almost unparalleled kindness and liberality, and not gifts alone, but the long, hard, perilous toil of men and women has been dedicated, cheerfully, eagerly, abundantly. We cannot say that all these have been the fruits of Christian faith and charity; would that they were! But surely, amongst them there has been much of this; and all was of a religion which borders close on the Kingdom of God. Let us hope, therefore, and believe till a painful experience shall disappoint us, that the religion of our nation will emerge from the trial of this terrible shock, purified and strengthened, and with a wider dominion over hearts that have so much wept and bled. Has there not been in smitten dwellings all the sanctifying influence which God is accustomed to send when He sends the tenderest bereavements? Has there not been a mighty flood of prayer, poured out before God throughout all these dark and troubled days? Has there not been the profoundest and most widespread feeling of dependence on His might, and of human insufficiency? Were we not astonished at the apparent earnestness of religious sentiment which was so often seen in those who had been persuaded, if not compelled, to take up arms in a most wicked cause? Have we not seen and heard the evidently sincere and deep confidence in the righteous God, which has been the strength of our departed, murdered President, and of so many of our rulers, and of such multitudes in our armies, and so largely of the nation itself? It cannot be that, called to such a struggle, we have been left to find in it a mere scene of resistless temptation, a mere process for hardening the heart. The hearts of men are really more tender; the soil is readier for the seed of heaven than before, unless all probabilities have been reversed, and every sign deceives.

With no discouragement, then, at heart, but with a more intense seriousness of purpose, let us, in peace as in war, gather to the sanctuary of our God, and "cast all our care upon Him who careth for us."

"Thou mak'st the sleeping billows roll,
Thou mak'st the rolling billows sleep."

II. It is a proper time to review the necessary and due attitude of the Church of Christ, at periods of great civil commotion; and amidst the attendant crimes, horrors, distresses, and heroic deeds.

The Church of Christ in any nation cannot be altogether distinguished from that nation. It is composed of the very individuals who form a large part of the national body; and, whether through the universal and general profession of one faith and baptism, or whether through the despotism which forbids more than one form of worship, and requires that one, it may be, as in some lands of Europe, that the visible Church in a country and the people of that country shall be almost identical in numbers. In the idea, they would be different bodies, and each would have its own constitution, organization and history. The rulers of the nation, though members of the Church, possess not necessarily any ecclesiastical authority or prominence. The ministers of the Church are citizens of the nation, and no more than any other citizens. But, notwithstanding the diversity of design and organization, there must not only be a very close sympathy, but so far as the members of the Church and the citizens of the State are the same persons, a perfect identity of feeling and interest. If one and all have in one of these departments a certain character, embracing the actual sentiments of the heart, they cannot, when they act in the other department, leave this character behind. A faithful Christian is a righteous citizen; he who fears God and does justly in public affairs, cannot be in the Church a false hypocrite. If, therefore, all which belongs to the action of men as a State be classed under the general name of political affairs, and all which belongs to duty towards God and man under the designation of moral and religious principles, political affairs must be subject to the laws of morality, and of religion, which includes morals.

It is the business and duty of a nation, as of an individual, to do right. Upon the Christian Church and upon its ministers rests the sacred responsibility of teaching, warning and persuading all men to do right. Whenever a national question rises into that position, that it is no longer one of means to an end, of methods of legislation, or of the preponderance of one or another historical or commercial principle, but simply offers to view, on the one side, justice, and on the other iniquity, I do not see how, in a free land, the pulpit can fail to throw its influence on the righteous side. The mere fact that a party is found which is willing to lend itself to a wickedness, can never remove that wickedness from the tribunal of the public and the private conscience, nor put those to silence to whom that conscience looks for instruction out of the Word of God.

It is easy to speak of a Church which shall be like a tabernacle apart from all the roar of revolution and the march of armies; to speak of a ministry who shall be so occupied with prayer and preaching the word, and with pastoral cares and with consoling the afflicted, that they shall not need to notice the crash which lays a government in the dust, or the prolonged struggle on fields of blood, by which it is saved from destruction. But all this is vain. The Church and the ministry are men; not the less men, if they are saints. They have hearts, they have friends, they have rights, they have families and homes. Their country is themselves and their neighbors; they must love both, and the one as the other. They must feel, sympathize, speak, act, pray, give, and must do and bear all which law and necessity require from every citizen, or especially from them. The clergy certainly, in deference to the peaceful message which they bring from the Prince of peace, should be excused from the actual violence of bloodshed, but not from peril, not from toil, not from taxation, not from the common burdens and sacrifices of their countrymen. The peculiar work which appropriately devolves on them is symbolical of the whole relation of the church, as such, to patriotic war. For, the Church is to aid it by purifying it and by softening it; by bringing it the services, the sanctions and the consolations of divine worship, sacred instruction and holy and heavenly beneficence. If it can do but half its work, or much less, in the midst of the storm, yet, this must not be left undone. Oh, if the Church had nothing to say or do at such a time, except to pursue the calm round of her distant devotion; and if the ministry had no sympathy to give to their brethren, but were only to be impartial while others were dying in their defense; what a mere rush of brute force, what a scene of slaughter without sanctifying motive or result, would they seem to pronounce the noblest struggle for safety, justice or freedom! It cannot be; in times like these through which we have passed, if ever, the voice of the Christian Church and its ministers ought to be clear and steadfast, inspiring and sustaining; uttering nothing but the undoubted will of the Lord, and therefore able to give strength to him that heareth. It should plead with God throughout, for unity, peace and concord; and should persuade men against all other war save that which *must* be if we would not let iniquity triumph, and be ourselves destroyed. It must cheer and bless the youths who, in behalf of their countrymen, expose themselves to all which man can suffer. It must pour forth its prayer that God would send to the righteous cause help from his sanctuary, and give fortitude in distress, and victory at last. It must give thanks for His interposition, and own Him in every deliverance and success. It must lament the desolations of the land, and the tears of the bereaved, and the groans of the captive, whenever and wheresoever the sorrows may be; and exhort to all forbearance, equity and mercy. It must welcome the counsels and the deeds, through which order is restored, wickedness suppressed, the bondmen released, and an oppressed race lifted up to light, liberty and equality with their fellow men. It must watch, warn and protest against all the excesses and the cruelties, which, but for the voice of religion, would redouble the miseries of war. In the day of disaster and even of final defeat, it must bring the consoling assurance, that the Lord reigneth, and will call light out of darkness for those who trust Him and abide in righteousness. When the cause is triumphant, it belongs to the Church to lift up the song of praise; to give to the sovereign Lord of Hosts His glory; and to admonish in that time of need, against the intrusion of selfishness and pride. It is not for the Church to interpose with any attempt to guide or influence the administration of the State. It is not the province of the Church to suggest laws or regulations or punishments or even pardons. But it is for the Church to cherish in all its members those principles of righteousness and those sentiments of good will, which, when these same persons act as citizens, as members of the State, whether in war or in peace, will prompt them everywhere to do the will of God, which is whatsoever is just and true, in nations as in private men.

Thus must the Church abide, through all the shocks and horrors of war or revolution. The duty of its ministers in such times must often be difficult; but when all suffer they cannot wish that their lot should be the easiest. If, in these momentous days, our communion, as an ecclesiastical body, has rather been marked by its habitual steadfastness in all loyalty than by the eagerness of its zeal in assailing wrong, it may well claim, on the other hand, that it has not placed in peril by imprudence and excess, either the cause of religion, the integrity of the nation, or the claim of all citizens of every race to the fullest and most fraternal recognition.

III. We turn, then, to the future. What special duties brings the happy return of peace?

I do not dwell upon the first duty of unbounded thankfulness. The hand of God has been too manifest in our sorrows and in our deliverance, to be mistaken by any but those whom iniquity shall blind. Of the history of the American people much has been spoken, no doubt, which might well, by its irreligious and tasteless arrogance, displease many thoughtful minds, and abash them into habitual silence. But it is now no time to repress the utterance of feelings which it were impiety not to feel. The discovery of this continent, late in time; the settlement of its Atlantic coast by various nations; the absorption of these colonies under one dominion; the disappearance of the aborigines; the issue of the contest between two great nations of Europe for the possession of the interior; the establishment of the independence of these United States; the settlement of the principles of their government; the extension of their territory to its Southern and Western boundaries; the unparalleled immigration of citizens from other lands; and the national maintenanae of the freedom of conscience, of political equality, and of the universal diffusion of intelligence and education; these formed a chain of events which marked this land to every devout eye, as by the finger of a divine intent. The same Providence has now led us to the tremendous crisis of a war which was to end in disruption and the lasting enthronement of human slavery, or in union stronger than ever, and the universal acknowledgment of human brotherhood, on these shores. It has ended, and we must thankfully say with the Israelites and Moses, when they had passed through the Red Sea, "the Lord shall reign for ever and ever." He is amongst us; He has brought us thus far; He will sustain us in the time to come.

But the restoration of peace and union certainly brings with it the task of repairing, as soon as may be, the spiritual desolations of war and discord. I will not speak of kindly and charitable feelings, to be cherished or revived. It is better not to suppose that they have ever ceased; and inconsiderate and awkward attempts to soothe or conciliate may easily aggravate any real wound. We must aim only to do right, believing that such is also the desire of our brethren; avoiding all intrusion, but ready for every office of mutual love and every united effort in the common cause. Whatever else may be required or may be safely absent, there will be need of increased zeal, charity and self-denial. The ranks of the sacred ministry must be replenished, and with vigorous, thoughtful, and unworldly men. A large liberality in the opulent, and such cheerful giving by all as frugality and industry can well sustain, must succor the impoverished, and build up the waste places. The cruel prejudices which consigned a whole race to degradation, scorn and perpetual ignorance and bondage, must be succeeded by a philanthropy of peculiar magnanimity towards their necessities and their claims. If a new spirit of enterprise is to pour itself into new channels, and overspread the less occupied portions of the land, it must be followed or preceded with no tardy step, by missionary activity. A hurricane has swept over us, but we indeed who here speak and listen have been only on the outskirts of its path. The ruins are not yet cleared away. Much is to be repaired, much to be rebuilt. The exertions of all are needful; and under such a calamity, operating so unequally, we ought to bear one another's burdens; not officiously, not with intrusive eagerness, but with wise and generous sympathy. Let us not think to walk at once in the old ways, as if nothing had befallen us, and men might buy and sell and get gain, only now and then reminded that the fields which they plough are filled with the dust of their slain brothers. A better task must be ours; to be what we were not before, or these troubles had not befallen us. Had we done justly towards all men, there never had been a slavery to be assailed or defended. Had we even loved mercy as we ought, it had long since disappeared. Had we, as an entire people, walked humbly with our God, no attempt had been made to prevent, by constitutions or by wars, the accomplishment of His purpose and our duty, that the oppressed should go free. All this is past; but a people and a Church, chastised as we have been, cannot forget, and be safe. Let not the Church, at least, enter into any more compromises of truth and justice; or purchase quietness at the price of a guilty silence. Whatever lessons the supreme wisdom of God has taught us through suffering, let them henceforth be kept sacred, in all godliness and in all honesty; and let us make haste to repair, with kind and careful hands, every breach, and to heal up every wound with impartial good will.

1865. FALL. 1865.

I. E. WALRAVEN.

MASONIC HALL,

719 Chesnut street, Philadelphia,

HAS NOW OPEN HIS

FALL IMPORTATION

OF

Curtain Materials,

The most elegant assortment ever offered in Philadelphia, and selected by him personally in the best European markets, consisting in part of
FRENCH BROCATELLES,
SATIN DAMASK,
SILK TERRY,
PLAIN SATIN,
SMYRNA CLOTH,
COTELINE,
PLAIN WOOL REP,
STRIPED FRENCH TERRY,
SATIN DE LAINE,
WOOL DAMASK,
PEKIN CLOTH,
PLAIN TERRY.
LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS,
PIANO COVERS,
TABLE COVERS,
WINDOW SHADES
MANTLE and PIER GLASSES, with Attached Cornices, all styles, at

WALRAVEN'S,
719 Chesnut street.
Philadelphia, October 9, 1865. oc12-1m

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KAYSER'S Noiseless-Patent Sewing Machines. These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. ae30-1y

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.
15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.
40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 and 143 Water street

WINDOW GLASS.
100 boxes double strength City Glass, assorted sizes, on hand and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
oc25 Corner Liberty and Irwin streets.

WHEAT— Real Winter and Spring, in store and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
oc17 357 Liberty street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER............WM. HENDERSON.

Last night of the engagement of the distinguished young actor

EDWIN ADAMS,

Who will appear as Edward Middleton, and by particular request of those who were unable to attend other nights, will repeat his great character of Rover in Wild Oats.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING the celebrated moral drama of the
DRUNKARD; or, THE FALLEN SAVED.
Edward Middleton..............Edwin Adams.
To conclude with the sterling comedy of
WILD OATS; or, THE ROVING PLAYER.
Monday, the Italian Opera.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MME. GHIONI & SIG. SUSINI'S

GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

MAX STRAKOSCH..............DIRECTOR.

Mr. Strakosch announces with much pleasure, that he has succeeded in engaging a complete and efficient Italian Opera Company, embracing some of the most eminent and favorably known artists, and a complete CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA, comprising some of the most talented artists from New York, with whom he will give in Pittsburgh, for

POSITIVELY ONE WEEK ONLY,

COMMENCING MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

SIX DIFFERENT GRAND OPERAS,

In a style unrivalled by any other management.

The following eminent artists from the New York Academy of Music constitute the Ghioni & Susini Grand Italian Opera Company:

Signorina ANGIOLINA GHIONI, the famous Dramatic Prima Donna, from the Italian Opera, New York Academy of Music, and the Theatre Tacon, Havana.

Mme. PATTI STRAKOSCH, the favorite Contralto.

Mile. CANNISSA, Prima Donna, Grover's Grand Opera.

Signors MACAFERRI and ERRANI, First Tenors, of the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Academies of Music.

Signor MANCUSI, the eminent Baritone, from the Grand Opera, Theatre Tacon, Havana.

Signor AUGUSTINO SUSINI, the Grand Basso Pro undo, late of Max Maretzek's Italian Opera, New York.

Signor ANTON GRAFF, the celebrated Basso Buffo, late of Grover's German Opera.

Mme. PAROZZI and Sig. ZAPUZZI, Second Donnas.
Sig. XIMENES and Sig. PERNI, Second Tenors.
Sig. LOCATELLI and Sig. MASSIO, Second Bassos.
Conductor..........Sig. FRANCISCO ROSA.
Leader..........Mr. F. Zitterbart.
Stage Manager..........Sig. Nardini.
Prompter..........Sig. Lanza.
Properties..........Sig. T. Grillo.
Costumers..........Mme. Nardini, Sig. Santella.

The entirely new and costly wardrobe has been purchased by the Director in Paris.

The following operas will be performed with a cast of unsurpassed strength:

ERNANI, MARTHA, IL TROVATORE, FAUST, NORMA, DON GIOVANNI.

Admission to Parquette and Dress Circle, $1; secured seats, 50 cents extra; Family Circles, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $12.

The sale of Season Tickets, ($9 each,) entitling the holder to a secured seat for each night, will commence on WEDNESDAY, November 1, at 9 A. M., at C. C. Mellor's Music Store. Sale of tickets for single nights will commence at the same place on FRIDAY, Nov. 2, at 9 A. M. oc27-8t

HON. GEORGE THOMPSON,

The Eloquent British Orator and Statesman, will lecture at

MASONIC HALL,

under the auspices of

THE TENNYSON CLUB

On Monday and Tuesday Evenings, November 6th and 7th.

SUBJECT—MONDAY EVENING:

"FROM LONDON TO CALCUTTA."

TUESDAY EVENING:

"THE SIGNS OF THE TIMES."

Tickets, 50 cents—for sale at the Music, Book and Drug Stores. Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra. Holders of Season Tickets furnished with Reserved Seats without extra charge.

The Diagram of the Hall can be seen at the Music Store of Mr. C. C. Mellor, Wood street, on and after Saturday, November 4th.

J. R. BUTTERFIELD, H. RICHARD DAVIS,
THOS. M. BAYNE, JOS. M. GAZZAM,
FRANK W. KENNEDY, W. DWIGHT BELL,
STEPHEN WOODS. Lecture Committee.
no4

GOV'T SALES & PROPOSAL.

FINAL SALES OF

GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 24, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction, during the month of NOVEMBER, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz:

NEW YORK.

New York city, TUESDAY of each week—100 Horses each day.

New York City, THURSDAY of each week—100 Mules each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Pa., THURSDAY, November 2, 9, 16 and 23—100 Horses each day.

Philadelphia, Pa., SATURDAY of each week—100 Mules each day.

Harrisburg, Pa., TUESDAY of each week—100 Mules each day.

Harrisburg, Pa., THURSDAY, November 2, 9, 16 and 23—100 Horses each day.

Mechanicsburg, Pa., TUESDAY, November 7—100 Horses.

Allentown, Pa., WEDNESDAY, November 10—100 Horses.

Pottsville, Pa., FRIDAY, November 12—100 Horses.

Chester, Delaware county, Pa., WEDNESDAY, November 22—100 Horses.

Titusville, Pa., THURSDAY, November 16—100 Horses.

Titusville, Pa., THURSDAY, November 30—100 Horses.

Titusville, Pa., THURSDAY and FRIDAY, November 23 and 24—100 Mules each day.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., TUESDAY of each week—100 Horses each day.

Wilmington, Del., FRIDAY of each week—100 Mules each day.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Md., WEDNESDAY, November 15—100 Horses.

Baltimore, Md., WEDNESDAY, November 29—100 Horses.

GIESBORO, D. C.

TUESDAY and THURSDAY of each week—100 Horses each day.

No sales of Mules will take place at

WASHINGTON, D. C.

At this series of sales all the Government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should therefore avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

For sales of public animals in the West, see official Western newspapers.

Animals will be sold singly.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms: Cash in United States currency.

By order of the Quartermaster General.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brigadier General, in charge First Division Q. M. G. O. oc27-td

SALE OF GOVERNMENT BOATS AND BARGES, AT AUCTION.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, October 12, 1865.

The following named Boats and Barges will be sold at public auction, as follows:

At LOUISVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Steamboats Ohio and T. D. Horner.

Eight Model Barges, and
(56) Fifty-six Gunwale and other Barges,
Lying at Louisville and New Albany, Ind.

At EVANSVILLE, IND., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Steamboat Lue Eaves.
Six Model Barges;
Four Gunwale Barges, and
One Wharf-boat, lying at that place.

At CAIRO, ILLS., NOVEMBER 1 AND 2, at 10 A. M., the Steamboat "U. S."; one Wharf-boat, and about eighty Model, Gunwale and other Barges, now lying at that place.

At SAINT LOUIS, MO., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Steamboats
Autocrat, Izetta,
D. A. January, Nebraska,
Metropolitan, R. C. Woods,
Ad. Hines, Fairchilds.
One Wrecking Barge—E. M. Ryland—complete;
Wharf-boat Dearborne;
(50) Fifty Model Barges, and
(20) Twenty Gunwale and other Barges,
Lying at Saint Louis.

The boats will be sold with all the furniture, rigging, and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Duly certified and examined vouchers for transportation service will be received as cash at their full face value, in payment for all property sold; otherwise terms cash.

By order of the Quartermaster General,
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
oc17-tnov4 Brigadier Gen. and Quartermaster.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LITHOGRAPHY.

The oldest and largest establishment in the West.
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street,
PITTSBURGH.

Among our facilities for elegant and expeditious work, we have all the latest improvements in Lithography, and while our work will compare favorably with steel engraving, the great difference in price is a strong inducement to give Lithography the preference.
au7 KREBS & BRO.

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business cards, letter heads, bonds, labels, circulars, show cards, diplomas, portraits, views, certificates of deposit, invitation cards, &c., &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third street. Pittsburgh. se28:3m

J. B. DUFF & BRO.,
Practical Lithographers,
96 LIBERTY ST., COR. OF FERRY, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Show Cards, Labels, Views, Bonds, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bill and Letter Heads, Certificates of Stock, Circulars, Maps, &c. se22-3m

DUNSEATH & CO.,
56 Fifth street.
AGENTS
For all the different grades of
AMERICAN WATCHES.
Particular attention paid to the getting up of Gold Cases, with enameled designs. oc6

FINE DOUBLE BARL'D SHOT GUNS—Made by Wesley Richards, W. Greener, Moore & Harris, and other celebrated makers, just received and for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
y8 136 Wood street.

PURE MECCA OIL.
15 BBLS. LUBRICATING MECCA OIL,
Received and for sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
au2 141 Water street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manageress......Miss ANNIE EBERLE.

Positively the last night of the beautiful Cuban sylph,

M'lle MARIE ZOE.

ZOE AS THE FLYING DUTCHMAN.
ZOE AS THE FRENCH SPY.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, November 4. Afternoon entertainments will commence with the moral drama of
TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.
Evening's entertainments to commence with the romantic drama of
THE FLYING DUTCHMAN.
Dancing by Louisa Sylvester and Little Lizzie. To conclude with the grand military drama of the
FRENCH SPY; or the Fall of Algiers.
On Monday, BOSTON HILL, the young American Tragedian, will appear.

MASONIC HALL.
ONE WEEK ONLY,
Commencing Monday, October 30th.
Return of the favorites,
THE CARTER ZOUAVE TROUPE,
AND YOUNG FAMALE BRASS BAND.
TWENTY STAR PERFORMERS.

The management point with no small gratification to their list of unrivalled performers and extraordinary novelties and attractions, and beg to assure the public that they have not stopped at any expense which would enable them to defy competition and outvie every other traveling establishment in the country. They point to the result of their efforts with justifiable pride, and look with confidence to a generous and appreciative public to reward them for their untiring efforts to afford them an attractive, cheap and novel entertainment. Mr. Carter has, at an enormous expense, purchased in London the new and wonderful optical illusion, invented by Prof. Pepper, entitled

PROTEUS, OR WE ARE HERE, BUT NOT HERE,

Which will be exhibited each evening in connection with the usual novel and pleasing entertainments of

THE CARTER ZOUAVE TROUPE.

Tickets..........35 cents.
Reserved Seats..........50 cents.
oc26-9t L. M. W. STEERE, Agent.

TENNYSON CLUB
LECTURES.

At the request of many, the Lecture Committee of the Tennyson Club have consented to issue a limited number of COURSE TICKETS for the season of 1865-66. The list of lecturers for the coming season comprise the names of

Hon. GEORGE THOMPSON,
WM. LLOYD GARRISON,
WENDELL PHILLIPS,
Rev. HENRY S. GILES,
JAMES E. MURDOCH,
Rt. Rev. JOHN HENRY HOPKINS.

And others. A course of twelve lectures will be given from the first of November next.

GEORGE THOMPSON, the great English Commoner, will deliver two lectures before the club on MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, November 6 and 7.

Mr. Thompson will lecture only for the Tennyson Club.

Season Tickets, $3 00. Now for sale at the principal Book, Music and Drug Stores.

Reserved seats will be held at all lectures for holders of season tickets, without extra charge.

GEORGE T. VANDOREN,
oc23-2w President.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-1y

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
Express and Exchange Company,
SOLE FREIGHT AGENTS
Pacific Mail Steamship Company.
OFFICES:
84 BROADWAY, N. Y.
39 and 40 COURT SQUARE, Boston.
Pier 42 North River, (foot of Canal st.,) New York.
607 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.
STEAMERS SAIL

On the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, except when such dates fall on Sunday, when departure will be on Saturday preceding.

MAILS close at 11½ A. M. on days of sailing. Letters must be enclosed in the various denominations of government stamped envelopes, according to weight, these, with our frank attached, may be procured at any of our offices.

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.

California Coupons bought or collected.

Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.

Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.

Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.

Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.

Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.

California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
je21-6m oc23

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DANIEL WALLACE,
Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
No. 353 Liberty street, (Patterson's New Block,) PITTSBURGH. Storeage Warehouse, corner Penn and Wayne street. oc2:3m

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PURCHASING AGENT.
No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Cheese, Butter, Fruits, and all Farm Products.
Best brands Family Flour always on hand.
Also, REFINED OILS.
Prompt attention given to consignments and Correspondence.
WEEKLY PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors.
Orders and Consignments solicited. fe4

GEORGE COLHOUN..........WM. B. EDWARDS
COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
DEALERS IN
SODA ASH, CAUSTIC, BI CARB. AND SAL SODA
ACIDS, CHEMICALS,
CRUDE AND REFINED OILS, SALT, &c.
Office, NO. 38 WOOD STREET,
jy15-6m under St. Charles Hotel.

C. REITER..........J. A. GRAFF.
GRAFF & REITER,
Produce, Commisson and Forwarding Merchants,
And Purchasing Agents for all Pittsburgh Manfactures
Warehouse No. 215 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
REFER TO
J. S. DILWORTH & Co., Pittsburgh.
SHRIVER & LAZEAR, "
MILLER & RICKETSON, "
L. GRAFF & CO., Philadelphia.
ap3—aug25-6m

MADISON STRATTON..........THOS. G. POINTER,
HAMPTON J. CHENY..........B. P. ROY.
STRATTON, POINTER & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale and purchase of Cotton and Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Dried Fruit, Pig Iron, and Produce generally,
Nos. 9 and 10 Broad st., Nashville, Tenn.
Strict attention paid to receiving and forwarding, and liberal advances made on consignments.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Lyon, Shorb & Co., James Dalzell & Sons,
Jones & Laughlins, Zug & Co.,
Spang, Chalfant & Co., Painter & Sons,
Shoenberger & Co., Singer, Nimick & Co.,
Nimick & Co., David Crawford, Esq.,
Of Pittsburgh; and the bankers, merchants and citizens generally, of Nashville. oc5:2m

PITTSBURGH & McKEESPORT
CAR COMPANY,
MANUFACTORY, McKEESPORT, PA.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE, 84 WOOD STREET,

This company is organized under the General Manufacturing Laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with ample capital and facilities for doing an extensive business. We respectfully solicit orders for the manufacture of BOX, GONDOLA and RAILROAD COAL CARS PIT CARS, SCREEN BEARERS and BARS complete Railroad Rollers, Pit Wagon Wheels, Frogs and Turnouts for Coal Roads, Railroad Car Wheels and Castings, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plows, Plow Points, Cultivators, and Foundry Castings in general.

IRON AND METAL TURNING,
Done to order on short notice.

W. H. BROWN, President, Pittsburgh.
R. H. PALMER, Treasurer, Pittsburgh.
J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Supt., Pittsburgh,
WM. STARK, Manager, McKeesport.
DIRECTORS.
W. H. BROWN WM. STEVENSON,
R. H. PALMER, W. S. HAVEN,
J. N. SHALLENBERGER.
au24eod

INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire
on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS:
WM. PHILLIPS, SAM'L P. SHRIVER,
JOHN WATT, Capt. J. L. RHODES,
JOHN E. PARKE, WM. VANKIRK,
CHAS. S. BISSELL, JAS. D. VERNER,
J. F. KIRKPATRICK, C. HANSON LOVE,
JOHN GLYDE, CHAS. ARBUCKLE.
WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 59 Fourth street, Burke's Building,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
Pres't, ISAAC M. PENNOCK. V. Prest, JNO. F. JENNINGS
DIRECTORS.
N. J. Bigley, Daniel Wallace, Thos. Donnelly,
R. H. King, Sam'l M'Clurkan, H. W. Oliver, Jr.,
W. H. Forsyth, Jake Hill, S. H. Hartman,
Alex. Chambers, James O'Connor.
Insures on liberal terms on all fire and marine risks
THOS. GRAHAM, Secretary.
R. J. GRACE, Agent. oc27-3m

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
WM. A. SHEPPARD, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.
DIRECTORS.
WM. BAGALEY, JOHN SHIPTON,
JAMES PARK, Jr., JAMES M. COOPER,
W. G. JOHNSTON, S. HARBAUGH,
B. F. JONES, J. CALDWELL, Jr.,
SAMUEL REA, JOHN S. DILWORTH,
HON. T. M. HOWE, GEORGE BINGHAM,
BARCLAY PRESTON, WM. A. RODGERS.
S. M. KIER. de22

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
R. MILLER, Jr., PRESIDENT.
WM. P. HERBERT, SECRETARY.
Office, No. 92 Water street, Spang, Chalfant & Co's warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS
R. MILLER, Jr. ANDREW ACKLEY,
JAMES McAULEY, ALEXANDER SPEER,
NATH'L HOLMES DAVID M. LONG,
ALEX. NIMICK, REES J. THOMAS,
GEORGE DARSIE CHARLES J. CLARKE,
C. B. HERRON, JOHN R. McCUNE,
C. W. RICKETSON,
de24-1y WM. P. HERBERT, Sec.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 37 Fifth street Bank Block.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, PRESIDENT.
JOHN D. McCORD, VICE PRESIDENT.
D. M. BOOK, SECRETARY,
CAPTAIN WM. DEAN, GENERAL AGENT.
DIRECTORS:
ISAAC JONES, JOHN D. McCORD,
C. G. HUSSEY, Captain ADAM JACOBS
HARVEY CHILDS, R. B. STERLING,
Captain R. C. GRAY, Captain WM. DEAN,
JOHN IRWIN, Jr., R. L. McGREW,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, ROBERT H. DAVIS.
je5-1y

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 95 Water street, Pittsburgh.
je10-1y P. A. MADERIA, Agent.

CLOTHING.

WM. LADLAY..........OWEN BYRNE.
READY-MADE
CLOTHING.
OVERCOATS,
FROM $35 00 TO $45 00.
BUSINESS SUITS,
FROM $35 00 TO $50 00.
Made in the latest style and finest material.
NO. 52 ST. CLAIR ST.,
WM. LADLAY & CO.
oc14

NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS.
The undersigned are happy to inform all those who are in want of
CLOTHING,
Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers,
Ties, Scarfs, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, Socks,
Hats and Caps,
Of all descriptions, or any other article belonging to the line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
That they have just received a large and well selected stock of the above-mentioned articles, and are now offering the same at the
Lowest Cash Figures
And at prices which defy competition. Goods sold there warranted as represented. Also just received,
A Large Stock of Overcoats,
Ranging in prices from $8 00 to $45 00. Call and examine their stock, which is open for the inspection of all.
N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATER.
Branch: 29 St. Clair Street.
se28

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

PIANOS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
THE CELEBRATED
BRADBURY, New York, and
SCHOMACKER & CO., Philad'a
PIANOS.
THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.
Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.
WAMELINK & BARR,
jy28 No. 12 St. Clair st.

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
MELODEONS.
Hoffman, Hœne & Co.,
53 FIFTH STREET,
Are the sole agents for Decker Brothers, New York, and Adolph Hintz's, New York, Pianos, and also for Taylor & Farley's Organs and Melodeons.
THESE INSTRUMENTS
ARE
IN EVERY RESPECT
THE
MOST PERFECT IN THE COUNTRY.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.
se23

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Kegs, Lath, Pailings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER..........JAS. M'KAY
SPENCER & McKAY,
Malsters & Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

MANUFACTURERS.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS
JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR
BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 20 lbs. to yard,
TRAM RAILS, punch'd and counter sunk,
BOILER, BRIDGE and TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
SHIP and BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS and BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS and AXLE
STREET CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS,
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
Warehouse and Office,
120 WATER, AND 158 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
jy8 Chicago, Ills.

FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
Manufacturers of
Tubular, Double-flued, Tubular
Fire-box & Cylinder Steam Boilers,
CHIMNEYS, OILSTILLS,
BRITCHEN, OIL TANKS,
FIRE BEDS, AGITATORS,
ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS,
STEAM PIPE, CONDENSERS,
SALT PANS, PRISON DOORS,
IRON BRIDGES, GASOMETERS.
STEAM BOILERS.
Office and Works, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets,
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. se21-3m

EULER & SAUNTER,
NO. 7 ST. CLAIR STREET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
AND
Spring Wagons.
All sizes of Wheelbarrows constantly on hand or made to order.
REPAIRING done at short notice.
EULER & SAUNTER,
de17-s No. 7 St. Clair stree

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
(Successors to Jones, Boyd & Co.)
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES,
Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and
SHEET CAST STEEL.
Cast Steel for Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, &c.
Office: Corner Ross and First streets, two blocks above Monongahela House. se27:1y

BRANDS AND STAMPS
Cut to Order, in Every Style,
BY
JAMES BOWEN,
my13 136 WOOD STREET

J. E. CONNOR, Manufacturer of the latest improved Screw, Lever and Drop Presses; Cutting and Stamping Dies; and general agent for the far famed Olmsted's late improved combined Double Seamer and Setting Down Machine; combined Circular, Square and Bevel Cutters, and Tinners' Tools of all kinds made to order.
Nos. 69, 71 and 73 Adams street,
ap15 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WAREHOUSE, 97 WATER ST., BELOW WOOD,
fe12-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

WEST POINT BOILER WORKS,
WATER, BELOW PENN ST.
Having added largely to our capacity by the addition of new and improved machinery, we are prepared to fill orders in our line on the most favorable terms, such as
STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILL, TANK,
And Sheet Iron Work,
Of every description. WATSON & MUNROE.
se12-3m

E. B. MATTHEWS,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Brooms, Broom Brushes, Broom Findings, &c.
Also, always on hand MACHINERY for the manufacture of all kinds of Brooms and Broom Brushes. Office and Salesroom, No. 120 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Factory on Chestnut street, Manchester. [oc3-6m

C. H. SPANG D. B. HERRON. J. W. CHALFANT
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
ETNA IRON WORKS,
Warehouse, Nos. 91 and 92 WATER STREET,
je5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. M. ROLFE. JOSEPH DILWORTH.
J. H. SWETT. GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKS.
Office, cor. Water st. and Cherry alley. au15-1y

WM. HOLMES JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL & AQUA AMMONIA,
Office No. 15 Market Street,
ja9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

UTILITY WORKS.—McLEAN & STROUS, sole manufacturers of Utility Locks, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, and McLEAN'S PATENT WINDOW SASH SUPPORTERS. Also, manufacture superior Counter Scales, Grindstone Hangings, Bed Castors, Strap Hinges, and a general assortment of Builders' and Cabinet Hardware. Sash Weights and Sad Irons, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. Office and warehouse,
au16-1y No. 153 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

DUQUESNE WAGON AND FARM
IMPLEMENT WORKS.
Marion avenue, near Railroad Station, Allegheny City
All kinds of wagons, carts, timber wheels, drays, coal cars, wheelbarrows, store and baggage trucks, skids, straw and fodder cutters and masticators, four different patterns of horserakes. Also, steel rake and fork teeth suitable for all the different patent horse rakes in the United States. All made of best materials and warranted. Orders solicited from wholesale dealers.
nov5-1y C. COLEMAN.

HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.,
No. 58 Smithfield Street,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Stretched, Cemented and Rivetted Leather Belting and Hose.
Fire, Steamboat and Hydrant Hose, Wool Packing Fire Buckets.
Patent Oil Tanned Lace Leather.
Hose Couplings and Nozzles, Copper and Iron Rivet Belt Hooks, &c.
Special attention given to making MAIN DRIVING BELTS, either double or single, which we make from the backs of hides, and warrant to run straight on the pulleys. ap14-tf

BERLIN FOUNDRY,
PRICE & SIMS,
(Successers to W. G. Price.)
Cor. Pennsylvania Avenue and Price St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes, Cast Iron Sinks, Bedstead Fastenings, Coal Car Wheels, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Grate Bars, Sash and Clock Weights, Hollow-ware Castings, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings; Castings of all kinds for agricultural implements.
Also, castings of all kinds for Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters. Jobbing and Machine Castings, light or heavy, made to order. ja25-1

MANUFACTURERS.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE
DRUGGISTS' WARE, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.
Warehouse, No. 144 Water street, between Smithfield and Grant streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
We warrant our wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.
Particular attention paid to Private Moulds.
au4-1y

CARLIN & GIBSON,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE WORKS,
Sandusky street, near Robinson, Allegheny City,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam Engines for oil wells, with flue or portable boiler Counter shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c., &c. my31-6m

9TH WARD MACHINE WORKS.
De Knight, Carroll & Co.,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Shafting, Pulleys, and all Kinds of Mill Work.
Roll turning, &c. Always on hand a supply of ready made threshing and horse powers. Also, the improved Union horse power for oil boring. All orders promptly executed. No. 886 Penn st., Pittsburgh. se21-3m

A. W. FOSTER..........P. COLEMAN..........A. W. FOSTER, JR
COLEMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES,
FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &c.
ALSO, OIL WELL TUBING.
Office, No. 38 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
All work warranted smooth inside. se12-1y

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,
(Successors to T. J. Craig,)
Manufacturers and dealers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware. Also, Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers. Just received, a large assortment of house furnishing hardware, such as Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Meat Safes, Toilet Ware, Squirrel Cages, Britannia Ware, Waiters, Knife Boxes, Cash Boxes, Knives and Forks, Ice Pitchers, Ice Chests, Bath Tubs, Bird Cages, Parrot Cages, Planished Tin Ware, Fire Irons, Spoon and Fork Boxes, Tea Canisters, Spoons. Also, a large stock of Stoves. ap6

JOHN MAFFETT,
127 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Manufacturer of Oil Well Pumps and Tools, Brass and Iron Cocks, Tongs, Clamps, Poles and Couplings, Sand Pumps, Sampson Posts and Walking beam irons, Derrick Wheels and Fittings. We are prepared to furnish the above at the shortest notice and on the best of terms. Address JOHN MAFFETT,
fe17 P. O. Box 112.

M. WHITMORE....C. H. WOLFF....G. J. DUFF....T. H. LANE
WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO., (Sign of the Anvil,) Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
Three doors above St. Charles Hotel, No. 50 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
BRASS FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS,
Corner Third and Liberty streets.
oc3-3m

EXCELSIOR BOLT AND NUT WORKS.
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bolts, Nuts, Washers, and Thimble Skeins.
Office and wareroom corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ju6-1y

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick, and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh,
HERRON & CO.,
ap24-1y Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

MEDICAL.

CHAS. H. SUPER,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and first-class TOILET ARTICLES,
CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes
Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below R. R. Depot,
ALLEGHENY CITY,
au22-1y

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Cary's Cough Cure, Ramsom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, Sozodont, Seller's Cough Syrup, Carbonate Ammonia, Extract Calabria Licorice, Extract Logwood. de6

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
Female Regulating
PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the best and most reliable female medicine in the world, which is comprised in these Pills.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors.
28 Dey street, New York.
Sold in Pittsburgh by JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and the Diamond near Fourth. no20

COUGHS! COUGHS!!
TRY STRICKLAND'S
MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFUOUS COUGH BALSA is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

DIARRHŒA,
All the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.
We can recommend those suffering with loss of appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system: it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.
For sale by Druggists generally, and by Park & Brill and Geo. A. Kelly, Allegheny City, R. E. Sellers & Co., N. McClarran & Co., Chas. H. Super, J. M. Fulton, Fifth street, and JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.
Send by Express everywhere. -1y

RESTAURANTS.

JOHN GANGWISCH,
UNION LAGER BEER BREWERY.
WHOLESALE OFFICE
No. — PENN STREET, FIFTH WARD,
jy30-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELI YOUNG'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON
Nos. 129 and 131 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in elegant style, together with all the delicacies of the season. oc17-1y

H. L. YOUNG,
Architect and Superintendent,
Office 126 Fourth street,
PITTSBURGH.
Plans and specifications furnished, estimates made, &c., &c. oc18-3m

F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
Curers of extra sugar-cured hams, and
Manufacturers of Lard Oils,
Corner Penn and Wayne streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.
se16 3m

BANKS AND BANKERS.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS.
THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW prepared to receive subscriptions for this new loan, in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, interest commencing on the receipt of the money. Every person who can spare $50 can place it on interest at one cent a day, making $3 65 a year interest, payable semi-annually, principal payable in three years, or convertible into 5-20 six per cent. bonds, the interest of which is payable in coin.
For further particulars, apply to
jy30 HANNA, HART & CO., Agents.

SAMUEL WORK. KRAMER & RAHM. WM. M'COUCH.
Pittsburgh.
BANKING HOUSE OF
WORK, McCOUCH & CO.,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
United States Loans bought and sold at market rates
au14 tf

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH.
Corner of Hand and Liberty streets.
Capital paid in..........$ 300,000.
Privilege to increase to.......... 1,000,000.
All kinds of
Government Securities Bought and Sold.
COLLECTIONS
Made on all accessible points in the
UNITED STATES AND CANADA.
Deposits received and Interest allowed
On Deposits left for a specified time.
Discount Daily at 11 o'clock.
G. E. WARNER, President.
C. H. RIGGS, Cashier.
ROBT. J. STONEY, Assistant Cashier. oc13-3m

THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL..........1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865.
This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury,
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.
Every facility will be offered to investers or parties purchasing for re-sale.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.
The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.
The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.
Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.
The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES LAUGHLIN, ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS, FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL, JOHN H. RALSTON,
THOS. WIGHTMAN, JOHN WILSON,
WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

ATTORNEYS.

ALEX. B. RIGGS,
No. 68 North Cherry street,
NASHVILLE, TENN., P. O. BOX 456,
Attorney at Law, Real Estate and Collection Agent.
References—Jas. Veech, Esq.; Hon. H. W. Williams, Hon. J. P. Sterrett; Messrs. Spang, Chalfant & Co.; C. H. Riggs, Cashier 2d Nat. Bank, Pittsburgh. se18-3m

JNO. H. HAMPTON..........W. C. MORELAND.
HAMPTON & MORELAND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL HARPER,
(Late of the 139th Regiment,)
Has Resumed the Practice of Law,
In the office of C. B. M. Smith,
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET.
Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

THOS. M. BAYNE..........NOAH W. SHAFER
BAYNE & SHAFER,
ATTORNIES AT LAW,
NO. 81 DIAMOND ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
All kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Also, Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay and Prize Money collected without unnecessary delay. se4-1y

TEXAS LAW AND LAND AGENCY.
A. B. NORTON, Attorney, having offices at AUSTIN, TYLER and WOODVILLE, with competent associates, will transact a general collection and agency business throughout Texas. Lands bought and sold; taxes paid; titles investigated; money collected and remitted. Those having claims of any description in any part of the State can address accordingly.
se2-tf

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY.
W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,
SOLICITORS OF SOLDIERS' CLAIMS,
NO. 144 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH,
my18

S. M. M'MASTER....J. M. GAZZAM....J. B. BUTTERFIELD
M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS,
For the collection of Claims against the Government.
Office, 98 Grant Street.
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.
Pension, Bounty, Arrears of Pay, loss of Horses, Prize Money, and all other claims before the Departments, promptly attended to and information given at all times. No charge made until the *claim* is collected. Letters of inquiry answered immediately
Officer's Accounts adjusted my9

H. C. MACKRELL..........S. A. JOHNSON.
MACKRELL & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.
Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.
Office, No. 89 Grant Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Call with discharge and two witnesses. jy26

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
e2 No. 114 Fourth street.

PAINTERS.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
NO. 294, SECOND FLOOR,
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
jy28-1y

MORROW & REED,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 91 Third Street,
se1-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

TANNERIES.

G. W. KIEFER..........C. L. STRAUB..........WM. HUMMEL
GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER STRAUB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
Tannery at Hillside Station, on Pennsylvania R. R.
Office, No. 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa
THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES and CALF-SKINS. ja28-1y

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
N. J. BIGLEY
Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened
Lump and Nut Coal.
YARD, FOOT OF TRY STREET,
NEAR CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD DEPOT.
Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

COAL, COKE AND LIME,
FIRE-BRICK AND TILE
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.
S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.
Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.
dec26

CITY MATTERS.

THE Washington and Jefferson College Senior Nine will play a match game of base-ball with the Enterprise club of Allegheny, to-day at 9 A. M.

RECOVERED.—Rev. Dr. Page, Rector of Christ's Church, Allegheny, having recovered his health, will preach to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock.

VERDICT—In the case of Joseph May against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, action to recover the value of lost trunks and contents, on trial Wednesday, in Philadelphia, the jury found for defendant.

NOW READY FOR SIGNATURES.—The soldiers' memorial to Congress for the equalization of bounties is now ready for signatures. All interested should not fail to sign this memorial, as it is only by unanimous action on the part of the soldiers that their claims will meet with attention from Congress. Copies of the memorial can be had for signature on application at the Mayor's office; at the DAILY COMMERCIAL office; at Pittock's book store, on Fifth street; at room No. 171 First street; in Allegheny, at the Mayor's office, and at the public places in the surrounding boroughs. The memorials are to be signed in duplicate.

After receiving signatures, the memorials are to be returned to the Mayor's office, in this city, previous to being presented to Congress by the Committee, of which Maj. Gen. Negley is Chairman.

BODY RECOVERED.—It is with pleasure that we hear of the recovery of the body of Cyrus M. Whitsell, formerly of this city, and brother of J. W. Whitsell, attorney. Mr. Whitsell fell during the battles following Lee's retreat from Richmond, and though many efforts were made at the time to find his body, it is but recently and accidentally that it was discovered. It will be removed to this city for interment, of which due notice will be given.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURE.—Prof. Oscanyan is announced to deliver a lecture next Tuesday evening, at Lafayette Hall, on the "Women of Turkey, and Social Life in the East." He is a fluent, logical and extremely pleasing speaker, and presents his subjects with conciseness and vigor. He explains the social system of the East, treating at length upon polygamy as practiced in Turkey in contrast with Mormonism, religious beliefs, customs, habits, costumes, history, and a great variety of topics incidentally connected.

CITY MORTALITY.—Dr. George L. McCook, Physician of Board of Health, reports the number of interments in the city for the week ending October 28th at twenty-one—eleven adults and ten children. The causes of death were: Intemperance, one; paralysis, two; consumption, one; chronic diarrhea, one; typhoid fever, one; unknown, one; pulmonary hemorrhage, one; ascetis, one; accident, one; old age, one; summer complaint, one; still born, three; croup, one; gastro enteritis, one; inturceptine, one; marasmus, one; diptheria, one; consumption, one.

The Opera Season.

The sale for the six nights of Italian Opera continued brisk yesterday at Mellor's. There are but few available seats left, and we doubt not but that those few will be taken before this evening. Let those who desire to hear the Ghioni and Susini combination apply early this morning at Mellor's music store for seats. We are authorized to say that the private boxes can yet be secured for several evenings.

Pennsylvania Supreme Court.

FRIDAY, November 3.—Court met at nine o'clock—present, a full bench.

Rifener vs. Hilty; Westmoreland. Continued for argument at Philadelphia on the 9th of January.

Leech's Executors vs. Caldwell; Armstrong. Argued by McConnell and Golden for plaintiffs, in error, and by Purviance, contra.

Hoffman vs. Hamilton; Armstrong. Argued by Boggs for plaintiff in error. Court declined hearing Barclay, contra.

Hood and Co.'s appeal and Logan's appeal; Westmoreland. Argued by Cowan for Hood & Co., and by Laird and Foster, contra.

Horrible Accident---A Child Drawn Through Muck Rolls.

A shocking accident occurred yesterday morning, between nine and ten o'clock, at Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Rolling Mill, in Shaler township, resulting in the instant death of a promising orphan boy, named Andrew Snyder. It appears that the lad was employed about the rolls in removing the scales therefrom, and while in the performance of his duty, he either fell or placed his feet in the coupling of the muck rolls, when he was immediately pulled through. His head was crushed flat, but strange to say, his body was only slightly injured, there being no marks on his feet or legs. There was no person near him at the time, and attention was attracted to the rolls by hearing the crushing of his skull. The lad lived with his uncle, John G. Williams, also employed in the rolling mill, and was loved by the workmen for his manly behavior and industrious disposition. Coroner Clawson held an inquest over the remains in the afternoon, when a verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered. After the occurrence of the accident, work in the rolling mill was stopped.

The Union Skating Park.

The managers of the new Skating Park, in Allegheny city, are pushing the work rapidly forward, and expect to have it completed during the present month. The excavation for the pond has been nearly finished, and the main building is already under roof. The building is one story high, sixty-seven feet front by forty feet deep, and divided into reception rooms for ladies and gentlemen, ladies' dressing room, skate room, saloon, office, etc. The apartments are large and commodious, and will be elegantly furnished. Messrs. Schaub & McDonald are the contractors. The pond will be three feet in depth, and will be flooded by two large plugs, with four inch pipe. A splendid driving course, nearly half a mile long and twenty-two feet wide, encircles the pond. It is the intention of the managers to draw the water from the pond early in the spring, and rent the ground for base ball and similar purposes. The driving course could also be used for trials of speed of the horses owned in the vicinity. The entire grounds will be enclosed by a substantial board fence, eight feet high. Should the weather prove favorable to the object, the youth of our sister city will have an excellent opportunity, during the coming winter, of enjoying the healthy and exhilerating exercise of skating. Geo. N. Miller, Esq., is acting temporarily as superintendent of the Park.

BISHOP SIMPSON'S LECTURE.

The Future of Our Country—Our National Resources Reviewed—America the Great Theatre of Free Government—The Subject of Pardon to Rebels Considered—They Must Growl a Little—Southern Testimony—Negro Suffrage—Benjamin Franklin and the Jackass—Fears of the Southern Ascendancy Dissipated—The Confederate Debt to be Paid When Due—Duty of the People in Time of Peace—Tribute to the Women—Apostrophes to the Stars and Stripes.

Last evening, Lafayette Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity with a highly respectable and appreciative audience of ladies and gentlemen to hear Bishop Simpson deliver his lecture upon "The Future of our Country." The price of tickets was one dollar each, and the proceeds will go towards purchasing the ground on which the Methodist Episcopal Church in Pennsylvania Avenue stands.

The Rev. Dr. Holmes, of the Smithfield Street M. E. Church introduced the Bishop to the audience.

Bishop Simpson observed that when he last stood upon the platform in this city, the nation was yet in war, and then he spoke to the people of the duties of the American people in the crisis which was then upon them. Since that time our armies had triumphed, and wherever he had traveled during the past summer, he had heard the gladsome song of the people rising in city, town and country "Our brave boys are coming home." Now our soldiers are behind our counters, in our counting rooms, in our great manufactories, and at work on our railroads and on our prairies, all cultivating the arts of peace and contributing to the onward march of the Nation to future greatness and power. The Bishop then reviewed the vast resources of the country, comparing them with those of European countries, and in the light of history, fixed the American Nation as the one which God in His providence selected to be the grand theatre of democratic government. He next proceeded to the consideration of the great questions which now interest the people.

In reference to the pardons which some persons thought the President was lavishing out with too generous a hand, he said he had no fears. Many felt alarm because the Southern people in not a few instances continued to grumble; but he was willing to make large allowances for a people who had been so signally conquered in a war of their own seeking—of their own bringing on. It only reminded him of the man whose antagonist having whipped him soundly, exclaimed on his way home, still smarting under his injuries, that he would whip him for that yet. The Richmond *Enquirer* has recently said that it was impossible to dissolve the Union, and now it was the duty of all American citizens, particularly those who rebelled against the Government, to love the Union first, and their own States second. In the presence of such testimony from such a source, he did not think there was much room to fear. Then the Southern States which had been in rebellion were fast adopting ordinances declaring that slavery was no longer an institution; and they were one after another adopting the amendment to the Constitution forever prohibiting slavery in the United States, thus conferring upon Congress the power to surround the freedmen with all the protection due to citizens.

As to the question of suffrage he did not think that we should be in too much hurry. If he had asked ten years ago what compromise he would have made, he would have said, "give us emancipation at the end of twenty years, and I will be satisfied." Now, by the most wonderful interposition of Divine Providence in the order of events, we had emancipation declared and adopted as a fixed principle, and he had no fears for the future, even if we did not get so far as conferring the right of suffrage upon the freed people. For himself, he was free to confess that he was in favor of manhood suffrage; he believed in the doctrine that

"A man's a man for a' that."

He related the anecdote of the Convention which met in the early history of this State to frame a Constitution, at which the question of suffrage came up for discussion on the proposition that in order to be entitled to vote, a man must be possessed of £50, when Benjamin Franklin, who was noted for making short speeches, rose and said, if a man owned a jackass, for which he had paid the sum of £50, he would be entitled to vote, but if the jackass should die to-morrow, his right to vote would cease; who, then, had been enfranchised—the man or the jackass?

As to the fears entertained by many that if the South should gain power in Congress, he must say they were powerless. The South never could gain the ascendancy in Congress again. Their population was not equal to such a consummation; besides their resources were scattered, and they would now have to apply themselves to the restoration of their fields and their fortunes. It was unworthy of the Northern people who had been so gallant and victorious on the battle field to anticipate that the Southern people would be smarter than them in Statesmanship. He was willing to trust our statesmen and their statesmen in Congress. Besides he remembered that slavery was blotted out and there was now no issue between the sections, nothing indeed to make us sections. There was no longer a Mason and Dixon's line to divide our interests; we were one in all that pertained to the National weal. The Confederate debt troubled some minds. It was feared that we would be saddled with the Confederate debt. He supposed that there was no danger to be expected in this direction, for that debt was not due, and would not be due until three years after the establishment of the Southern Confederacy, and it was not customary for people of business habits to pay their debts before they became due.

There was a work yet to be done by the American people. We should now apply ourselves to the cultivation of benevolence; of taking care of the intellectual, moral and religious interests of our young men. Libraries and Reading rooms should be established all over the land; places of resort where our young men who had fought our battles so bravely might gather themselves together and elevate themselves in all the arts and sciences which would enhance them as members of society.

The Bishop paid a lofty tribute to the women of America, whom he recognized as the ministering angels of the Republic, who everywhere surrounded us, comforting and strengthening us in the performance of our sterner duties. As they had ministered to our soldiers in the hospitals during the war, so he would urge them to turn their attention to the ministry of love and kindness in time of peace. This was the time when educators and philanthropists should be busy surrounding society with those safeguards which were at once the glory and the strength of the American nation.

He closed with a soul stirring apostrophe to the flag, praying that no stain might ever deface it, and that not a star should ever be permitted to leave its place in the grand galaxy, the light of which was the hope of all nations.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

S. M'CLEAN, JR., Pres't. | J. M. TIERNAN, V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS NOV. 3, 1865, AT THE BOARD

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 6's 1881	106 00	......
United States 5 20's, old	101 00	......
United States 7-30's 2d series	97 00	......
United States 10-40's	92 00	......
United States Certificates	97 00	......
Gold	1 44	......
Allegheny County 5's	72 00	......
Pittsburgh 5's	68 75	......
Connellsville RR. 6 per cent Bonds	79 00	81 00
Cash Insurance	51 00	......
Eureka Insurance	52 00	......
Connellsville Railroad Stocks, non-int	9 25	......
Connellsville R. R. interest	9 50	......
Citizens' National Bank	83 50	......
Fourth National Bank	......	130 00
Iron City National Bank	......	80 00
Allegheny and Pittsburgh Oil	......	5 00
Columbia Oil	......	27 00
Eldorado	......	35
Murray	......	75
Pittsburgh an Philadelphia	......	90
Pittsburgh and New York	......	50
Phila., Lancaster and Cherry Run	......	1 10
Ritchey	......	45
Ross	23	......
Tarr, Story and Cherry Run	......	25
Ralston	1 50	2 00
Pioneer	5	12
Dunkard Creek Petroleum Co	......	17
Phœnix	......	1 15
Champion	......	3 00
Rouseville	......	1 25
Great National	......	6 00

SALES OF

20 shares Third National $125

Gold opened in New York at 146¼

FRIDAY, November 3—P. M.

The daily reports from the Bankers' and Brokers' Board, keep the public posted of the approximate current value of stocks and bonded securities in this market. It is true that the actual sales which are made at the Board every day are small, yet the bids are a "feeler," and constitute a basis for transactions which almost daily occur after Board. Were it not, therefore, for these reports operators would be in the dark as to the value of many stocks and bonds which obtain a current rate by some bid that is given for them before the Board. The offerings this forenoon were numerous, and the rates bid were in some cases an advance over previous reports during the week. Government securities were particularly active in this market to-day. The financial and speculative public are disposed to look upon the last foreign news as favorable to American affairs.

—The peaceable solution of all difficulties growing out of the acts of the English Government in connection with the rebellion is regarded as a matter of course, and a better market is expected for our national and local stocks in Europe. The return of the English party cannot fail to improve American stocks abroad. As recent observers of the condition of affairs in the Northern States, their statements will have much influence upon European estimates of the value of investments in our national and local property. As a whole they were competent judges of the soundness of our financial condition, and from their visit a substantial advantage to American interests will be secured.

—The market for petroleum shares is excessively dull. Reports favorable to some of the better class, showing that the yield of their wells is such as to swell the balance in their treasuries to a large amount, yet for some unexplained reason the stockholders are kept out of the dividends month after month, until their patience is taxed beyond endurance, and they are only waiting until the time comes when the regular annual election may put into office better managers, who will be compelled to act more in the interest of those who put them into office. There certainly is room for improvement.

In Philadelphia much the same state of things exists. The *Press* says: There are very few sales of oil stocks reported, though at private hands, it is understood, large sales are daily effected. The extremely low figures at which a number of these stocks, once very current at the board and on the street, can be bought, will, we doubt not, one of these days stimulate inquiry, and tempt some one more venturesome than his neighbors to buy them up. Should there be anything in their present appearance or future prospects upon which *a hope*, reasonable or foolish, can be hinged, there are some of the old favorites, now quoted at "brokers' commission," or less, which will undergo this hiding-away process until enough stock is obtained to secure control, when "new management," or "luck," will let the fortunate purchaser out safely. We could name several stocks which we think are being bought up at these starvation figures, for just the above purpose, and perhaps with reasonably fair prospects of making a good thing out of them.

—Petroleum stock speculation is about over, and the business is beginning to assume a regular form. As soon as railroads are completed through all the principal oil districts, so that transportation can be had at a fair and calculable price, there will be no difficulty in making a reliable statement of the average chances and profits of this great business. But, like all mining operations, the search for petroleum must be subject to uncertainties, giving it, in each particular case, somewhat the character of a lottery. This, however, will not interfere with estimates based on an average, and it would seem that the irregularities of the petroleum business are not so great that this principle may not be invoked for the protection of individual or corporate enterprises. Oil companies must work in the same way as insurance companies: knowing that they will assuredly encounter losses and failures, they must so extend and divide their ventures as to insure if possible, a balance on the right side. If, as a general rule, this cannot be done, no matter how much oil there may be in the ground, boring for it will eventually be given up. A careful study of indications will do much, probably, to prevent unprofitable undertakings, and it is not unlikely that in this way oil-boring will yearly assume a character of greater certainty and regularity. Meantime, three-quarters of the petroleum companies formed during the period of excitement will be compelled to give up their golden hopes, sell their "oil property" for what it will bring, and, after dividing the net proceeds, if any, each stockholder can put the deficit to the account of "bought wisdom."

—The Philadelphia papers report the wildest excitement ever known to the oldest member of the Stock board, on the Catawissa railroad stock. Even the oil stock furore of last winter did not excel it. The sales on Wednesday foot up six thousand shares. It is remarked that those who purchased Catawissa Railroad stock two or three weeks ago, before any talk was indulged in of an alleged lease with the Atlantic and Great Western Road, and before they were taken hold of by a speculative coterie, if they can sell at the closing figure of last Wednesday, the lucky possessors of fortunes that they little expected from this source. On Monday afternoon, sales of Catawissa common stock were made at 26¼; yesterday the closing figure was 31½, being an advance of 4½; the preferred sold at 47½, being also an advance of 5 on the previous day. The sales of the preferred amounted to eleven thousand two hundred, and on the common to three thousand seven hundred shares.

—Copper stocks according to the Boston quotations of yesterday, were as follows:

Central	—	Isle Royal	—
Copper Falls	20½	Minnesota	—
Franklin	36½	Quincy	47
Hancock	14	Rockland	3
Huron	—	Superior	2½

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, November 4, 1865.

The oil market yesterday was firm with a steady trade demand, at rates that were current. The advantage was on the side of holders. As we have before intimated, prices have undoubtedly touched bottom. This will account for the liberal sales recorded during the past few days. The river to Oil City was in moderate order, but failing. Unless we have rain, steamers will soon have to lay up. The receipts of oil were not large, amounting to 3,129 barrels. The latest from Oil City represent buyers and sellers apart in their views. Of course both say they will hold out. This will do to talk about, but one or the other will soon find it convenient to give way. The largest portion of the oil that arrives is conveyed in flats and bulk boats. There is advantages and disadvantages attending shipping in this way. The current rates in our market for crude were 23c for bulk, or packages returned, only one small parcel being reported at 22½c; one lot was sold, delivered on cars at 23c; this sale included packages. A new article, or at least a new name, was introduced to the market; it is named "Gassoline," the rates being 22½c ℔ gallon. Refined Oil was in steady demand, with a fair amount of transactions, principally for the Eastern market. The principal inquiry was for bonded, while the sales of free were few and far between. Lubricating—The rates were unchanged, with a fair local demand. Benzole—We did not learn of any transactions; prices were unaltered. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

REFINED OIL—There was more inquiry for this article—that is, various parties are making the necessary inquiries preparatory to entering the market. Among the sales were: 1,000 bbls bonded, delivered in Philadelphia on board vessel, all December, buyers' option 60c; 500 bbls "Nonpareil" bonded, December delivery, Philadelphia, 58½c. Sales 200 bbls bonded, on the spot, 51c; 500 bbls bonded "Union," 51c; 500 bbls do, on the spot, 50c. Free—Sales 50 bbls, 71½c; 50 do straw color, 70c.

BENZOLE—Sales 50 bbls free, 36c—a low figure.

LUBRICATING OIL—Sales 40 bbls "Eureka" No. B 75c; No. C, 50c.

CRUDE OIL—Was in fair demand. The sales were light, as follows, viz: 300 bbls at 23c, without packages; 700 do at 23c; 200 do at 23c; 100 do at 22½c, and 500 do bulk, at 23c. The stock on the market unsold is not large.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

A L Linton	207	J Gallagher	300
Fisher Bro	72	W P Logan	50
Mawhinney & Marshall	2500		
Total			3129

Oil Receipts per Allegheny Valley R. R

GOING EAST.

Lockhart & Frew, 291 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Forsythe, Bro & Co, 281 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Lucesco Oil Co, 220 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Brewer, Burke & Co, 435 bbls refined, Philadelphia
Globe Oil Co, 113 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
John Gracie & Co, 220 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Dilworth & Ewing, 157 bbls benzole, Baltimore.
Standard Oil Co, 317 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Wightman & Anderson, 100 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
National Refining and Storing Co, 268 bbls refined, New York.
Owston, Wry & Co, 50 bbls refined, Philadelphia.

Oil City Oil Report.

November 2.—Market for the past week has ruled quiet. Prices are not so well maintained. We give as the ruling rate on Oil Creek, at the wells, $6 25@6 50. At the mouth of Pithole, $6 00@6 25. The Allegheny is still in boating order, but is falling fast. The entire fleet of steamers have arrived and departed from this port. Some of them will probably be enabled to make a second trip. Nothing of interest has transpired at the wells, and no new ones struck.

The market closes firm and quiet. Weather clear and pleasant.

Pittsburgh Cordage Market.

NOVEMBER 4, 1865.—The market contains a fair supply, with a good local demand. The following are the card rates up to last evening:

	℔ lb
Manilla	25c
6 and 9 Thread	26c
Hawser Laid Oil Well Rope	25c
American Hackled Hemp Laid Cordage	23c
American Hemp Rope	23c
Hawseline, Mawline, &c	28c
Spun Yarn	22c
American Hemp, Package	22c
Oakum	13c
Twines	—
Sash and Bell Cords	40c
	℔ doz.
Bed Cords, Manilla	$6 00
" Hemp	3 @6

Terms, net cash

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, November 4, 1865.

Business exhibited a slight improvement yesterday. The sales were more numerous, and as a general thing prices were unchanged. The weather was pretty much all that could be desired, but sadly out of season. November opens a good deal like May. Our rivers have come to a stand. We have a fair stage of water. Business on the landing was moderately active. The Julia No. 2, from Zanesville, had a big trip and was crowded with passengers. This boat is gaining rapidly in public favor. She leaves to-day at 4 P. M., so get ready. The Kenton did not succeed in getting off yesterday, being unable to procure her bills of lading; to-day will witness her departure for St. Louis. She is a favorite boat. The packet Leni Leoti leaves this day without fail for the Queen City. She has good accommodations and attentive officers. The punctual steamer Forest City will be found at the landing this morning. At noon she takes her departure for the Parkersburg oil regions. The fine packets America, Leonidas and Kate Putnam are at the landing waiting their turn. They will probably load for St. Louis. A number of steamers are on the way up. They may arrive at any hour. Business on the Allegheny wharf was active. Boats in that trade appear to be doing a large amount of traffic. The oil trade of the week has been immense. Navigation, however, is becoming difficult on that stream on account of low water. The receipts of produce are on the increase but not in sufficient quantities to have any effect on the market. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice, viz:

CRANBERRIES—The demand has fallen off and prices are a shade lower. The supply on the market is ample. Sales 6 bbls at $14 00@15 00.

CHESTNUTS—Prices were easier. We note small sales at $8 50 ℔ bush.

APPLES—The supply was largely in excess of the demand. The receipts by rail within a few days will reach 4,000 bbls; hence buyers were not disposed to purchase at rates that were current early in the week. Sales 380 bbls, in lots, at various prices, ranging from $4 00 to $7 00 ℔ bbl, with heavy receipts on the market.

FLAX SEED—The market was inactive. In fact, this will apply to all description of seed. Flax was nominal at $2 65@2 75, as per quality.

ONIONS—Were in good demand for home purposes and for export. Sales 20 bbls at $3 50@3 75 ℔ bbl. Receipts moderate.

POTATOES—The supply was fully with to the demand. The principal inquiry was for the better descriptions. Jersey Sweets—Sales 100 bbls, in lots, $4 25@4 75, as per quality. Mercers and peach blows—Sales 200 bush at $1 00, and 50 bbls and 2 car loads at $3 40@3 50 per bbl.

HIGHWINES—The market was somewhat excited. We note sales 50 bbls Chicago at $2 32½@2 33.

CHEESE—The demand is in advance of the supply, hence prices continue firm, previous rates being fully maintained. Of Western Reserve the market was bare. Goshen—Sales 100 bxs at 21c. Hamburg—Sales 40 bxs at 50c; small parcels factory are beginning to arrive, with sales at 20c ℔ lb.

BUTTER—Scarce, and held firmly; there being no prospect of a decline whilst the present scarcity exists. Sales of 8 packages at 40@43c.

SOAP AND CANDLES—The following are Sawyer's prices:

German and Palm Soaps		11 cents ℔ lb.
Opodeldock	"	15 cents ℔ lb.
Variegated Detersive	"	13 cents ℔ bar.
Yellow	"	13 cents ℔ bar.
Rosin	"	10 cents ℔ lb.
Chemical Olive	"	$5 00 ℔ box of 60 lbs.
Castile	"	16 cents ℔ lb.
Variegated Toilet	"	16 "
Barbers'	"	$3 00 ℔ dozen cakes.
Honey	"	75 cents "
Mould and Dip'd Candles		20 cents ℔ lb.
Crystaline		30 " "
Star		33 " "

MILL FEED—The supply of inferior quality on the market is large and sells at a variety of prices. The Pearl Mill prices, for a good article, are, per cwt—bran, 80c; shipstuffs, 90c; middlings, $1 60.

GRAIN—The market has undergone no material change. The sales were on a moderate scale. Our brewers and malters are paying the following prices for barley, viz: spring, 90c; fall $1 00@1 10. Wheat not very active, only choice lots. Millers pay the following figures: Red, $1 90@2 05; white, $2 00@2 10 per bushel. Oats—Dealers take hold sparingly: the sales were 375 bush store at 50c; 300 do at 53c; sales 2 car loads at depot at 47@48c; 1 car load, with the use of sacks, 49c. Rye—Nothing doing.

MALT—The brewers' figures are $1 50@1 60.

HOPS—The market seemed depressed; sales of western New York at 60@65c; Wisconsin, 65c; English, 70c. Prices favored buyers.

FLOUR—The market remains inactive with a moderate local demand. Buyers don't seem to have much confidence in the present figures, hence operations were restricted. The largest inquiry was for the better grades. Among the sales we note the following: Extra Family from Winter Wheat, 150 bbls in lots at $10 70@10 90; 100 bbls, do, at $10 75@11 00; 25 bbls do at $11 00. Sales from Spring Wheat of 75 bbls at $9 50; sales 60 bbls, do, at $9 50@9 60 per bbl.

SORGHUM MOLASSES—Sales of 10 bbls at 90c.

GRAPES—Sales of 20 boxes at 15c ℔ lb.

BEANS—Sales of 10 bbls small White at $1 50.

HAY—Market steady; sales of 24 loads at a variety of prices, ranging from $15 00@24 00.

BACON—Market steady, but prices were unchanged. The rates with small sales were: Shoulders, 19½c. Sides, 21½c.

MESS PORK—Selling in a retail way at $36 50@37 00 ℔ bbl.

LARD—Sales 10 kegs country at 28c.

LARD OIL—We note small sales No. 1 at $2 35, and winter strained at $2 50; No. 2 at $1 90.

EGGS—Prices have further advanced; sales of 5 packages at 40@45c.

LEAD—Market firm at 12c.

ASHES—Pearls have advanced; sales 2 tons at 9½c.

LIME—Sales 50 bbls at $2 25.

WOOL—Pittsburgh has always had the reputation of being a poor wool market, hence transactions have been restricted. Growers seem more disposed to meet the views of dealers; the nominal rates were 55@67c, as per quality.

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Friday, November 3, 1865.

We notice a decided advance in Carbonate of Ammonia.

Soda Ash is very scarce and held firm at our quotations.

Quicksilver, and all Mercurials, Blue Vitriol, Oil Sassafras, Oil Wintergreen, and Iodide of Potassium are somewhat higher.

Roman Chamomile Flowers are higher than we have ever known them to be. We quote at $1 00 to $1 25, which is under the New York price.

Gum Guaiac is held at $1 85@1 95. Gum Kino at $6 50 to 7 00. Vanilla Beans, $17 00 to 18 00; and genuine English Croton Oil $19 ℔ lb.

Opium and Morphine are lower.

Acid Acetic	63	to	65	lb
" Citric	1 06	to	1 12	"
" Oxalic	46	to	48	"
" Tartaric	1 05	to	1 10	"
Alcohol 88 0-0	4 70	to	4 75	gal.
" 98 0-0	4 75	to	4 80	"
Aloes, Cape	35	to	38	lb
" Socotrine	85	to	1 10	"
Ammonia Carb	36	to	38	"
" Aqua ff	12	to	16	"
Annotta	90	to	1 00	"
Ashes, Pot	9	to	10	"
" Pearl	9	to	10	"
" Soda	7½	to	8½	"
Balsam Copaiba	1 40	to	1 45	"
Bay Rum	4 50	to	4 75	℔ gal
Bark Cinchona, Red	2 00	to	2 10	lb
" " Pale	75	to	90	"
" " Common	50	to	60	"
Black Lead, American	4	to	6	"
" German	7	to	9	"
" E. I.	13	to	16	"
Blue Mass U. S. P.	68	to	70	"
Blue Vitriol	18	to	19	"
Borax, Refined	38	to	41	"
Brimstone, Roll	6¾	to	7½	"
" Flor Sulphur	8½	to	9½	"
Calomel, American	1 55	to	1 60	"
" English	2 00	to	2 10	"
Camphor, Refined	1 45	to	1 50	"
Cantharides	1 95	to	2 05	"
Cassia in mats	1 10	to	1 13	"
Chamomiles, German	37	to	40	"
" Roman	1 00	to	1 25	"
Chloroform	2 45	to	2 48	"
Cloves	53	to	55	"
Cochineal	1 65	to	1 75	"
Concentrated Lye	12 00	to	12 50	case
Copperas	7 50	to	8 00	bbl.
Cream Tartar	45	to	65	lb.
Cubebs	65	to	70	"
Cudbear	30	to	50	"
Emery Eng	14	to	17	"
Ether Nitric, Spirits of	88	to	92	"
" Sulphuric	1 45	to	1 50	"
Extract Logwood	14½	to	15½	"
" Liquorice Calabria	50	to	56	"
" " Italian	50	to	52	"
" Liquorice Sicily	25	to	28	"
Fustic, Chipped	5	to	6	"
Galls Aleppo	85	to	90	"
Gum Arabic, sorts	52	to	58	"
" " White	98	to	1 10	"
" Myrrh, Turkey	68	to	72	"
" Shellac	75	to	85	"
" Tragacanth, sorts	50	to	55	"
" " Flake	1 05	to	1 10	"
Hoffman's Anodyne	1 00	to	1 05	"
Indigo Manilla	1 60	to	1 65	"
" Spanish float	1 65	to	1 70	"
Iodine Resublimed	6 60	to	6 90	"
Juniper Berries	8	to	9	"
Logwood Chipped	3½	to	4½	"
Mace	1 80	to	1 85	"
Madder	18	to	19	"
Magnesia Calcined	75	to	1 50	"
" Carbonate	50	to	55	"
Manna S. F.	1 35	to	1 40	"
Morphia, Sulph	9 25	to	9 95	℔ oz.
Nutmegs, No. 1	1 70	to	1 75	lb.
Oil Bergamot	9 00	to	11 00	"
" Castor	3 80	to	......	gall
" Cinnamon	6 10	to	6 40	lb
" Cloves	5 00	to	5 25	"
" Cod Liver	2 50	to	2 75	gall
" Lemon	6 25	to	7 25	℔ lb
" Lard, City	2 25	to	2 35	gall
" " Cincinnati	2 35	to	2 40	"
" Linseed	1 50	to	1 55	"
" Neatsfoot	1 65	to	1 75	"
" Olive	2 75	to	3 00	"
" " Quarts	7 25	to	12 00	℔ doz
" " Pints	4 75	to	8 00	"
" Origanum	1 50	to	2 50	lb
" Peppermint	6 00	to	6 50	"
" Rosemary	2 00	to	4 25	"
" Sassafras	2 50	to	2 75	"
" Sperm, genuine	3 10	to	3 30	gall.
" Tanners'	1 60	to	1 70	"
" Whale W B	2 20	to	2 30	"
" Wintergreen	6 50	to	7 00	lb
Opium, Turkey	10 25	to	10 75	"
Phosphorus	1 35	to	1 55	"
Plaster Paris, calc'd	4 75	to	5 00	bbl
Potass Bi Chromate	28	to	30	lb
" Chlorate	65	to	70	"
" Iodide	5 50	to	5 75	"
" Prussiate Yellow	60	to	62	"
" " Red	1 45	to	1 50	"
Putty	7½	to	8½	"
Quinine Sulph	3 10	to	3 20	oz.
Rosin, bbls of 280 lbs	13 00	to	13 25	bbl.
Root Gentian	13	to	15	lb.
" Ginger, E. I.	30	to	32	"
" " Jamaica	60	to	65	"
" Ipecac, Pow'd	5 75	to	5 90	"
" Jalap "	3 55	to	3 65	"
" Liquorice	22	to	25	"
" Rhubarb, E. I.	8 00	to	8 20	"
" Sarsaparilla Hond	47	to	50	"
" Senega	1 25	to	1 30	"
" Valerian, English	50	to	55	"
" " German	25	to	30	"
Sal Ammoniac	19	to	21	"
" Epsom	5½	to	6	"
" Soda	7½	to	8	"
Seed, Anise	30	to	35	"
" Canary	7 50	to	8 00	bus.
" Cardamon	4 00	to	4 50	lb.
" Hemp	3 00	to	3 25	bus.
" Mustard	19	to	21	lb.
Senna, Alex	33	to	37	"
" E. I.	25	to	30	"
Soda Bi. Carb	15½	to	16½	"
" Caustic	15¼	to	16	"
Soap, Castile	26	to	29	"
" " white	41	to	44	"
Starch	9	to	9½	"
Sugar Lead, White	66	to	68	"
Sumac, Sicily	10	to	12	"
Terra Japonica	12½	to	13½	"
Turpentine Spts	1 50	to	1 60	gal.
Varnish, Copal	2 75	to	5 00	"
" Japan	1 50	to	2 00	"
" Damar	3 00	to	5 00	"
Venetian Red	6¼	to	7	lb.
White Lead Pure	15½	to	......	"
" Fancy B'ds	8	to	14	"
" Dry	15½	to	16	"
Red Lead, Dry	15½	to	16½	"
Whiting	4½	to	5½	"
Litharge	15½	to	16½	"
Zinc, Carbonate	11	to	12	"
Zinc, in oil	14	to	15	"

Pittsburgh Steel Market.

SATURDAY, November 4.—The following is a precise list of the best quality of Refined Cast Steel—square, flat, octagon, and ordinary sizes, viz.:

½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 1⅛, 1¼, 1⅜, 1½, 1⅝, 1¾, 1⅞, & 2 inch	20c
2⅛, 2¼, 2⅜, 2½, 2⅝, 2¾, 2⅞ and 3 inch	21c
5-16, 3⅛, 3¼, 3⅜, 3½, 3⅝, 3¾, 3⅞ and 4 inch	22c
Above 4 to 5	23c
5⅛ to 6	26c
¼ to 7-32	23c
3-16	26c
5-32	31c
⅛	39c

TERMS.—Note or acceptance at sixty days, with exchange on New York, or a discount of three per cent. for cash par funds, if remitted within ten days after receipt of invoice and bill of lading. No discount allowed on bills of a less amount than fifty dollars.

Weekly Review of the Pig Iron and Bloom Market.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
PITTSBURGH, Saturday, November 4, 1865.

We have but little change to note in the tone of the market. Holders are firm in their askings.

The supply of standard forge irons is unusually light for the season. Strictly neutral and cold shorts are much sought after for mixture.

Sales of the week have been restricted for the want of desirable stock; consumers, however, are exercising great caution in restricting their purchases to current consumption. There is a total absence of speculation in the market. We are quoted sales as follows:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons	Mottled Forge	$46 00—4 mos.
100 "	" White Forge	45 00—4 mos.
200 "	Close grey	48 00—4 mos.
100 "	Open Grey, choice brand	48 75—cash.
100 "	" "	48 75—
200 "	Close grey and silvery forge, delivered at furnace	42 00—4 mos.
50 "	Open grey, a fancy lot	48 75—cash.
60 "	Mixture native ore	50 00—4 mos.
50 "	" close grey	47 00—4 mos.
50 "	" "	47 00—cash.

ANTHRACITE COAL SMELTED.

100 tons	Ashland mottled	$45 00—4 mos.
100 "	Lebanon grey	49 00—cash.
100 "	Cornwall	47 75—cash.
20 "	No. 1 Isabella	58 00—cash.
80 "	No. 2 Isabella	57 00—cash.
20 "	Glenmorgan No. 1	54 00—cash.
10 "	Conestoga No. 2	52 00—cash.

CHARCOAL SMELTED.

24 tons	Keystone Hanging Rock	$60 00—4 mos.
25 "	Ohio No. 1	65 00—4 mos.
70 "	Pine Grove No. 2	60 00—4 mos.
210 "	Cambria	55 00—cash.
34 "	Hope	55 00—4 mos.
120 "	Junior	52 00—4 mos.
70 "	Lake Superior charcoal	60 00—4 mos.
50 "	" " "	60 00—4 mos.
100 "	" " "	60 00—4 mos.
500 "	Allegheny River charcoal	55 00—4 mos.

BLOOMS.

In Blooms there is but little to report:

30 tons	strictly No. 1 Juniata	$145 00—cash.
20 "	No. 1 Nail Rod	140 00—cash.
25 "	Missouri Ore Blooms	115 00—4 mos.

Pittsburgh Hide and Leather Market.

[*Corrected by George H. Anderson.*]

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL OFFICE,
November 4th, 1865.

Buyers now discriminate in favor of prime tannages and superior finish of stock, to such an extent, that our tanners and curriers in the West must select their hides with greater care, and so handle and finish stock as to make it in all respects equal to the very best. When this will be done, Western Pennsylvania, with her facilities for tanning, will become the emporium of Oak Leather for the whole country.

Oak Leather of all kinds is in fair demand; for heavy stock there is constant inquiry at stiffening prices; middle and light in good supply; prices weak.

Finished stocks of superior quality meet ready sale, with no surplus in market.

LEATHER.

Oak Sole, heavy	42@	44
" middle and light	36@	38
Rough Oak, heavy	34@	40
" light	31@	33
" Calf	1 00@	1 30
Finished Calf	1 30@	1 70
Wax Upper, per foot	22@	25
Band Leather	42@	45
No. 1 Oak Harness	42@	...
Extra Shaved "	44@	...
Black Bridle, per dozen	45 00@	56 00
Fair " "	54 00@	60 00
Saddlers' Skirting	45@	48
Shoe "	44@	...
Red Sole, B. A.	38@	43
" Orinoco	38@	43

HIDES.

Green Salted, heavy	11@	12
" " light	10@	10½
" Butchers'	7@	8
Dry Flint	19@	21
" Salted	14@	16
Green Calf	13@	15
Tanners' Oil, No. 1	1 45@	1 55
Tallow	14@	15

Pittsburgh Tin and Roofing Market.

SATURDAY, Nov. 4, 1865.—The market was materially improved with a larger demand; prices have declined. The following are the quotations up to last evening:

I-C—10x14	$16 00	I-X—10x14	19 00
I-C—12x12	16 50	I-X—12x12	19 50
I-C—14x20	17 00	I-X—14x20	20 00
I-C—Roofing	16 50	I-X—Roofing	19 50

BLOCK TIN PER LB.

Block tin	43@48c	Bar	50c
Zinc Sheets	16c	Speiter Slabs	13c

PITTSBURGH IRON and NAIL MARKET

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
PITTSBURGH, November 4, 1865.

The market during the week has presented no new feature worthy of notice. The demand was to a fair extent. The rise in our rivers enabled our dealers to ship to the various ports. As prices are unchanged, we omit the usual table in this issue.

Pittsburgh Lumber Market.

November 4.—There was an active demand for the various descriptions of Lumber. The supply on hand being limited, former prices were freely sustained.

TIMBER—This article was in limited supply and sells readily at 18@25c per cubic foot.

LUMBER—The following are the yard rates:

Clear	$60 00	Lath, ℔ M	$ 4 00
2d common	35 00	1st common	50 00
Sheeting	25 00	3d common	30 00
Shingles, No. 1 18 inch	......	Shingles, No. 1 16 inch	8 50
Dressed flooring	45 00	Dressed shelving	45 00

Pittsburgh Ale and Porter Market.

NOVEMBER 4.—The following are the rates for these articles. The demand was fully up with the supply:

	Per Barrel.	Per Half Barrel.
X Ale	$10 00	$5 00
XX Ale	11 00	5 50
India	12 00	6 00
Porter	11 00	5 50

Four dollars, in addition to the above price, will be charged for barrels, and three dollars for half barrels, which will be allowed on their return.

Pittsburgh Tobacco Market.

November 4.—The market during the week was steady, but not very active. Sales were confined to limited transactions at the following figures:

5s Lump	$ 70@ 75 ℔ lb
Black ½ Lump	75 ℔ lb
Virginia Twist	45@ 50 ℔ lb
Navy	70@ 80 ℔ lb
Bright	1 00@1 25 ℔ lb
Cut and Dry	35@ 50 ℔ lb

Pittsburgh Cracker Market.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 4.—The market was firm at a further advance. The present quotations are:

Water, ℔ lb	10 cts	Oyster, ℔ lb	10½ cts.
Butter	12	Wine	13½
Boston	12	Sugar	14
Soda	12	Cream	33
Ginger Snaps	18		

Pittsburgh Copper Market.

SATURDAY, Nov. 4.—The market remains inactive. Prices were unchanged. The following are the rates up to last evening, viz.:

Braziers' Bolts, Bars and Sheathing, ℔ lb	50c
Copper Bottoms	58c
Ingots	36@37c

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pitts., Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. R.

Culp & Shepard, 200 bbls flour; Jones & Laughlins, 1 lot scrap iron, 14 bbls do; W. Lenhart, 100 bbls flour; J Gardiner, 200 bbls do; E H Myers & Co, 100 bbls do; Sturgeon & Bro, 12 bbls onions; Schomaker & Lang, 20 bdls broom handles, 100 bbls flour, 5 bxs cheese; J Painter & Co, 100 doz brooms; McElroy & Co, 30 bdls brooms; J H Lippencott, 4 bxs yeast; M H Rankin, 5 do; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; J Rhodes & Co, 7 bales hops; Shriver & Lazear, 40 bxs ink, 1 box tobacco; Kay & Co 23 do; N. S. Barnes, 5 do; Kiel and Richards, 100 bbls flour; Leckee, Sellers & Co, 50 bbls highwines; J Mullen, 1 car steel scrap; J S Liggett & Co, 447 sks wheat; Godfrey & C, 10 sks rags; Graff & Reiter, 21 bbls apples; Lambert & Shipton, 10 bxs cheese; Meek & Armstrong, 1 bbl, 1 keg butter; H Riddle, 100 bbls apples, 45 boxes cheese; Forsyth, Taylor & Co, 2 bxs scales; Whitmore, Wolff & Duff, 6 do, 7 bdls lanterns; McDonald & Arbuckle, 75 boxes starch; S Fahnestock, 12 bxs h ware; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 72 bxs cheese, 150 bbls apples; J H Ralston, 42 g hides; C C Balsley, 150 bbls apples; Lippincott & Bros, 1,147 bdls shovel handles; F Sellers & Co. 47 tcs lard; J Murphy, 2 caddies of tobacco; Little, Baird & Patton, 1 bbl tobacco; J Logan, 52 bbls cider; F Slataper, 1 car staves.

Per Cleveland & Pitts. R. R.

Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Graff & Reiter, 231 bbls potatoes; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 281 do; M Tool, 80 bbls apples; Fleming & Steel, 142 sks potatoes; Schomaker & Lang, 100 bbls flour, 4 do mdse; H Riddle, 140 bbls apples; Wm Cooper, 134 do; Little, Baird & Patton, 125 sks potatoes; T C Jenkins, 128 bbls apples, 58 sks barley; J W Fairly, 200 bbls flour; Nimick & Co, 36 tons pig metal; J R Weldon, 1 hhd rags; Gay, Burke & Co., 22 doz brooms; W F Schroder, 12 bales broom corn; Knox & McKee, 80 bbls flour; J Murphy, bxs tobacco; L Hager, 1 bbl whisky; Godfrey & Clark, 9 sks rags; R McClintock, 1,050 nail kegs; Marshall & Co, 1 coil rope; L H Voigt, 10 bbls sweet potatoes; H Gerwig, 10 dozen brooms; McCullough & Co, 5 sks rags; J Herbert, 4 bbls eggs, 12 pkgs butter; A Kerr, 9 bxs cheese; R Dalzell, 5 kegs butter.

Per Allegheny Valley R. R.

Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 1 car iron; W H Kirkpatrick, 60 bbls salt; T C Jenkins, 87 sacks oats; S & J Crothers, 60 sacks oats; G Reeain, 22 sacks oats; G Parker, 23 sacks corn; J & W Fairley, 119 sacks oats; Meek & Armstrong, 21 sacks corn; Monongahela House, 5 packages marketing; Johnson, Taylor & Co, 2 cars fire brick; Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co, 13 sacks buckwheat flour; Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell, 1 car iron and nails; P Tennel, 8 bales flax; McCulloch, Rogers & Co, 10 bundles sheet iron, 3 cars marketing; A C Foster, 2 boxes butter; Brown & Hague, 15 sacks seed, 6 sacks buckwheat flour; Knox & Orr, 1 bbl sundries, 1 bbl tallow, 2 kegs butter.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

C P Markle & Co, 40 bdls paper; Gwynne & Stoneman, 1 bdl sacks; Gay, Burke & Co, 50 oil barrels; W D Boulton, 2½ bbls liquor; B G McGraw, 4 green hides; W Jones, 1 bdl sheep skins, 1 bbl tallow; Lippencott, Fry & Co, 171 bxs glass; R Stevenson, 1 stove plate and 111 pots; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 21 coils rope and 9 reels packing yarn; Kier & Glover, 19 tons fire clay.

Coal Receipts per Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad.

Loyd & Black, 750 bush coal; J Rutherford, 250 do; C H Armstrong, 1,625 do; Moorhead & Co, 1,375 do; N J Bigley & Co, 1,750 do; Wm Moore & Co, 1,250 do; Mellon Bros, 750 do; Laughlin & Co, 3 cars coke; Graff, Bennett & Co, 1,500 bush do.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Zanesville.

Clarke & Co, 500 bbls flour, 385 bags feed, 62 bales wool, 10 pkgs butter and eggs; T J Berkley, 400 bbls flour, 4 pkgs butter; Segmyer & Voskamp, 80 bbls flour; Sturgeon Bros, 29 do do; Dorrington & Co, 297 sks feed; J N Mason, 99 sks seconds; Fetzer & Armstrong, 37 bbls apples, 3 tubs butter; Postly & Nelson, 1 box; Gust Seiferth, 1 box; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 2 bdls iron; Dr. G W Spencer, 1 bbl potatoes; H Childs & Co, 1 trunk shoes; Graff & Reiter, 4 bbls eggs; Wooldridge Oil Co, 112 oil bbls; J Marlow, 5 bbls potatoes, 10 scks meal, 1½ doz brooms; Ardesco Oil Co, 171 oil bbls; Wm Rutter, 136 bbls apples; McBane & Anjer, 351 sks corn; D Horne, 1 bbl apples; C Greene, 69 bbls apples

Per Monongahela S. W. Navigation Co.

M W Rankin, 4 sks flax seed, 2 bbls do, 2 do chestnuts, 1 box and 3 kegs butter, 2 bxs poultry, 5 sks rags, 1 bbl eggs; S H Watson, 25 bbls whisky; A King & Co, 281 bxs glass.

Cincinnati Provision Market.

November 3.—The provision market is unsettled, and, in the disposition of some of the holders to realize, prices are greatly depressed. Mess pork of best brands sold at $32 00@32 50. The former figure, it is said, will cover additional offers.

Bulk and bacon meats are made materially lower by the fact referred to above, and fair quotations are fairly practicable; nor is it likely they will be until after the market finds its level again. It is apparent that it is becoming more difficult for holders, who have hitherto had faith, to retain nerve adequate to a persistent holding on; and this would indicate a pretty thorough giving way of prices for old meats in any shape. This would almost inevitably affect the new meats, and it is observable that already there is a decided weakening of the feeling in regard to all excepting hams and lard. Green shoulders are quoted at 14c, sides at 17c, and hams at 19c, yet, but these figures have little or no support on the first two articles. Lard has been in lively request, and 28c is readily had yet for it in tierces.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, November 3.

STOCKS.

At the Stock Exchange there was considerable realizing, and the market was a fraction lower, except on some of the specialties. Terre Haute common and preferred shares, and Toledo and Wabash were run up to-day, and were made to sympathize with the movement in Prairie du Chien. At the second board the market generally was steady. New York Central and Erie were in active demand, at an advance of ¼@½ ℔ cent. Michigan Southern and Northwestern common shares were weak and lower. There was renewed excitement in fancy Western shares, and higher prices were made. Prairie du Chien rose to 93, and Terre Haute and Wabash each sold at 52⅝@53. After call, Erie was in large demand, and Prairie du Chien fell to 88. The stock market was stronger at the last board, with a good demand.

The following were the closing prices at 4:30 P. M.: New York Central, 101⅞@102; Hudson River, 108@108¼; Reading, 115½; Michigan Southern, 73; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 82@82½; Rock Island, 108⅛@108⅜; Northwestern, 32⅛@32½; Northwestern preferred, 63¼; Fort Wayne, 105⅛; Prairie du Chien, 90@91. Gold closed at 146¾@146⅞.

The total sales of cotton to-day foot up 950 bales at 56@57c for middling.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Were very dull, the favorable character of the debt statement having apparently had no effect on the demand. Old 5-20's are ⅛ better; new advanced ¼; 6's 1881 are ¼ lower; 10-40's 1c lower; 7-30's declined ⅛.

GOLD

Shows considerable firmness, principally owing to the Government having sold less of late than usual, and also from the large custom demand. The warlike rumors that iron-clads are to be fitted out, no more army materials to be sold, and the army kept at its present standard, all tend to strengthen the market.

MONEY

Remains unchanged.

PETROLEUM STOCKS.

The market is active and firmer to day, with a large business in Buchanan Farm and Pithole Creek: Liberty 45; Bennehoffe Run 14 00; Bergen, 30; Bradley 113; Brevoort 15 50; Central 26; 1st National 83; Mount Vernon 60; Northern Light 3; Webster 134; Shade River 4; Oil Creek, 145; Pithole Creek, 12 50; United States, 23 50.

PETROLEUM

Dull; sales 1,000 bbls at 34½@36c for crude; 58@60c for refined in bond, and 75@77c for free.

DRY GOODS.

The following quotations and dispatches have been bulletined to-day at the Dry Goods Exchange: Standard sheetings, 35c; Medfords, 33c; superior IXL, 32c; Booth H, 30c; Booth S, 34c; Booth W, 45c. Bleached goods—Everett A A, 40c; Waltham X, 37½c; Home River, 45 cents; Red Bank, 36½ cents; Plymouth A, 35c; Hope, 42½c; Reynolds AA, 35c. Prints—Merrimac, 31c; Cocheco, 30c; Sprague, 29c; Hamilton, 29c; American, 28c; Allens, 27½c; Arnolds, 24½c; Amoskeag, 25c. Tickings—Amoskeag, ACA, 82½c; do D, 45c; Albany, 25c. Stripes—Amoskeag, 82½c; Blue Hill, 33½c; Corset Jeans—Bates's, 32½c. Androscoggin, 32½c. Brown Drills—Standard, 37c. Canton Flannels—Naumkeag, 48½c; Hamilton X F, 45c. Ginghams—Glasgow, 32½c; Lancaster, 33½c. Fancy Cashmeres—Harris's, $2 25@2 50. Delaines—Hamilton, 35c; Manchester, 35c; Lonsdale Silesia, 42½c. Balmoral Skirts—1 X, $48; Pauline, $36; Brunner, $39; Misses' Isabella, $22 50. Hoop Skirts—Duplex Eliptic; $20 to $59. Hoops, 87½c to $1 05 per dozen; S. T. & A. T. Meyer's 1 X L, 20@40c. Hoops, 50c ℔ doz. Corsets—Meyer's domestic cane, $10 20; do whalebone, $14 00@22 00. Spool Cotton—Coates's $1 09; Green & Daniels, 80c; Willimantic, 90c; Hadley Company, 90c.

ST. LOUIS.—Business rather light; not much demand for any styles of goods.

BOSTON—Prices steady; market bare in many styles of domestic goods. Trade in most articles moderately good.

PROVIDENCE—Printing cloths, 23c; middling cotton, 58c.

CINCINNATI—Dry goods market a little more active. No change in prices. The tendency, however, is downwards.

PHILADELPHIA—Dry goods market irregular and dull. Prices of cotton favor buyers. Woolens steady. Stocks light.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

[From Work, McCouch & Co., Stock and Exchange Brokers.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—Saint Nicholas, 9¼; Maple Shade, 6; Curtin, 2¼; Dalzell, 1¾; Caldwell, 1; McClintock, 2; Excelsior, ½; Oil Creek and Cherry Run, ¾; Cornplanter, ¾; Sugar Creek, 4½; Eldorado, ½; Mingo, 2¾; Junction, 1.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Money active and firm, at 7 per cent. for call loans. Sterling dull, at 108⅝. Gold a shade firmer, opening at 146⅝, advancing to 146⅞, and closing at 146¾. Government stocks a shade higher. Freights to Liverpool quiet and unchanged. Stocks steady; United States 6s '81 coupons, 106¼; do 5-20 coupons, 102¾; Treasury Notes, 7 3-10, 1st series, 97¾; do 3d series, 97¾; Canton, 43⅝; Cumberland preferred, 43¾; Quicksilver, 48¾; Quincy, 111; Erie, 113; Reading 115⅞; Michigan Central, 113¾; Michigan Southern, 72⅝; Pittsburgh, 81⅝; Northwestern, 32¼; Toledo, 103; Rock Island, 108; Prairie du Chien, 93; Toledo and Wabash, 52⅝; Fort Wayne, 103¾; Terre Haute, 52½; do preferred, 78⅛.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Cotton dull, and prices without decided change, at 57c for middling, and by auction to-day, for Government accounts, 2,500 bales, Mobile at 60c for middling fair; 56½c for middling; 53½@53¾c for low middling, and 50½c for good ordinary. Flour 5@10c better, with a fair demand; extra State $9 10@9 40; extra round hoop Ohio $9 35, and $12 25 for trade brands; market closing quiet. Whisky steady; western $2 35. Wheat opened 1@2c better, but closed quiet, with advance partially lost, at $1 75@1 80; for Milwaukee club; $1 80@1 85 for new and old amber Mil; $2 30½ for red Canada; $2 36 new amber State; including a small parcel at $2 40@2 75 for prime white Canada. Rye lower; Canada $1 15. Barley dull and nominal; a sale of Canada East reported at $1 18. Barley malt quiet. Corn without decided change at 81@87c for unsound, and 88@90c for sound mixed Western, and 78c for damaged. Oats in fair demand at 48@51c for sound. Coffee quiet. Sugar quiet; Cuba Muscovado 13½@15. Petroleum dull at 35@36c; refined free dull and nominal. Pork dull, heavy and lower, at $32 62½@33 25 for mess, closing at $33 00 cash, and $28 00@28 25 for prime. Mess Beef unchanged, $11 00@14 00 for plain mess, and $14 00@17 00 for extra mess. Beef hams quiet. Bacon quiet and steady. Cut meats more active; 15½@17c for shoulders, and 20@23½c for hams. Lard heavy at 24@28c. Butter in demand at 30@32c for State. Cheese firm at 14@19c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, November 3.—Flour in good demand; sales 1,000 bbls at $9 00 for No. 1 spring, $10 50 for red winter, $11 50 for white, and $12 50 for double extra. Wheat dull; sales 3,400 bush choice white Canada at $2 50, and 2,500 bush Nos. 1 and 2 Milwaukee club at $1 65. Corn scarce and dull; sales 7,500 bush Indiana at 75c. Oats scarce and nominal. Barley dull and a shade easier; sales 9,000 bush Canada at $1 00. Peas quiet. Canal freights—Barley, 15c; rye, 17c; oats, 10½c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—Flour unchanged and steady; superfine $7 50@7 75; extra $8@8 50 and family and fancy $9 75@12 00. Wheat dull and nominal; old red $2; new $1 10@1 75. Corn steady, at 55c for sound. Oats dull at 50c for strictly prime. Provisions dull and nominal; City mess pork sold to some extent at $32. Bulk meats dull at 15½@17c for shoulders and sides. Hogs dull at 12@12½c, gross. Groceries steady. Whisky firm at $2 28.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, November 3.—Flour closed quiet and unchanged. Wheat—No 1 Milwaukee spring, $1 60. Corn quiet—No 1 Illinois mixed, 68c. Oats dull; sales, 13,000 bushels at 27c. Barley—Canada, $1 11@1 15. Rye, 80@81c. Whisky, $2 24@2 26½. Pork, $33 00. Canal Freights—Rates unchanged, closing easier; to New York, wheat, 26c; corn, 23c; oats, 15c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.—Petroleum steady; crude 35c; refined in bond 55c; refined free, sales at 75@76c. Clover seed steady at $8@8 25. Flour dull and slow of sale, but prices unaltered. Wheat dull; sales 3,000 bush new red at $2 30@2 40. Corn declining; yellow 87c. Oats firm. Whisky $2 38.

Toronto Market.

TORONTO, November 3.—Flour, $7 75@8 00 for double extra; extra, $6 75@7 25; No. 1, $5 75@6 00. Wheat, $1 40@1 65 for fall; spring, $1 18@1 23. Barley, 72c. Oats, 32c. Peas, 68@69c. Rye nominal at 56c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2.—Cotton dull and depressed at 55c; sales 1,800 bales. Sugar in little demand at 18c. Molasses, 70c. Exchange stiff, at 1¼ discount.

Louisville Pig Iron Market.

November 2.—A sale of 200 tons Ohio hot blast, on the wharf, at $57 per ton; 200 tons do at $58 per ton, and 70 tons superior cold blast at $75 per ton. Market firm.

Montreal Market.

MONTREAL, November 3.—Flour—Superfine extra, $8 00@8 10; extra $7 15@7 25; fancy $7 00@7 10. Wheat—Canada and western, $1 25@1 30. Oats, 32@33c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, November 3.—Flour firm. Wheat—old white Michigan, $2 25@2 26; new do, $1 85; old amber Michigan, $2 02@2 03; new, $1 82; old, $1 00; red Wabash, $2 03@2 04. Corn, 1c better at 61c for No. 1 mixed. Oats less firm, and tending downwards. Lake freights dull at 7c on wheat to Buffalo.

Hogs at Cincinnati.

November 3.—Hogs are inactive, and a more marked disinclination to sustain current figures is shown. Sales on the spot of good averages were made at $12 50 gross, but they are neglected at that now. $11 50 for forward delivery during this month, and $11 for December, are figures still asked, but buyers more generally decline them.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMEMBER,

SOUTH & ROSS,

63 Market street.

GIVE THEM A CALL. oc28

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS AND CONGRESS GAITERS.

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices.
S. DALZELL,
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

WHOLESALE

AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES,

Jewelry and Clocks,

SCOTT & HENNEGEN.

A full and complete stock of

Watch-makers' Tools and Materials,

WATCH GLASSES, NOTIONS, &c.

EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE

SCOTT & HENNEGEN,
31 Fifth street, second floor,
oc25-1m PITTSBURGH.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA;

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.

Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

☞ JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT, Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES, No. 25 Smithfield street, corner of Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention. jy28-1y

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Fayette	Speer	Brownsville.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Fayette	Speer	Brownsville.
Urilda	Saint	Oil City.
Leclair	Kelly	Oil City.

THE MONONGAHELA MARKS.—Last evening at twilight there were five feet six inches by the new marks and six feet six inches by the old, being a rise in the Monongahela of three inches since our last issue.

THE pretty packet America, Capt. Golding, has pulled up to the wharf, and is making ready for business.

THE packet for Parkersburg this day is the steamer Forest City, Captain Gordon. This boat has superior accommodations, and careful and attentive officers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The fine packet Kenton, Capt. Dunlap, being unavoidably detained, will leave this morning positively for Cairo and St. Louis; so be on hand.

THE Allegheny marks indicated six feet two inches and falling. The weather was very pleasant for the season. Business on the wharf was animated.

OUR old friend Captain W. H. Bryan writes to inform us that the fine packet Golden Era is undergoing thorough and complete repairs, and when completed she will re-enter the Pittsburgh and Portsmouth trade. She will be in command of Commodore W. H. Kerr, and will leave Pittsburgh every Friday evening, instead of Saturday as formerly.

THE fine packet Leni Leoti, Capt. Campbell, leaves this day positively for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat is well found in every respect, and is in charge of as clever a set of officers as can be found. Captain Campbell is an excellent boatman, and understands his business. The first clerk is our old friend, Captain George H. Ghrist, an officer who will see that passengers have the best attention.

THE new packet Julia No. 2, Captain Coulson, is gaining rapidly in public favor. Passengers who have traveled on her speak in flattering terms of her appointments. The steward comes in for a large share of praise. He knows how to get up things about right, and if you have any doubts on the subject just give her a trial. Captain J. C. McVay, who presides in the office, may have an equal, which is saying a good deal. The Muskingum people are delighted, and well they may be. She will return to Zanesville at four P. M. on Saturday. As usual we are indebted to our friend A. B. Davitt, for attentions to this office.

HO, FOR ST LOUIS.—The favorite passenger steamer Kenton, Capt. J. H. Dunlap, leaves this day for Cairo, St. Louis and way points. This boat since her last trip has been fitted up in a superior manner. Capt Dunlap has spared no expense. She has been painted from stem to stern, inside and out; new carpets have been introduced, and many improvements well calculated to add to the comfort and convenience of passengers. In a word, the Kenton is as good as new, while the good humored Captain will be found on hand, ready at all times, to see that passengers have the best of attention. He will be ably assisted by his brother William, who will do the honors in the office.

Cincinnati.

November 3.—We condense the following from the *Commercial*:

The river has receded three inches during the twenty-four hours ending last night, with six feet on Rising Sun Bar. There is five feet in the canal, and from three and a half to four feet on the shoalest bars along the Lower Ohio. The Cumberland is rising, with twenty inches on Harpeth Shoals. There is six and a half feet in the Mississippi from St. Louis to Cairo.

The Marietta left for Louisville, last night, with seventy-five tons. She will load at that point for Pittsburgh, leaving Cincinnati for the "Smoky City," Monday evening.

The veteran Captain William Knox, who has been here some weeks, superintending the necessary repairs to the Ohio No. 3, left for Marietta, last night, on the Golden Era.

The pilots of the Golden Era report two coal-boats sunk, one above, and the other opposite Rome, Ohio. They also report two or three of the Raven's coal barges aground, on the inside gravel bar, at Greenbottom.

The Kate Robinson changed her destination yesterday, from Nashville to St. Louis, while the Madison re-shipped her St. Louis freight on the Kate Robinson, and commenced loading for New Orleans.

The J. R. Gilmore, recently sunk and raised at Golconda, will arrive here to-day, and go in the docks for repairs.

Dr. S. P. Hill telegraphs it rained hard at Nashville on Wednesday, with the Cumberland rising slowly, having swollen four inches yesterday. Our old, experienced Cumberland River boatmen predict a speedy rise in this stream.

Among the passengers by the Peerless, for New Orleans, we notice Captain J. R. Richardson, late of the office of the Empire City and Minerva. He goes to Texas to look after his steamboat interests.

Louisville.

November 2.—The *Press* says: The river was still falling slowly yesterday, with four feet two inches water in the canal in the evening by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had fallen two inches at the Portland wharf. The weather was rather warm yesterday, and cloudy all day, with light rains falling at intervals, and the thermometer ranging at 57. The barometer was falling, indicating more rain.

There were thirty inches water on the shoals in the Cumberland at the last accounts, and the river at a stand. A rise may soon be expected from the recent rains.

St. Louis.

November 2.—The river has nearly three feet at this port. There is or will be seven feet water to Cairo. There is eight feet to Keokuk, seven feet in the Illinois, and four and a half feet in the Missouri. The upper rivers have risen, but are probably now on the decline. The weather is pleasant, and business is brisk.

Further in Regard to the Caffrey.

The steamer Caffrey struck a log at Liberty bar yesterday morning, and sunk near shore. She is badly twisted, and hog chains broken, with six feet over one guard and three over the other. It is feared she will break in two or upset, as she was settling when the Minneola passed her. The Minneola tried to reach her, but grounded; lay near her all last night. No lives lost.

The little stern-wheel steamer Sunset, recently sunk in the Missouri while on her way to Omaha from this port, has been raised, and will soon be down here for repairs.

A STEAMBOAT ENTERPRISE.—The officers of Justice Jecko's court were suffering a short time ago with steamboat on the brain. They become tired of the dull shore and longed to be afloat. Being enterprising men, they were not slow in gratifying their ruling passion, and soon succeeded in buying the staunch tow-boat Monongahela, capable of carrying three passengers and forty tons of freight, besides towing a good-sized barge down stream. After the boat was purchased the Judge was cured of his steamboat mania, and the head Constable had to run the boat as Captain. The scarlet-headed clerk purchased a complete river outfit—pilot cloth overcoat, fur cap, cavalry boots and fur gloves—with the intention of taking charge as first clerk. When, however, he went on board with his traps, and inquired for his stateroom, he was told that he would have to sleep on the barge and cover himself with a tarpaulin, for fear his head would set the Monongahela on fire. He resigned his berth and returned to the Judge's office, on Walnut street. On Monday the Monongahela started up the river with the constable as Captain. She is now engaged in the potato trade, and if her voyage is a successful one, Pinkeyes and Neshannocks will be cheap in our market.

The Clipper Burned on Alabama River—Ten or Twelve of the Crew Lost—The Alice Snagged and Sunk—The Captain and Watchman Drowned.

Telegraphic Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.
CAIRO, November 2.

Mobile papers, of October 30, are received per the Mobile Railroad packet Tyrone. The steamer Clipper was destroyed by fire, seventy miles above Mobile, last Sunday morning, about daylight. She was run into the bank and sunk, and by the exertions of the officers all the passengers were saved, while the following officers were lost: Captain M. English, L. E. Baron, steward; second clerk, Walter Wheltoke and Edward Herwell, pilot; also, the second mate, one cabin boy and several deck hands, names unknown. Some time afterward, the Mist, Captain Jack, came along, and earned the lasting gratitude of the survivors by extreme kindness. The Clipper was owned by Cox, Otis & Co., of Mobile, and was the most popular and successful boat on the Alabama River.

The steamer Alice, which went from New Orleans to Opalacha some weeks since, struck a snag in that river, last week, and sunk in fifteen minutes. Captain Mingale was caught between the freight by the careening of the boat, and drowned; also the watchman, a white man from Cincinnati, name unknown. Richard Wood, the clerk, saved $7,000 of the boat's money, and was nearly drowned in doing so.

DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY.

Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.

This company was organized on the 29th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the company adjoins the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, of this city.

CAPITAL STOCK $225,000
WORKING FUND 25,000
PAR VALUE OF EACH SHARE 1 00

OFFICERS.

President—S. A. JOHNSTON.
Secretary and Treasurer—ISAAC NOCK.

DIRECTORS.

S. A. JOHNSTON, | L. S. RISDON,
FRANK SNYDER, | JAMES GRAHAM,
F. D. GRIST, | W. C. KING,
H. W. RITCHIE. je8-1y

TO STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

Judson's Patent Governors and Patent Valves Combined

Are admitted to be much the best Governor of Steam Engines in use. The principal engine builders in the country are now placing them upon their engines. We have taken the agency for the sale of them in this county, and will keep a stock on hand, and sell to the trade at Judson's List Prices, which is less than the same can be made by engine builders, as they are of the most perfect workmanship and construction. We will warrant every Governor to give satisfaction, or refund the money.

Davis & Phillips,

No. 110 Water and 104 First sts.

oc28-1m

75 DRUMS CAUSTIC SODA.

75 CASKS SODA ASH.

25 CASKS SAL SODA.

At New York rates, freight added.

On hand and to arrive. For sale by
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
oc26-3m 63 Wood street.

FOR SALE—

1 Heavy Foundry Crane.
1 Cast Iron Foundry Cupola.
2 Second-hand Flue Boilers, 22 feet long, 36 inches diameter, with fire front, breeching, &c.

Inquire of W. A. ROGERS,
at Citizens' Insurance office, or of
PITTSBURGH NATIONAL PLOW CO.,
oc31-5t Rochester, Pa.

BASE BALLS AND BATS—FOR sale by
JAMES BOWN,
136 Wood street.
fy3

TO THE RIVER MEN.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,

No. 21 Diamond,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

AND

PRODUCE MERCHANT.

BOAT STORES,

STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.

P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly. au30-6m

RIVER PACKETS.

PITTSBURGH ADVERTISEMENTS.

1865. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1865.

MONONGAHELA RIVER

STEAM PACKET COMP'Y

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE........CAPT. S. C. SPEERS
TELEGRAPH........CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN........CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN........CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m. and 6 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 6 p. m.; Brownsville daily at 9 p. m.

Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m., 2 p. m., and 5 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 8 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 11 o'clock.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

No Freights Received After 5 P. M.

For further particulars, inquire of
WILLIAM McELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
mh1 Brownsville, Penna.

RED RIVER PACKET COMPANY.

G. L. KOUNS & BROS., Proprietors, Corner Common and Front st., up stairs, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

COMPOSED OF STEAMERS

NEW ERA........, Master
PIONEER ERA........W. T. SCOVELL, Master.
FANNIE GILBERT........BEN. B. KOUNS, Master.
CARRIE POOLE........NOAH SCOVELL, Master.
GOSSAMER........I. H. KOUNS, Master.

☞ To contract for freight or passage to every point on Red River, apply at the office, or by letter or dispatch. Particular attention given to receiving and forwarding, and inquiries relative to the state of navigation, and freight and passage.

☞ Consignments of Cotton and Western Produce, to sell and orders to purchase, solicited.

☞ Refer to business men generally. oc7-3m

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.

1865.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.

One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.

Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from this port and connecting with **Northern Line Packets at St. Louis,** Thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to
JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

Muskingum River Packets.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

EVERY SATURDAY, at 4 P. M. The new and splendid Passenger steamer JULIA No 2, WM. COULSON, Commander, J. C. MCVAY, Clerk, will leave as announced above. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
oc23 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M. The regular passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. R. STULL, will leave as announced above. Returning, leaves Zanesville every Friday at 7 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
oc23 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line

For Wheeling and Parkersburg.

WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M., the steamer FOREST CITY, Capt. JOHN GORDON, will leave as announced above. For freight or passage apply on board or to
se5 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

Regular Passenger Steamer for Wheeling, Sun Fish, Sistersville, Bull Creek, Marietta and Parkersburg.

The new and fast passenger steamer

BAYARD,

G. D. MOORE, Captain, DANIEL MOORE, Clerk. Leaves Pittsburgh every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 A. M.

Leaves Wheeling at 8 P. M. same days.

Returning, leaves Parkersburg TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 P. M.

Leaves Marietta at 3 P. M. same days.

Leaves Wheeling at 7 A. M. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

JOHN FLACK, or
JAS. COLLINS, Agents,
oc2 No. 88 Water street, Pittsburgh.

For Emlington, Franklin and Oil City.

THIS DAY, at 4 p. m. The splendid passenger steamer BELL, J. T. LAUGHREY, Commander, F. Whiting, clerk, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the foot of Irwin street, Allegheny wharf.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

THIS DAY, Nov. 4, at 10 A. M. The splendid passenger steamer KENTON, J. DUNLAP, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
no1 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

THIS DAY, Nov. 4, at 4 P. M. The fine passenger steamer LENI LEOTI, HAMILTON, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD or
no1 JOHN FLACK, Agents

For New Orleans, Apalachicola, Fla., and Columbus, Ga.

The new steamer C. D. FRY, W. L. STAPLEY, master, will leave on TUESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, for the above named ports. For freight or passage apply on board.
no4-3t

J. B. SEYMOUR,
WOOD
Engraver,
26
FIFTH ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DIE SINKING.
STAMPS.
Door Plates,
BURNING BRANDS,
STENCILS,
&c.
SEAL PRESSES.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works

Ample Storage for crude and Refined Oil.

Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.

Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. se11

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

and dealers in

Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
se29 22 North Front street, Philadelphia

W. T. H. BROOKS........A. H. CHENEY,
G. B. EASTERLY........J. B. PEET.

BROOKS, PEET AND CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS IN

Oil and Oil Lands, Leases and Interests.

Office on Street leading to U. S. Well,
se30:1m PITHOLE CITY, PA.

JOS. S. FINCH.
RYE
WHISKY.

JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE.
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
oc16-6m

WM. M. MURRAY........L. WILCOX

WM. M. MURRAY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

Crude and Refined Petroleum,

BENZINE, &C.

Extra facilities for

Storing Oil and Empty Oil Barrels.

Warehouse and office: DUQUESNE WAY, near HAND street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap12-1y

DRY GOODS.

J. M'ELROY........JAMES DICKSON........JOHN T. SHANE

DRY GOODS.

FALL 1865!

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

No. 54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH,

Having recently refitted their store, with improved facilities for doing business, now offer their

FALL STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

AT WHOLESALE, AT

Low Prices, for Cash.

STAPLE AND DOMESTIC FABRICS

In good assortment, which will be kept complete during the season. A very large stock of

FLANNELS,

Of the following and other well known brands, now in store:

FULLERTON'S,
BRADLEY'S,
STEUBENVILLE,
THOMPSON,
WILDE'S.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, JEANS, &c.,
PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS,

A full line; also,

COTTON YARNS,
WOOLEN YARN,
BATTING AND BAGS.

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1865. se4-3m-MW&F

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

Have in store, and for sale at prices

AS LOW AS EASTERN HOUSES

A very full and attractive stock of

NEW GOODS,

Comprising all that is new and desirable in
RIBBONS;
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS;
FEATHERS, FLOWERS;
EMBRODERIES;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS;
SILK SCARFS;
LADS' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS;
GLOVES, HOSIERY, AND FANCY GOODS;
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, AND CORSETS

A complete line of NOTIONS always on hand.

Buyers will find it to their interest to call and examine.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street.

WHOLESALE ROOMS UP-STAIRS. se27

J. A. WILSON........J. W. CARR........D. M'CANDLESS

WILSON, CARR & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,

94 WOOD STREET.

Third House above Diamond Alley.
se25 PITTSBURGH

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

The PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY will sell at Public Auction, DECEMBER 1st, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the WAREHOUSE OF WHITE BROS. & CO., No. 6 Seventh street, the following Unclaimed Freight—unless previously removed by owners:

List of Goods in Store of White Bros & Co.

H Henk, Pittsburgh, two bbls varnish.
No mark, two iron oil bbls.
Do one oil cask.
Davidson, Frazier & Co., Pittsburgh, thirteen bbl cement.
J. W. Spear, Pittsburgh, one bag wool bags.
H. L. Harris, Pittsburgh, three boxes glassware.
Gemel & Totley, Pittsburgh, one box glassware.
F. Ashelman, Manchester, one box merchandise.
E. D. Frenheim, Pittsburgh, three boxes soap.
I. J. Stratten, Pittsburgh, two boxes b. powders.
J. S. Lash, Pittsburgh, one horse hay rake.
N. R. Steel, Pittsburgh, one box butter.
H. Dunning, Pittsburgh, one anvil.
Shaub & Brown, Allegheny, Pa., twelve wind mill
A. Freeman, Pittsburgh, one bdl trees.
McCormick & Co., Pittsburgh, one reaper.
M. Sharp, Walnut Bend Oil Co., Pittsburgh, two bxs machinery, two iron wheels, one smoke stack, one steam boiler.
R. R. Bulger, Pittsburgh, one bbl varnish.
Lutz & Walz, Pittsburgh, one beer keg.
C. Eberhart, Pittsburgh, two beer kegs.
No mark, lot of glass sand stone.
Do two iron bars.
J. D. Hamilton, Pittsburgh, one barrel.
Jas. McKay, Pittsburgh, one bbl vinegar.
M. Thicken, Pittsburgh, four bbls beans, one half bbl beans.
Evelen & Sanders, Pittsburgh, two half bbls varnish.
T. Lankin, Pittsburgh, one quire paper pckg. two nests keelers and tubs, one bale twine, two boxes c. pens.
W. Boust & Co., Lawrenceville, Pa., one roll leather.
Fackiner & Irwin, Pittsburgh, six cane seat chairs, one rocker chair.
J. Bolton, Pittsburgh, one half bbl wine.

C. A. CARPENTER, Freight Agent.
Pittsburgh, October 20, 1865. oc21-1m

PUBLIC SALE

OF

UNCLAIMED FREIGHTS.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell at Public Auction, December 2d, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the warehouse of MEEK & ARMSTRONG First street near Market, the following articles, unless previously claimed.

No mark, a lot of crude and refined oil barrels.
G. B. & Co., 1 bbl sugar.
No mark, one box.
John McPherson, one small box.
John Swetser, Harmer, O., one small box.
Wenzell & W., La Crosse, Wis., one keg paint.
No mark, one bbl sugar.
Do one rocking horse.
Do one wooden mall.
Do one keg molasses.
Do one stand.
Do one reaper, one knife.
Do one piece pipe (copper.)
Do three pcs wooden mch'y,
Do one bdl iron rods.
Do one sack wool.
J. B. Taylor, Freeport, 1 roll leather.
J. & W. Rhea, Pittsburgh, 1 piece wardrobe.
No mark, one wash boiler, iron.
May & Co., one bake pan.
Geo. E. Smith, Indiana Station, one bdl slats.
No mark, one piece casting.
Do two washboards.
Do one wooden chest.
Do one churn.
Do one piece stove.
Do one bdl empty sacks.
Do two bdls bows.
Do nine bdls pick handles.
Do one fan mill.
Do two iron bbls C. soda.
Hunter & Miller, two bdls scythe snaths.
H. Kincer, Cambridge, one bag timothy seed.
Clearfield Co., 1 box roofing paper.
Henry Cleringer, Warsaw, Ind. one box.
D. C. Kneeland, 1 bdl straw boards.
No mark, one piece casting, one grate.
Do one bdl casting, (four pcs).
Do one lot file, (some broken).
Do one bdl H. H. G.
De Moss, Barney & Co., Roscoe, Ohio, one W. mill.

C. A. CARPENTER,
Freight Agent.
oc21-1m

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,

513 MARKET ST., PHILAEDLPHIA,

Wholesale Dealers

—IN—

COTTON YARNS,

Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains,

BATTING,	WADDING,
TWINES,	WICKS,
COVERLET YARN,	GRAIN BAGS,
CORDAGE,	FANCY COVERLETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	FANCY BASKETS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c., &c.
se22-6m

TENANT FARM

OIL COMPANY,

Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.

This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The Territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dunkard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock $150,000
Working Fund 25,000
Par Value of each Share $1 00

OFFICERS:

President .... S. A. JOHNSON.
Secretary and Treasurer .... ISAAC NOCK.

DIRECTORS.

Frank Snyder, | James Graham,
J. G. Weir, | Stephen Lawson,
H. W. Ritchie. au30-tf

JOHN S. CLARK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND FACTOR IN

PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

98 Water and 132 First streets,
PITTSBURGH.

51 Broad street, New York.
oc28